

UPPER INTERMEDIATE WORKBOOK

AMANDA MARIS





## Outcomes Upper Intermediate Workbook

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Cover Design: eMC Design Text Design: Studio April

Compositor: Q2A Media Services Pvt. Ltd.

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ISBN: 978-1-305-10219-4

## National Geographic Learning

Cheriton House, North Way, Andover, Hampshire SP10 58E United Kingdom

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Printed in China by RR Donnelley Print Number: 01 Print Year: 2015

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## 1

## **ENTERTAINMENT**

## **GRAMMAR** Habits

1 Read the answers to the question Do you ... much? What are the people talking about? Match the answers (1-6) to the questions (a-f).



- 1 Hardly ever nowadays. We used to get away about twice a year but it's just too expensive now. We've got a tent so we go camping along the local coast whenever we can.
- 2 Not as much as I used to. To be honest, I got really overdrawn at one point and so I had to stop. Now I'll pick up a bargain in the sales but only if I really need it.





- 3 Not if I can avoid it! The local service is never on time and it's always packed. I tend to cycle everywhere but I'll take the tube if it's pouring down.
- 4 All the time. I think they're a brilliant local resource. Most of them are free and you can learn such a lot. Even my kids enjoy the
- such a lot. Even my kids enjoy the interactive exhibitions.





- 5 Whenever I get the chance. My sister lives abroad so we use the internet a lot for email and stuff. But I also like to chat, so I end up with a huge phone bill!
- 6 Not as much as I'd like to. I really enjoy having a day off from cooking but it works out quite pricey. As a rule, it's usually to celebrate someone's birthday.



Do you ... much?

- a use public transport
- b visit museums and galleries
- c go out to dinner
- d keep in touch with family and friends
- e travel abroad
- f go shopping

- 2 There is one missing word in each sentence. Add the word in the correct place.
  - 1 As rule, I go out once a week, usually on Saturday evenings.
  - 2 I don't read for pleasure as much as I like to.
  - 3 I tend see my family just on birthdays and at Christmas.
  - 4 We used go to the cinema about once a week before they put the prices up.
  - 5 I check the BBC website all time, I rarely use any other sites.
  - 6 She must be really busy. She ever comes to the badminton club anymore.
  - 7 I enjoy going to the theatre but we only go once a while.
  - 8 We used to go walking every weekend. We get up early and be out on the hills to see the sunrise.

## Language note used to and past simple

You can use the past simple or used to to talk about habits in the past. For single actions in the past, use the past simple.

I used to go / went for a run every day when I was in my 20s.

I went for a run yesterday:

## VOCABULARY

Describing films, music and books

### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 I could listen to it all day. The music is so inspiring, just so uplifting / weird.
- 2 I saw it twice. The plot was really exciting, just really gripping / disturbing.
- 3 Why is this play so popular? I thought it was terrible, absolutely *catchy I awful*.
- 4 I can't stand her acting. She's just too much, always so dull / over-the-top.
- 5 It all sounds the same to me. It's only produced to make money, just very *hilarious I commercial*.

## 4 Complete these sentences using the adjectives that weren't the answers in Exercise 3.

- 1 | I couldn't stop laughing. The show was so funny, absolutely
- 2 The second half was so boring, just very ......
- 3 I wouldn't take your kids to see it. The special effects are quite upsetting, really quite ......
- 4 I didn't get it at all. The dialogue was really strange, just really
- 5 I can't stop singing it. It's so easy to remember, really quite ......

## **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS** Disagreeing politely

## 5 Add the words in brackets in the correct place.

- 1 A: I'm really into heavy metal.
  - B: Oh, right. I find it loud and scary, to be honest. It's the kind of thing my teenage son listens to. (a bit) Oh, right. I find it a bit loud and scary, to be honest.
- 2 A: Wasn't that a brilliant film?
  - B: Did you think so? It didn't do anything for me, I'm afraid. (really)
- 3 A: Do you listen to jazz much?
  - B: Er, I'm not keen on jazz. I prefer something lighter, a bit more commercial. (that)
- 4 A: Do you fancy coming to see a musical at the theatre tonight?
  - B: Thanks, but I'm not very keen on musicals. I prefer something more serious, more realistic. (a bit)
- 5 A: Have you read the latest Philip Roth novel?
  - B: To be honest, I'm not interested in fiction. I tend to read about politics and current affairs. (really)
- 6 A: I've seen all the Bond movies at least twice.
  - B: Really? I'm not fond of action movies. I'm more into romantic comedies, to be honest. (that)

## LISTENING

## 6 \$ 1.1 You are going to hear people talking in six different situations. Choose the correct answer, a, b, or c.

- 1 What did the woman think about the film?
  - a The main character was too complicated.
  - b They changed a lot of the original story from the book.
  - c It wasn't very exciting.
- 2 What does the man think about modern forms of entertainment?
  - a There's too much choice.
  - b You need too much technology to enjoy them.
  - c It's made people less sociable.
- 3 Why doesn't the man go to the theatre very much anymore?
  - a He doesn't have much time.
  - b The shows are too dull.
  - c It's too expensive.
- 4 What does the woman say about the facilities in her town?
  - a She prefers to go out in the bigger cities nearby.
  - b She doesn't approve of the number of pubs.
  - c There needs to be more provided for young people.
- 5 Why does the woman criticise her son?
  - a He watches TV in his bedroom.
  - b He doesn't have a range of hobbies.
  - c He's always asking for money.
- 6 What was the problem with the exhibition?
  - a Not many artists contributed their work.
  - b It wasn't very well attended.
  - c The standard of the art was disappointing.

## PRONUNCIATION

Strong and weak forms

## Language note strong and weak forms

Many function words (such as prepositions, determiners, conjunctions, pronouns and auxiliaries) can have two pronunciations:

- · the weak form, which is unstressed and contains a schwa /ə/. This is the most common pronunciation.
- · the strong form, which is stressed. He's from the north of Italy.

Where are they from?

## 7 🕏 1.2 Listen to the sentences. Choose the correct symbol for each underlined sound.

- 1 /2/ /æ/ I wish they wouldn't do that...... I just think that they should be true to the original story.....
- 2 /u:/ /ə/ People used to go out to have fun..... People don't socialise like they used to.
- 3 /ə/ /u:/ You used to be a really keen theatre-goer.
- Not as much as I'd like to..... It's the teenagers I feel sorry for...... I mean, there really isn't much for them to
- 5 /ə/ /u:/ I'm not asking you, I'm telling you...... I don't want you to watch any more TV.

## 8 Choose the correct words. Then practise saying the sentences.

When the function word is at the beginning / end of a sentence, the pronunciation is usually weak / strong.

## **VOCABULARY** Talking about pictures

## Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the words in brackets.

### 2 Complete the conversation with the words in the box.



realistic intimate subtle abstract bold

- A: Can we skip the modern art section? It's all a bit too

  1...... for me. I like to know what I'm looking at.
- A: You're right. It must be difficult to get in all that detail.

  And what do you think of this one?
- B: Oh, it's very dramatic, isn't it? The colours are very <sup>3</sup>.....
- A: Yeah ... but this one is different. These 4.......colours are very soft and relaxing.
- B: Hmm. I find it a bit disturbing to look at a private moment like this, though. It's too 5 ...... to share with other people, really.

### 3 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 This one is so realistic. It looks as ......
- 2 Come and look at this. The man in the picture ......
- 3 I don't see the attraction. To me all his paintings ......
- 4 She looks furious so they've ......
- 5 The artist was born in Belgium and that could ......
- 6 It all seems very weird. I think it must ......
- 7 It's a celebration and they appear ......
- 8 Looking at this one, I get ......
- a to have just got married.
- b well be his hometown.
- c look really dull.
- d if it's been photographed with a camera.
- e the impression the artist was rather depressed.
- f obviously just been arguing.
- g looks a bit like your brother.
- h show some sort of nightmare.

## Language note uses of look

They **look** really dull. (look + adjective)
It **looks as if** it's been photographed. (look as if + clause)
He **looks like** your brother. (look like + noun)

## **GRAMMAR** Adjectives and adverbs

## 4 Find and correct the six sentences that contain mistakes with adjectives or adverbs.

- 1 You look tired. Have you been working hard recently?
- 2 She said it was an absolute dreadful film.
- 3 If you arrive lately for work again, you'll be in real trouble.
- 4 Don't forget to check your work really careful.
- 5 She looks very sadly. Do you think she's been crying?
- 6 Funny enough, I was thinking exactly the same thing.
- 7 We hardly ever go to the cinema nowadays.
- 8 Look direct at the camera and give a big smile!

## 5 Complete the sentences with one word from box A and one from box B.

A	unusually badly	wrongly	terribly	absolutely	completely
	badly				

B rebuilt amazing injured chilly sad arrested

- 1 Both the driver and passenger were .....in the accident.
- 2 The gallery was ..... after the fire.
- 3 It was ..... to hear the news of his death.
- 4 The gig was ..... the best I've ever been to.
- 5 The man was ...... but then was released after new evidence came to light.
- 6 This month has been ...... We haven't had such low temperatures for years.

## **DEVELOPING WRITING** A review – making recommendations

### Learner tip

When writing a review try to think of an interesting or eye-catching title to get your readers' attention. Remember to keep it short.

6 Read the possible headings for a gig review. According to the information in the Learner tip, which two would make you want to read the whole article?





## A good gig

### Quest

There are lots of reasons to go and see Quest at the City Hall this month

Read the review quickly and choose the correct heading from Exercise 6.



How often do you go along to a gig and see something new? Well, Quest's Friday night gig at the City Hall certainly caught my attention. Having heard one or two tracks online, I was expecting a group of about six musicians. Imagine my surprise when just three young men walked on stage.

It was clear that the band already have a small but loyal following. A group of fans in front of the small stage were singing along to at least half of the songs. And it was easy to see why. Quest have a clever combination of catchy lyrics, an irresistible beat, and very much their own sound. All three of the band members play with great energy and expertise despite their age.

The only downside was when it came to the encores. They ended up repeating some of their material and giving us cover versions of early rock classics. A bit disappointing, but give them time and I'm sure they'll be writing a lot more.

I'm sure we'll be hearing a lot more from Quest. Check them out every Friday at the City Hall until the end of the month. It's well worth it.



8 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There are two words that you don't need.

downside encores irresistible singing along following expertise worth disappointing

- 1 One of the best things about the concert was the ..... of the conductor.
- 2 It was amazing to hear the crowd .....to all the bands hits.
- It's well ..... the price of the concert ticket.
- 4 The biggest ..... was the acoustics in the hall. It was very difficult to hear the singers.
- 5 I can't see why this pianist has such a large ..... To me, she's very dull.
- 6 After playing three ....., the band finally went off stage leaving the crowd still wanting more.

## 9 Match the collocations.

- 1 give
- 2 play
- 3 develop
- 4 compose
- 5 give
- 6 put on
- a an individual style
- b a memorable performance
- c an exciting light show
- d an old cover version
- e a two-minute standing ovation
- f an inspiring piece of music

## 10 Write a review (150-190 words) of a gig / concert you have been to. Use the language in this section and the following plan to help you:

Include:

- an interesting heading and first sentence. Where and when the concert was, and your expectations.
- positive aspects of the concert.
- negative aspects of the concert.
- your overall view and recommendation.

# FANCY A MASTERPIECE FOR JUST \$40?

The market for contemporary art shows no sign of falling and the opportunity to snap up an original at a bargain price just can't be missed. Every year London's Royal College of Art (RCA) organises its Secret exhibition and sale.  $^{\rm 1}$  ... The College invites both established, well-known artists and young art students to create an original piece of art based on just two rules – the work must be done on a postcard and must be signed on the back  $^{\rm 2}$  ... . All the cards are exhibited for a week and then sold in a one-day sale at a price of just £40 each.

Since the first exhibition, Secret has really captured the public's imagination. <sup>3</sup> ... The list of famous contributors includes: artists Damien Hirst, David Hockney and Tracey Emin, designers Manolo Blahnik, Paul Smith and Stella McCartney, and musicians David Bowie and Paul Simonon from The Clash. <sup>4</sup> ... Part of the fun is deciding which of them is by a famous artist or designer, and which is by a hard-up art student. Buyers could end up with a great investment or just a pretty picture by a student the public has never heard of.

At one recent exhibition, a lucky visitor bought a sketch of a human skull with an eye in the middle of its forehead, only to discover that it was by fashionable British artist Damien Hirst. It was later auctioned at Sotheby's for over £15,000. Another good investment was the painting of a bearded man in a canoe by British artist, Peter Doig. It sold for £42,000 at the same Sotheby's auction as the Hirst postcard.

Secret was set up in 1994 and was the brainchild of an RCA student who wanted to help raise funds for fine art students at the college. Since its beginnings, over one million pounds has been raised for the Royal College of Art Fine Art Student Award Fund.  $^{\rm 5}$  ... Professor Glynn Williams, Head of Fine Art at the RCA said: 'RCA Secret is about securing the future of the next generation of artists and when the public buy postcards at the event they are helping to make this possible.  $^{\rm 6}$  ... – everyone has an equal chance of getting a big name.'

As well as raising much-needed funds for the students at the College, RCA Secret has attracted loyal support from a group of art lovers who have been visiting the show since it started. It is not only one of the most popular events at the RCA,  $^7\ldots$ 



## Glossary

hard-up: short of money

skull: the bone structure of the head

auction: to sell something at a public event at which things are

sold to the person who offers the most money

## READING

## 1 Read the article on page 8 quickly. Who do you think wrote it?

- a an art student
- b the director of an art college
- c the arts correspondent of a newspaper / magazine

### Learner tip

As well as looking for logical connections between the main text and missing sentences, remember to look for words that link parts of the text together. These include pronouns like *it*, them, etc. and connectors like *because*, in order to, also, etc.

## 2 Seven parts of the article have been removed. Write the correct letter (a-g) in the gaps in the article. There is one extra sentence that you do not need to use.

- a The postcards can be viewed in person at the RCA or online.
- b in order to keep the artists' identity a secret
- c It's one of the most democratic art sales in the world
- d Most examples are much too expensive for the average buyer.
- e The idea behind it is simple.
- f but it has also developed into an important date in the British art calendar.
- g The money has helped hundreds of students in the early stages of their career.
- h Now over 1,000 artists take part in the event each year.

### 3 Number the paragraph summaries in the same order as the article.

who benefits from Secret the overall role of Secret

how Secret works

who made a good investment from Secret

who has taken part

## 4 Choose the correct words. Look back at the article if you need to.

I'd never ¹ heard / known of Secret until I went along with a friend last year. I wasn't really hoping to ² find / snap up a bargain, more just interested to see the art. We spent ages ³ viewing / looking the postcards and the hall was packed. The exhibition has obviously ⁴ taken / captured the public's imagination. In the end, I bought just two cards and neither of them will make anything at ⁵ auction / investment. I don't really mind. I think it's a great way to ⁶ rise / raise funds for young artists.

## Vocabulary Builder Quiz 1

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 1 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

## 1 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words with an adjective from VB Unit 1.

- 1 That film was so full of hope and positive.
- 2 It was a beautiful painting in soft colours.
- 3 I didn't like the ending. What happened to the main character was unclear.
- 4 I couldn't watch it. It was just too upsetting.
- 5 The story is so exciting. You won't be able to put it down.
- 6 His jokes were <u>extremely funny</u>. I've never laughed so much.
- 7 I wish she wouldn't tell me all the <u>private</u> details of her life

## 2 Which words that are both verbs and nouns can complete these sentences?

- Moving to a foreign country can be a big ......
   I need more responsibility, this job doesn't ...... me enough.
- 2 Why did he .....himself as a clown?
  He managed to escape because he was in ......
- 4 Winning the hand of the princess is the hero's final

I'm sure the company will .....him for all his work.

## 3 Complete the sentences with adjectives ending in -al.

- 1 The damage was ....., so it was easy to repair.
- 2 This film is quite ..... and tries new techniques.
- 3 It's all about good and bad: it has a strong ...... message.
- 4 Having lower costs gives us a ......advantage.
- 5 We all have a .....need for love and security.
- 6 It's a ..... weakness, which will destroy him.
- 7 Her writing style is very different. She never uses .....ideas.

## 4 Write the missing word in the correct place.

- 1 If I pass the exam, it will enable to get a better job.
- 2 The message in the poem is open interpretation.
- 3 I never tire reading this book.
- 4 They are bound get together in the end.
- 5 I used to spend hours online, until my dad banned.
- 6 Do you think they will get away the robbery?
- 7 His reasons for leaving struck me odd.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

2

## SIGHTSEEING

## VOCABULARY Buildings and areas

## 1 Complete the descriptions with the pairs of adjectives in the box.

	leprived / residential	rough / run-down
	nigh-rise / hideous	affluent / stunning
L	ip-and-coming / trendy	historic / grand
	a lot more shops, bars and get too, thoug The architecture is amazin	agogue in the area, but there are
3	It's always been a bit	with lots of litter and wit's starting to look really
4	It's always been the most . and I could never afford to , with up to sev	district in the city
5	gardens. About 20 years ago this pa	art of town was quite
		nouses and shops, and very few
	area. Loads of y	
6		ome blocks of about
		ne old town. I think mixing old
	and new like that is going	to look
	omplete the conversations erbs in brackets.	with the correct form of the
	A: Wow! Look at that cast	e It totally
		rea. What does it say about it in
		(date back) to the sixteenth (renovate) several times since
2		a flat down by the station? It down there. I always told visitors of it.
	run-down old buildings	ey (knock down) the about a year ago and built Needless to say, prices over there
3	A: Do you remember when	re I used to live?
	B: Yeah, it was quite trend	y. Lots of small shops and (base) there. And there was that
	A: Yes! You wouldn't recog	

(clean up) and it houses a big art gallery and café.

## GRAMMAR

Relative clauses

## 3 Add commas where necessary.

- 1 We'd walked round the same streets five times at which point I decided it was time to buy a map.
- 2 The local people who had at first appeared rather unfriendly couldn't do enough for us.
- 3 Our hotel turned out to be in a pretty run-down part of town which really spoilt the trip.
- 4 Most of the old town where my parents lived for many years had been knocked down and completely rebuilt.
- 5 We booked several day trips to the surrounding areas all of which were really good value for money.
- 6 The first day of the festival when everyone dresses up in amazing costumes is the one not to miss.

## 4 Match the information (A-F) in the box to sentences 1-6, rewriting it each time as a relative clause.

A It was completely amazing.

B We had missed dinner by then.
C She had done a course in Mandarin Chinese.
D His family is from South Africa.
E My brother-in-law has a boat there.
F None of them were open when we actually got there.

1 It was very relaxing to spend a few days in Cannes, where my brother in law has a boat.
E. The tour didn't finish until 10pm.

3 We spent a week exploring the coastline.

4 We couldn't have managed in Beijing without Nicola.

5 My old boss gave us a lot of travel tips about Cape Town.

6 We spent ages planning our visit to different vineyards.

## DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS

Agreeing using synonyms

## 5 Match the opinions and responses.

- 1 I've never seen such a run-down area.
- 2 The architecture in the old town is amazing.
- 3 The height of that tower is unbelievable.
- 4 What wonderful old buildings!
- 5 The people round here must be quite wealthy.
- 6 They've turned this into quite a trendy area.
- 7 Aren't those high-rise flats awful?
- 8 The design of the roof is a bit strange.
- a You're right. It's absolutely stunning.
- b I know. They're beautiful, aren't they?
- c Yes, it does look quite an affluent area.
- d | agree. It does look a bit weird.
- e Yes, it does look pretty rough, doesn't it?
- f Yes, I heard it was quite fashionable now.
- g I know. It's incredible, isn't it?
- h lagree. They look hideous.

6	Write responses agreeing with these opinions, using
	a suitable synonym.

- 1 A: The view across the bay is lovely.
  - B: Yes, it is beautiful, isn't it?
- 2 A: This looks quite a fashionable area.
- 3 A: I think the new architecture round here is really
- 4 A: I'd hate to live here. It looks really rough. B: .....
- 5 A: The design of the new gallery is a bit weird.
- B: .....
- 6 A: Just look at the design of that cathedral. Isn't it stunning?
- 7 A: The condition of the buildings in the old town is
- 8 A: I think this must be the most affluent part of the whole city.

## LISTENING

7 \$ 2.1 You are going to hear two people planning a day's sightseeing. Listen and tick the places / events they decide to visit.

the annual parade the City Museum a tour of the temple ruins the street market the old town old Merchant's House

8 Number the places in the order they are going to visit them. Listen again if you need to.



## **PRONUNCIATION** Connected speech

- 9 Underline the main stresses and mark the linking (final consonant + vowel sound).
  - 1 It starts in the town square and then goes all the way through the main streets.
  - 2 The city museum has one of the best collections of modern and abstract art in the country.
  - 3 It's not the kind of place you can see in just a short time.
  - 4 Take a trip into the past and soak up the atmosphere at the street market.
  - 5 So, we spend the morning at the market and we end up at the
  - 6 We need to be up there for the parade anyway.

10 \$2.2 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

## **VOCABULARY** Festivals and carnivals

## 1 What are the people talking about? Match the statements (1-5) with the items in the list (a-i).

- a a firework display
- b costumes
- c a parade
- d confetti
- e a sound system
- f a bonfire
- g a band
- h masks
- i floats
- 1 'Wow! Look at how many people there are. It stretches all the way back to the main square. And the music is brilliant. I love all those Caribbean rhythms.'
- 2 'Look at that one with all the flowers. That must have taken ages to build. And the one in the shape of the boat is beautiful. But I can't hear the commentary very well. It isn't loud enough.'
- 3 'I'm freezing. Let's get a bit closer to the flames. ... Oh, it's started! Aren't they amazing? Like little coloured stars hanging in the sky.'
- 4 'There were people dressed as Romans, characters from Disney, birds all sorts. I didn't even recognise my own sister. Her face was completely covered with feathers.'
- 5 'Look at me! I'm covered in bits of paper. And you are too. It's all in your hair.'

### 2 Cross out the verb in each set that doesn't collocate.

- 1 set light / make / sit round / throw wood on a bonfire
- 2 watch / light / cancel / miss a fireworks display
- 3 listen to / form / play / book a steel drum band
- 4 set up / test / record / hire a sound system
- 5 watch / hold / look / take part in a parade
- 6 carry local / dress up in a / design a / wear national costume
- 7 decorate / build / ride on / sit a float
- 8 get dressed / make / wear / hide behind a mask
- 9 throw / spray / ban / be showered with confetti

## READING

## 3 Read the blog opposite quickly. Match the headings (a-f) to the correct sections (1-6).

- a Learn something new
- b Declare your home a work-free zone
- c Keep a record
- d Indulge yourself a little
- e Plan ahead
  - f Set start and finish dates

## 4 Read the blog again. Which of these statements are true, according to the writer.

- 1 The only reason for doing a staycation is lack of money.
- 2 At first, the writer's children weren't keen on the idea of a staycation.
- 3 It's important to decide a fixed period for your staycation.
- 4 A staycation is a good time to catch up on household jobs.
- 5 Only one person should plan the family activities.
- 6 It's a good idea to explore your local area on foot.
- 7 You should be prepared to spend a bit on money on something special.
- 8 People don't often bother to look back on their staycation experiences.

## 5 Add one missing word to each sentence. Look back at the blog if you need to.

- Our kid aren't very demanding. They usually ......
   along with what we suggest.
- You can't trust to luck if you want a successful party. It's ......in the planning.
- 3 If you want to improve your language skills, staying with a host family is just the ...... for you.
- 4 I avoid fattening foods, but I like the .....ice cream now and again.
- 5 There's a lot to choose from, but have what ......your fancy.
- 6 You've been very kind. I'd like to ......you to a nice dinner.



51.9

## 000

## HOLIDAYS FOR THE HARD-UP

Short of money, time or just energy? Fed up of being ripped off at hotels, restaurants and theme parks? Tired of getting stuck in endless traffic jams and airport queues? Then a staycation may just be the thing for you. Adapted from the word vacation, a 'staycation' is becoming the trend for families who opt to stay at home during their summer break. And it can be more fun than you might think.

My family and I have been 'staycationing' for the last couple of years. At first my kids went wild at the thought of not going abroad. What on earth would they tell their friends or put on their Facebook profile at the end of the summer? But then they realised they wouldn't have to put up with an exhausting journey, sharing a room with siblings, communication problems and endless arguments over the plans for each day. Suddenly, exploring the area near their own home and being able to hang out with their friends seemed like heaven.

Basically, as with any family activity, it's all in the planning. Don't expect to have a successful break by just staying at home and hoping that something interesting will happen. Here are a few pointers to get you started:

Schedule a beginning and ending to make your staycation seem like a 'real' holiday. Otherwise, it might end up feeling like a series of days just hanging around at home.

That means no housework, no paperwork and no homework. You are on holiday, after all.

Have a daily activity in mind and a back-up in case the weather changes. Let each member of the family choose what they would like to do for at least one afternoon ... and make sure the others go along with

## Check out what's free

Everything from bike rides in the countryside to family fun days in the local park. Pack your own picnic and set a budget for treats like boat trips,

Most colleges and sports centres run summer schools that offer a wide range of courses. Have a go at something the whole family can enjoy - pottery, cookery, local wildlife whatever takes your fancy.

## Explore your own backyard

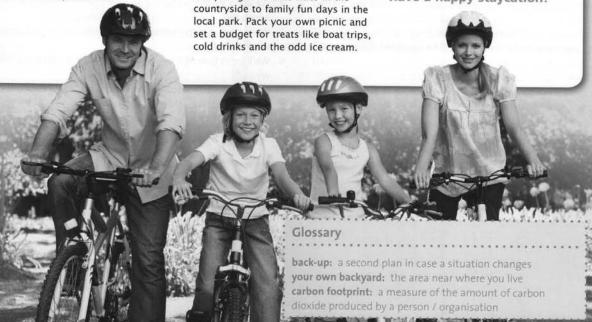
Take the time to explore the area near where you live. Walking or cycling is a great way to enjoy the scenery without adding to your carbon footprint.

## 5 .....

Add up all the money you're saving on travel and accommodation and treat the family to something really nice. It could be a banquet-style takeaway, a fancy dress party, or an evening out.

Take photos or videos, just as you would if you went away from home for your holiday. Remember your kids will want something to show their friends, and you will want to keep those staycation memories too.

## Have a happy staycation!



## **GRAMMAR** Talking about the future

## Language note referring to the future

Remember that there is no single future tense in English. We use a range of different forms and sometimes more than one form can be used with little difference in meaning.

## 1 Cross out the one future form that is not possible.

- 1 It's pouring down. Do you want a lift? / I'll give you a lift. / I'm planning to give you a lift.
- 2 What will you do / are you going to do / do you do when you finish your contract?
- 3 When are they hoping to / going to / bound to move
- 4 We drive / We're driving / We're going to drive to the airport at about ten o'clock tomorrow.
- 5 Where are we meeting / are we going to meet / do we meet later?
- 6 The strike plans to start / is due to start / starts on Wednesday.
- 7 Look at all this traffic. We're going to / bound to / hoping to miss our train.
- 8 I'm taking / I'm going to take / I take next week off.

## 2 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets. Make any necessary changes.

- 1 It's inevitable that you will get the job. (bound)
  2 When should your train arrive? (due)
  3 It's probable that the festival will be cancelled. (likely)
  4 I don't think that the weather will improve at all this week. (unlikely)
- 6 It is certain that there will be a delay at the airport.
  (bound)

5 I expect the taxi will get here in about 10 minutes. (due)

## DEVELOPING WRITING

An email - making a request

## 3 Read Martin's email to Kati. Choose the main reason for writing.

- a to ask for help with money
- b to ask for some travel tips
- c to give and ask for news

## 4 Read the email again and <u>underline</u> examples of these aspects of informal writing.

- contracted forms
- short sentences
- direct questions
- phrasal verbs
- two abbreviations
- a more informal way of saying:
  - 1 thank you
  - 2 fine

get around

- 3 send you a message
- 4 you don't have to hurry

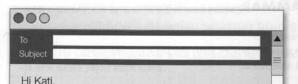
## 5 Complete the sentences with the verb phrases in the box.

drop off

booked up put on

8 I'd like to sample the nightlife, so where are the best areas to ......in the evening?

6 You are going to spend time in a place that an English-speaking friend knows well. Write an email (150–190 words) to ask for some help in planning your trip. Remember to use a fairly informal style and include some of the language from this section.



How are things? I hope all the family are doing OK.

I wanted to drop you a quick line to ask you a favour. As you know, I'm finishing uni at the end of this term and I'm going to do some travelling with a friend over the summer. We're planning to visit Hungary and I was wondering if I could ask you for some local info. We won't have a huge amount of spending money so can you recommend any bargain hotels and places to eat in Budapest? Also, when would be the best time to visit in terms of the weather and things to do? Apart from the capital, where would you recommend we go? A friend of mine suggested Lake Balaton. Do you think it's worth a visit? Any advice you can give us on transport, sightseeing and local customs would be very welcome.

I'm really looking forward to the trip but I've got to get through my finals first! There's no rush for a reply as I know you're really busy, too. Just get back to me when you can.

Cheers

Martin

### Learner tip

Before you write an email or a letter, think about how well you know your reader and the level of formality to use. A very formal style to someone you know well can sound silly or even pompous; an informal style in a work or business context may cause offence.

## Vocabulary Builder Quiz 2

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 2 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

### 1 Complete the sentences with a word or phrase with up or down.

- 1 A lot of work is being done on this ..... area.
- 2 Everyone wants to move here now and prices have ......
- 3 I'm glad they've ..... that awful old building.
- 4 Why don't you visit? I can ...... you ...... for a few days.
- 5 The house looks so ....., it needs renovating.

## Replace the <u>underlined</u> words and phrases with more expressive language from VB Unit 2.

- 1 I briefly saw the sea between the mountains.
- 2 The new design for the town hall is very ugly.
- 3 She was given lots of presents when the baby was born.
- 4 Some of the new buildings in the city are very attractive.
- 5 The renovation project has <u>completely changed</u> this area.
- 6 House prices went up sharply during the housing boom.

## 3 Complete the text with the correct form of the word in brackets.

The library recently applied for planning <sup>1</sup> (permit) to build a large <sup>2</sup> (extend) to its branch in the city centre. Unfortunately there was quite strong <sup>3</sup> (oppose) to the <sup>4</sup> (propose), which involved adding an <sup>5</sup> (innovate) modern wing to the old building. Local residents object to any further modern <sup>6</sup> (develop) development in this historic area.

## 4 Correct one letter in the underlined words.

- 1 It took us ages to elect the tent.
- 2 The house was very grant, with ornate decoration.
- 3 The bombs of the Egyptian pharaohs attract millions of
- 4 I'd sneer clear of the ham sandwiches, they don't taste very fresh.
- 5 It's a lovely residensial area but prices are high here.
- 6 Don't spit me around, I get really dizzy.
- 7 The company has ambitious plans for expension.
- 8 I'm afraid I spilt some rice, I'll just steep it up.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

## THINGS YOU NEED

## VOCABULARY Useful things

## 1 What do these people need?

- 2 'The button's come off my shirt.'
- 3 'Dad's cut his finger on the bread knife.'
- 4 'You've dropped rice all over the floor.'
- 5 'I'm too short to reach the lightbulb.'
- 6 'My mobile is completely dead.'
- 7 'I need to stick down this envelope.'
- 8 'You've spilt water all over the floor.'

### 2 Choose the correct words.

- A: Mum, I've found the clothes ¹ pegs / clips, but where's the ² washing-up liquid / washing powder? I need to wash my favourite top for tonight.
- B: What? You can't do that now. You'll just have to wear something else.
- A: But the rest of my stuff is still in suitcases.
- B: Well, unpack it. The <sup>3</sup> drill / iron is in that box over there. And here are the <sup>4</sup> scissors / staples so you can cut the <sup>5</sup> string / rope round the box.
- C: Mum, I'm setting up my computer and stuff, but my bedroom has only got one socket. Have you got 
  <sup>6</sup> an adapter / a stapler?
- A: Dad packed all the electrical stuff, so ask him.
- C: He's putting up some pictures. I just saw him with the hammer / saw and some needles / nails.
- A: Why on earth is he doing that now? He should be looking for the <sup>9</sup> tin opener / corkscrew so we can have some lunch.
- D: Any sign of the <sup>10</sup> lighter / torch? I want to go up the loft but there's no light in there.
- A: Do you have to do that now? I'm just warming up some soup so can you find some 11 buckets / bowls?
- D: I was just about to go to the DIY store down the road. I need some 12 screws / clips to repair the garden gate.
- A: Don't bother doing that now. Lunch is ready, and I'm really hungry, so let's sit down and eat.

## GRAMMAR

Explaining purpose using so, if and to

## 3 Write new sentences with the information from box A and box B.

- A I popped round to my neighbour's house.
  I'm just going to get the hammer.
  I need a plaster.
  I went to the DIY store.
  I bought some files.
  I'm looking for the dustpan and brush.
- I want to sweep up this broken glass.
  I want to cover this cut.
  I needed to organise all the papers from my course.
  I wanted to borrow her stepladder.
  I needed to get some paint.
  I want to knock in this nail.

1	I'm just going to get the hammer to knock in this nail.
2	
3	
4	
5	***************************************
6	

## 4 There is one word missing in each sentence. Add the word in the correct place.

- 1 This cream is great you need to treat a bite or sunburn.
- 2 I found some really nice paint decorate the bedroom with.
- 3 Wipe up that juice quickly it doesn't stain the table.
- 4 Here's the corkscrew open the bottle with.
  5 The plasters are in the cupboard your finger's bleeding.
- 6 Please turn off all appliances when leaving order to conserve energy.
- 7 Keep the iron on low you don't burn your silk scarf.
- 8 Here's a needle and thread so you repair the hole in your top.



## DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS

Explaining and checking

5 Complete the conversations with the words in the box. There is one extra word each time.

thing	sort	mean	what	how	made
A: 1,	do yo	u call that th	ing you use f	or DIY?	
		nore specific			
			plastic and r	metal and it	t has a
3	of po		at the		
B: What?	You 5	a scre	wdriver?		

- A: What's the name of that 6......you use to hold pieces of material together? It's a bit 7.....a zip or something.
- B: 8...... ? You mean the stuff they 9..... to fasten trainers and bags?
- A: Yeah, it has two layers that kind of lock together.
- B: Yeah, yeah. I know exactly what you 10...... but I don't know what it's called. Sorry.

## Language note questions with what I how

Remember we say What is ... called? and What does ... look like? How can be used like this:

How are you? How are things? How come?

## 6 Choose the correct words.

- A: Ow! I've just cut my finger. Are there any plasters in the first
- B: No, sorry. We need to buy some. 1 Don't / Can't you use a bandage?
- A: I don't think so. Not on my finger.
- B: You just need a piece of cloth or 2 somewhere / something to keep the dirt out. Would a tissue 3 do / make?
- A: It wouldn't be strong 4 enough / too.
- B: What about a cotton pad? You could 5 use / to use some sticky tape to hold it in place.
- A: Yeah, that 6 ought / should do.
- B: Let me help you.
- A: Ow!
- B: Oh, sorry. Have I made it worse? ... And you've got blood on your top now.
- A: Don't worry. These things 7 result / happen.
- B: You might want to soak your top in water or \* it'll / it shall leave a stain.

## LISTENING

3.1 You are going to hear five people talking about shopping, and the difference between wants and needs. Match the speakers (1-5) to the letters (a-f). There is one letter that you don't need.

Speaker 1	***************************************
Speaker 2	**************
Speaker 3	***************************************
Speaker 4	***************************************
Speaker 5	

- a I've given up buying luxury brands.
- b I got into debt by having what I wanted.
- c I think it's good for people to have what they want.
- d I've stopped impulse buying.
- e I try to buy only what I really need.
- f I can never resist a bargain.

## PRONUNCIATION

Intonation and lists

- 8 Mark the intonation arrows on the sentences.
  - 1 They think they really must have that bigger house, the latest mobile phone, a designer top, or some luxury food.
  - 2 We all only really need somewhere to live, food and water, basic health and hygiene products, and clothes for different situations.
  - 3 I remember in one weekend I bought six pairs of trousers, eight shirts, around 20 CDs and a new mobile phone.
  - 4 In fact, just yesterday I bought a bag, a pair of sandals, a pair of jeans and two white shirts.
  - 5 It didn't matter if it was in a shop window, in a magazine or catalogue, on a website, or even in an auction.
  - 6 Our economy would suffer, workers in the developing world would lose their jobs, and life would be very
- 9 \$3.2 Listen and check. Then practise saying the sentences.

## **UNDERSTANDING VOCABULARY** Word families

Complete the questions with the correct form of the words in brackets. Then give true answers.

Agi	uestion of personality
1	What things make you feel full of(optimistic)?
2	In what ways in life do you think you are(caution)?
3	When in your life have you felt most(pessimism)?
4	What childhood (afraid) have you overcome?
5	How do you react if people(critic) you?
6	Do you shop in an (economic) way?
7	Which two (able) are you most proud of?
8	What's your idea of perfect(happy)?

2 Complete the words in the text with the missing endings.

When I was about seven, I started a collection of football programmes. This started as a ¹ harm........ hobby but over time it became an ² obsess........ I had to have every programme from every Liverpool match, even some from before I was born. By the time I was 20, I had thousands of programmes all over my parents' house. I saw this as one of my greatest ³ achieve......., but they were annoyed by how much space they took up. I was always full of good ⁴ intent........ about sorting them out but never did. In the end, my parents threatened me with ⁵ evict....... if I didn't do something with the collection. Not wanting to be ⁶ home......., I finally agreed that I would ¬ advert........ them for sale on eBay. The whole collection was bought by a local man as a gift for someone, but I never found out who. So, on one ® rain......... afternoon in February, my programmes were sent by courier to their ¬ myster........ new home.

## READING

- 3 Read the title and the introduction of the article opposite. Choose the correct reason for writing the article.
  - a to talk about the history of shopping
  - b to complain about shops on the high street
  - c to highlight the amount of consumer choice
- 4 Read all of the article. Are these statements true or false?
  - 1 The range of items available in shops stops people buying things.
  - 2 The internet has made choosing products easier.
  - 3 No part of life has escaped from having too much choice.
  - 4 Professor Schwartz thinks the prices we pay for products are too high.
  - 5 Having a lot of choice raises people's expectations of products.
  - 6 Scientists have shown that people feel less stressed when given less choice.
  - 7 The article advises buying fewer products.
  - 8 Professor Schwartz recommends researching but only for a short time.
- 5 What do these numbers in the article refer to?
  - 1 50 (line 4)
  - 2 154 (line 10)
  - 3 thousands (line 11)
  - 4 10,500,000 (line 35)
  - 5 six (line 47)

choice

- 6 30 seconds (line 55)
- 6 Complete the text with the words in the box. They were all taken from the article.

missed out on

got round to	dissatisfied
range	choose between
overwhelming	popped
Last time I 1	into my local coffee shop, l
couldn't believe the 2	on offer – full-fat,
low-fat, americano, capp	ouccino, decaffeinated, even
something called an ice	d mocha latte. It took me ages
to 3 the drinl	ks in the list. It was completely
4 When I 5	making a decision, I
went for a white coffee,	which is what I always drink
at home. As I left the sh	op, I felt a bit 6 with
my 7, as if I'd	8something much

Do you remember the old days? The time when buying a pair of jeans or a mobile phone involved choosing between two or three options. Now, pop into a shop on the high street and you'll find about 50 different styles

We've never had so much choice. Take supermarkets, for example. A local store could offer you 38 types of milk, 107 varieties of pasta, over 170 types of salad dressing,

of jeans and literally hundreds of mobile phones. But is

more necessarily better?

10 and 154 flavours of jam. The average supermarket offers more than 30,000 products, with thousands more being added each year. In the words of one shopper, 'It's so overwhelming that it just makes you feel awful. If you carefully considered every aspect - ethics, food miles,

15 price, flavour and ingredients - you'd never get round to buying anything, ever.'

But it isn't just about food. For every aspect of life, there's an incredible range of products and services on offer - from clothes and gadgets to educational

20 and financial services, not forgetting holidays and entertainment.

Access to the internet has of course widened this choice. It not only offers the products themselves, but detailed reviews of product ranges with comparisons of style,

25 price and reliability. These are intended to make our lives easier but in reality just lead to information overload.

It now seems that all this choice isn't good for us. Professor Barry Schwartz, a psychologist from Swarthmore College in Pennsylvania and the author of The Paradox

30 of Choice says, 'There is vastly too much choice in the modern world and we are paying an enormous price for it. It makes us feel helpless, mentally paralysed and profoundly dissatisfied.' But shouldn't we be happy to have all this information and choice? Why is it a problem

35 to have 275 types of breakfast cereal or 10,500,000 hits to an internet search for 'holidays in Spain'?

The bigger the range of products available, the less satisfied we are with our choice. We imagine that the perfect mobile or pair of jeans must exist in such a big 40 number of products and that we might have chosen the wrong thing. Or that by choosing a particular service or form of entertainment, we might have missed out on something better.



Experiments seem to indicate that less choice is better. 45 A team of researchers at Stanford University in the USA ran a test on consumers choosing jam. Those who tested just six jams felt happier and bought more products than consumers who had 24 jams to taste. Another experiment showed that students who were given a smaller range of 50 essay topics produced better work.

So what can we do? One technique is simply to choose smaller shops with fewer products. And Professor Schwartz advises, 'Choose when to choose. ... Don't worry about what type of mobile-phone package to opt for. Pick a sofa 55 from IKEA in 30 seconds and you'll feel better than if you spend hours researching sofas - because you won't know what else you're missing out on.'

## Glossary

ethics: what is morally right and what is not IKEA: an international retailer of home products

## VOCABULARY How things go wrong

### 1 Choose the correct words.

- 1 I nearly completed the jigsaw and then I realised there were a few bits missed / missing.
- 2 What a waste of money! I'd only worn the trainers a few times before they started to fall apart / break through.
- 3 I wouldn't use that brand again. It made / gave me spots on the first day I tried it.
- 4 My hot water bottle had a *break / leak* and I woke up in the middle of the night covered in water!
- 5 I sent the dress back because the sleeve was all *ripped / broken* and the zip didn't work.
- 6 My usual size didn't suit / fit me. It was a bit tight, so I had to try a size up.
- 7 She was running across the high street when the heel of her shoe *fell down / came off*.
- 8 When the furniture was finally delivered, one of the chairs was all scratched / packed.

## GRAMMAR

should and should have (should've)

## 2 Cross out one extra word in each sentence.

- 1 We should to try and sell some of the stuff we don't need on eBay.
- 2 You really should've have cleared all this mess up.
- 3 They shouldn't be have been allowed to get away with it!
- 4 You shouldn't not buy things just because they're half price.
- You really should have been asked before borrowing my stuff.
- 6 You do should try and get your camera repaired don't just buy a new one.

## 3 Complete the sentences with should / shouldn't (have) and the correct form of verbs in the box.

theck out	sign up for	fill up	
ry on	cut down on	sort out	
We really every month.	eating out. It cos	ts us a fortune	
I complained a	about the order weeks a	go. They	
it l	by now.		
	hese boots really are too tight. I them		
Yousmall print.	any online deals unles	s you read the	
		econd-hand car	
We're about to we left.	run out of petrol. We	befo	
	we really	ry on cut down on  We reallyeating out. It cosevery month.  I complained about the order weeks a itby now.  These boots really are too tight. Iin the shop.  Youin the shop.  Youany online deals unless small print.  Youalwaysas se before you buy it.  We're about to run out of petrol. We	

## **DEVELOPING WRITING**

An anecdote - complaining

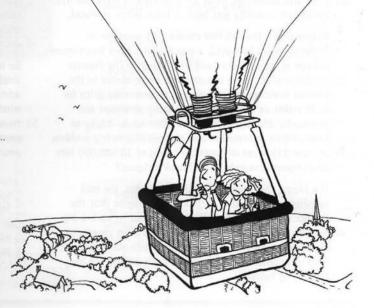
## 4 Read the anecdote. What is the main reason for writing it?

- a to warn people about a specific company
- b to request a refund from customer services
- c to tell a story about something that went wrong

I'd been saving up
for my girlfriend's birthday and I
wanted to treat her to something really
special. Then a friend recommended a balloon
flight. He'd organised one just a month before,
which had been a real success. It sounded ideal so I
went for the 'celebration package' with a flexible booking
date, an hour in the balloon, champagne and a DVD of
the flight. Perfect, or so I thought.

Milly was delighted and she wanted to do the flight on her actual birthday. This is where the problems started. It turned out that they were already fully booked. When I insisted, they just said, 'There's nothing we can do. We appreciate your booking.' No explanation, no apology, nothing. We finally got a flight three days later but things didn't improve. We were up in the air for only 35 minutes, the champagne glasses were cracked and the DVD arrived scratched.

I promised Milly I would get a refund and we would go away for the weekend. Three months later I'm still waiting. The company won't reply to my emails and I can't get through to customer services. Without wanting to sound over-thetop, it's been the most stressful thing I've ever tried to organise.



## 5 Read the anecdote again. What's the main purpose of each paragraph?

- 1 a to explain who the people in the anecdote are
  - b to give background to what was bought/ordered
- 2 a to explain what went wrong
  - b to criticise the company
- 3 a to say what action the writer intends to take
  - b to describe the end result

## 6 Are these statements about the anecdote true or false?

The anecdote:

contains direct speech.

is addressed to a specific person.

includes short sentences to keep the reader interested.

uses a fairly formal style.

describes how different people felt.

uses full forms, rather than contractions.

## 7 Complete the collocations with the words in the box.

keep refund		insist on wrong	fall sort out	customer waste of
1	******************	services / h	elpdesk / care	
2	the comp	going wron	g / breaking d	own / calling
3			the payment	/ €750
		money / t		
5				n / the mistake
6		colour /		
7	refund /	speaking to getting a new	the manager	/ getting a
8		apart / to p		

## 8 Write an anecdote (150–190 words) about a situation when you had to complain. Use one of these ideas or an idea of your own. A product

- a laptop that arrived damaged
- a pair of trainers that fell apart

### A service

- an awful meal
- a special treat that went wrong

## Learner tip

When you write an anecdote, try reading it aloud to check that it flows and sounds natural. If possible, read it to another person to see if you have kept their attention to the end!

## Vocabulary Builder Quiz 3

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 3 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

## 1 Complete the sentences with words ending in -ion.

- 1 They gave me money as ...... for the problems.
- 2 There are many laws for the ..... of consumer rights.
- 3 Always act with ...... when money is involved!
- 4 She has good ....., but she forgets to put them into practice.
- 5 ..... to the museum costs £6.
- 6 Cycling is my brother's latest ...... He cycles every day.

### 2 Choose the correct words.

- 1 When I got back to the car, it was all squashed I scratched on the side.
- 2 What's the best way to get a coffee stain / leak out of a carpet?
- 3 I dropped my ipad and there's a big crack / fault in it.
- 4 Don't rip / rub your eyes, you'll make them sore.
- 5 You can't wear those shoes, they're falling away / apart.
- 6 He always thinks the worst will happen but I'm much more optimistic / pessimistic.
- 7 His mother's from Spain, but she settled / let down here 30 years ago.
- 8 She's full of well / good intentions but she never follows through.

## 3 Which word do you need to complete the sentences in each set?

- 1 Turn the ...... to open the door. / He can ..... the bike well. / I can't ..... arguing with her.
- 2 Keep the ...... for the new laptop. / The TV is still under ...... / It comes with a one-year ......
- 3 Long hours are an occupational ...... / The old wiring was a fire ...... / Smoking can be a health ......
- 4 Use string to ...... those together. / I wear a suit and ..... for work. / ..... your hair back before cooking.

## 4 Complete the text with the correct form of the word in brackets.

The number of ¹ (evict) is rising and it's clear that people should have been more ² (caution) about the property market. A few years ago, ³ (practice) all of my friends became ⁴ (obsession) with owning a house, but many of them hadn't understood the ⁵ (imply) of paying a large mortgage. They soon found that they could no longer afford all the things they were used to, and they were forced to make the ⁶ (embarrass) ² (admit) that they had made a mistake.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

## SOCIETY

## VOCABULARY

The government, economics and society

## 1 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words in the conversation with the words in the box.

booming recession
too soft on struggling
have gone bankrupt made a difference

- A: So what do you reckon to this new government? Are they any good?
- B: I think they've done quite a lot. They've certainly

  <sup>1</sup> had an effect since they came to power three months
  ago. Things have improved since last year's <sup>2</sup> economic
  decline
- A: But the economy is hardly <sup>3</sup> a great success, is it? A lot of businesses <sup>4</sup> are unable to pay their debts, you know.
- B: Sure, and some families are still <sup>5</sup> finding it hard to manage, but things are getting better.
- A: Perhaps. I just wish they would do something about youth crime. They're 6 not strict enough with young offenders.
- B: You're right there.

## 2 Choose the correct words. Then match the sentences (1-5) to the topics (a-e).

- 1 I find the bureaucracy / bureau so annoying. We have so much paperwork to do and it takes up a lot of our time.
- 2 The rate has shoot / shot up over the last six months. It's getting harder and harder to get a job.
- 3 I think it will undermine / underline people's confidence. They are already worried about the threat of rising inflation.
- 4 This shortage / shortness is really hitting hard. Nearly all international flights have been cancelled.
- 5 It's bound to rise / boost our standing in the world. An important sporting event always does.
- a lack of fuel
- b the Olympic Games
- c the economy
- d unemployment
- e business

## GRAMMAR so and such

## 3 Write new sentences with so or such and the information from box A and box B.

- A There were a lot of demonstrators.
  This area has become run-down.
  The economy is doing badly.
  Some students are in serious debt.
  The government have wasted a lot of money.
  Petrol is expensive.
- B No-one will vote for them again.
  We hardly use our car.
  It will take years to pay it off.
  No-one wants to move there.
  People are struggling to make ends meet.
  The police had to close the road.

1	Petrol is so expensive that we hardly use our car.
2	
	***************************************
3	
4	
5	
6	

## 4 Find and correct five mistakes in the sentences.

- 1 The factory closing caused so lasting damage to the local economy.
- 2 Such few young people vote nowadays, they are thinking of making it compulsory.
- 3 The demonstration passed off so peacefully, there were no arrests.
- 4 There are so little green spaces, it's hard to find somewhere to sit and relax.
- 5 The parade was such great success that the city decided to hold one every year.
- 6 So many high-rise blocks have been built in the city, it's now unrecognisable.
- 7 Air pollution has risen so high that people are finding it hard to breath.
- 8 There are so a lot of positive things that he's done for the city.

## **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

Showing understanding

## 5 Choose the correct response from the box for sentences 1–6. There are two sentences you don't need.

- a I know what you mean, but they're not all bad. They just need somewhere to go after school.
- b Well, maybe, but at least unemployment is falling.
- c | know! Her voice drives me mad. I wish they would bring the older guy back.
- d I know what you mean, but it isn't all bad. Some of the new offices are quite elegant.
- e Tell me about it! I can't remember the last time I saw a good film.
- f I know! It just keeps getting noisier and noisier.
- g Well, maybe, but some are better than others. You just have to find out what they stand for.
- h Tell me about it! If I'd tried that, my mum would have marched me into class herself.
- 1 There's so much rubbish on TV. I don't know why I bother with the satellite channels........
- 2 I don't think I'll bother to vote this time. All the candidates seem the same........
- 3 Young people are so rude nowadays. I don't like walking past them..........
- 4 Some parents are too soft on their kids when they skip school.........
- 5 That woman who reads the news is so annoying.
- 6 Modern architecture is a nightmare. All concrete high-rises and no green spaces..........

## 6 Write responses for these complaints. Use your own ideas.

- 1 They're not doing anything about the shortage of housing for young people.
- 2 They never invest in green initiatives in my region.
- 3 The news is always so depressing.
- 4 Voting in local elections never changes anything.

.....

- 5 There's a real shortage of jobs for young professionals.
- 6 All new rock bands sound the same.

## LISTENING



## 7 \$4.1 You are going to hear two friends, Natalie and Adam. Listen and choose the main topic they talk about.

- a the best way to catch up on the news
- b problems in modern society
- c a different type of news coverage

## 8 Listen again. Are these statements true or false?

- 1 Adam doesn't read newspapers any more.
- 2 Talking about the news with a colleague made Adam feel depressed.
- 3 The Good News Network is a TV channel.
- 4 Adam assumes the Network covers just silly stories.
- 5 The Network aims to deal with serious issues in a positive way.
- 6 The stories reported on the Network are all American.
- 7 Natalie thinks that the stories that get the most coverage give bad news.
- 8 In the end Adam agrees to read the news on the Network.

## **PRONUNCIATION** Same sound or different?

## 9 Are the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)?

- 1 I've given up on buying a paper. / It just gave a bit of balance......
- 2 They deal with serious issues like the economy. / I just can't be bothered reading it............
- 3 The only thing you hear about is the recession. / You should check out that website.........
- 4 They had headlines on signs of economic growth. / How do you find out what's going on?.........
- 5 I listen to the headlines on the radio. / My colleague replied, 'What's good about it?'.........
- 6 They cover international news. / They must have quite a lot of cute stories........

## 10 94.2 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

## **VOCABULARY** Big issues

1 Complete the newspaper headlines with the phrases in the box.

family size racism drug and alcohol abuse

fai

school dropout rates family breakdown

IMPROVED TEACHING LEADS TO REDUCED

DIVORCE RATES
FALL THANKS TO NEW
POLICY ON

3 Average ..... falls leading to reduced risk of overpopulation

4 MULTI-ETHNIC POLICIES AIM TO DEAL WITH

## 5 NEW CLINIC OPENS TO TREAT

- What are the people in these sentences talking about? Match (1-5) to the social issues (a-e).
  - 1 They're opening a whole network of shelters so the number of people on the streets should fall.
  - 2 They have a very good track record on this. Seven of the top directors are women.
  - 3 The head has a zero tolerance policy on this, so the number of complaints from parents has dropped.
  - 4 Several new species have been returned to the wild thanks to the preservation of the birds' habitat.
  - 5 An innovative anger management programme has led to a fall in the number of attacks in the home.
  - a bullying in schools
  - b the destruction of the environment
  - c homelessness
  - d domestic violence
  - e gender discrimination

## READING

3 Read the introduction to the webpage opposite and headings 1-4. In which paragraph would you expect to find this information?

what society gets from learning about citizenship ......what you might do in a citizenship class ......a definition of citizenship ......reasons for teaching citizenship ......

- 4 Read the webpage quickly and check your answer to Exercise 3.
- 5 Read the webpage again. Choose the best answer to the questions.
  - 1 Citizenship programmes aim to help people
    - a become more established in the UK.
    - b get a better education.
    - c participate more fully in public life.
  - 2 Citizenship doesn't include
    - a being offered tuition.
    - b the right to become a legal member of any country.
    - c having the right to vote.
  - 3 Modern citizens need to know
    - a what they can and have to do.
    - b how to win arguments.
  - c about the geography of the world.
  - 4 Citizenship education improves
    - a the organisation in schools.
    - b younger students' grades.
    - c motivation and participation.
  - 5 Citizenship students are likely to
    - a practise what they have already learnt.
    - b talk about what's in the news in a fairly informal way.
    - c teach other people in their community.
- 6 Complete the text with the correct form of the words in brackets.

I started a citizenship course with a group of rather difficult
teenagers last term. They seemed to enjoy the 1 (topic)
content of the course and slowly their 2 (behave)
started to improve. They liked having more 3 (involve)
in their learning through debates and 4 (discuss), and
improving their 5 (know) of law and the economy.
Perhaps the most surprising change was their interest in
6(political). One of them is even thinking of becoming
an MP!

## Language note it's or its

Remember that it's means it is or it has.

It's a difficult issue. = It is . . .

Its is a possessive form and doesn't need an apostrophe.

... the behaviour that society expects of its citizens.



## Understanding citizenship

Home

About

Bacouros

Many countries around the world have been looking at ways to encourage people to take a more active part in democratic society and in their local community. One of the ways of doing this is through citizenship programmes and education in schools. In 1989, an organisation called the Citizenship Foundation

was established in the UK and in 2002 citizenship education became compulsory in UK secondary schools.

After a decade of interest in this subject, here are the answers to some FAQs on citizenship.



## 1 What exactly is citizenship?

The word citizenship can have different meanings:

- legal and political status Put simply, being a legal member of a particular country or state. This brings with it certain rights and responsibilities under the law, such as the right to vote and the responsibility to pay tax.
- involvement in public life Sometimes called 'active citizenship', this refers to the behaviour that society expects of its citizens. It can include a variety of activities including voting in elections and taking an interest in current affairs.
- an educational activity In other words, ways of helping people become active, informed and responsible citizens. This can be achieved in a number of ways

   formal types of education in schools, colleges, universities, training organisations and the workplace, and more informal education in the home or community groups.

## 2 Why teach citizenship?

The main reason is to support modern society and the democratic process. A democracy needs citizens who are able to take responsibility for themselves and their communities, and to contribute to the political process. This requires a number of skills and characteristics, including:

- knowledge of rights and responsibilities
- awareness of other societies in the world
- concern for other people
- ability to express opinions and arguments
- willingness to act in the local community
   These skills cannot develop without an education programme that includes everyone, whatever their background and whatever their age.

## 3 How does it benefit people?

People in general benefit by being able to make a positive contribution on a local and national level. Schools and other organisations develop motivated and responsible learners, who relate positively to each other and to the surrounding community. Younger people in particular find that citizenship education helps them develop self-confidence and find a voice.

## 4 What is involved in citizenship education?

It is typically different from other education programmes in these ways:

- content Including topics not usually covered in other subjects, such as law, government and politics, taxation and the economy, and the role of organisations such as the United Nations.
- focus Highlighting topical everyday issues that are not usually discussed in an educational setting, especially with younger learners. These may include health care, public transport, policing, and the environment.
- approach to learning Encouraging active involvement through discussions and debates, and active participation in the life of the wider community. Students are given opportunities to develop as learners and to put their learning into practice.

## Glossary

current affairs: events that are happening now and are discussed in the news

United Nations: an international organisation that encourages countries to work together to solve world problems

## GRAMMAR

Comparatives with the ..., the ...

	ntences. There is one extra word in each set.
1	The you practise, the playing
	the piano becomes. (easier / less / more)
2	As a rule, the the plan, the more
	the project. (more / successful / simpler)
3	In my experience, the morea person is, the
	lessthey really are. (aggressive / less / confident)
4	If you ask me, theyou are, the
	you learn. (younger / faster / fewer)
5	It's human nature – thepeople earn, the
	more) generous they become. (less / richer /
6	In general, the people work, the
	mistakes they make. (serious / faster / more)
7	The I thought about his suggestion, the liked it. (worse / more / less)
8	You have to admit, the the economy does,
	the more the government becomes.
	(popular / better / good)

## 2 Choose the correct responses from the box.

the more, the merrier the bigger, the better the faster, the better the sooner, the better the simpler, the better the smaller, the better

- 1 A: They've brought forward the date for mum's operation. It's in June now.
  - B: Good.....
- 2 A: I've added twenty more people to the guest list. I hope that's OK.
  - B: Sure.....
- 3 A: I've booked tickets on the express train to Paris. It takes only 90 minutes.
  - B: Great, thanks.....
- 4 A: I've shortened the presentation to just ten minutes and taken out a lot of the details.
  - B: That was a good move.....
- 5 A: We've managed to reduce the budget by about a third. I'll see if I can make any other cuts.
- B: Brilliant!.... 6 A: I'm upgrading my laptop to a 40cm screen. That should be easier on my eyes.
  - B: Good for you.....

## DEVELOPING WRITING

An essay – giving your opinion

Read the essay title and the first paragraph of the model text. What does the writer think about the statement?

'Interest in elections has been dropping for years. It's now time for compulsory voting.' How far do you agree with this statement?

## Choose the correct words in the rest of the model text.

It is clear that turnout in general elections has been declining in most democracies since the Second World War. In Britain, for example, over 72% of voters took part in the general election in 1945 compared with just 59% in 2001. Given this trend, it is worth asking if voting should be made compulsory. Personally, I think it should.

There are several reasons for 1 these / this. Compulsory voting makes politicians consider the views of the whole population, 2 no / not just of the regular voters. It brings young people,

- 3 that / who are traditionally less likely to vote, into the political process. It also makes the public take an interest in government and share the responsibility of checking their actions.
- 4 Finally / Last, it can encourage a sense of community, 5 that / as everyone takes part in it together.
- 6 Furthermore / Addition, the system of compulsory voting has been successfully introduced in a number of other countries. In Australia and Belgium, 7 by / for instance, the system has been in place for many years and more than nine out of ten voters regularly take part in elections.
- 8 In / For conclusion, I believe that compulsory voting is a way of reuniting people with the political world and so with democracy.

## 5 Match the verbs in the box to the nouns and phrases they go with.

	ake part in consider	introduce	take	share	bring
1		an inter		seriously or	11
2		the possiviews	sibility o	of / doing	/ people's
3		a campa election	_	discussio	on /
4	***************************************	a law / a	a systen	n / a char	nge
5			e opini	ons / enti	-
6			nto a pi	rocess / p	eople 🗼

## Learner tip

Remember to plan before you write! In an essay question:

- think about your own opinion / experience first.
- make notes of your ideas and the vocabulary you need.
- plan each paragraph and the topic sentences you are going to use.
- use connecting words and phrases to link sentences and paragraphs.
- check your essay carefully when you have finished
- 6 Write an essay (150–190 words) based on the title below.

'Young people are the least likely to vote. It's now time to lower the voting age to 16.' How far do you agree with this statement?



## Vocabulary Builder Quiz 4

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 4 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

## 1 Match 1-5 and a-e to form compound nouns.

- 1 domestic a permit
  2 gender b abuse
  3 work c group
  4 alcohol d mortality
  5 pressure e violence
  6 child f discrimination
- 2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets.
- 1 ......(home) is a serious problem in many cities.
- 2 There are a few ............ (nation) based in the area, which employ thousands of people.
- 3 There has been so little rain that water......(short) are likely.
- 4 The student's confidence was ...... (mine) by the constant criticism.
- 5 The company went bankrupt after making ...... (precede) losses.
- 3 Write the missing words in the correct place.
- 1 They're threatening to put car tax this year.
- 2 Why do you think their marriage broke?
- 3 How long have the police been carrying the investigation?
- 4 He comes as a serious and responsible person.
- 5 That shop only started last year, and now it's closing down.
- 4 Which words that are both verbs and nouns can complete these sentences?
- 1 Her parents ...... that she is in serious trouble. I suffer from a terrible ...... of flying.
- 3 The court may ...... that the action is illegal.
- The ......is that you can't touch the ball with your hand.

  4 Newer varieties of wheat might give a higher .............
- How much will this year's crop .....?
- 5 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words with an adjective from VB Unit 4. Add any extra words needed.
- 1 He isn't strict enough when the children misbehave.
- 2 According to experts the economy isn't likely to change suddenly.
- 3 The problem is unfortunately common in a lot of places.
- 4 His reaction to her comments seemed a bit too strong.
- 5 The report gives a very bad picture of the future.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

## SPORTS AND INTERESTS

## VOCABULARY Health and fitness

## 1 Complete the conversations using the pairs of words in the box.

stamina / hand-eye coordination junk / healthy lifestyle shape / uncoordinated breath / speed demanding / sweat flexibility / strength

- 1 A: Wow! You look amazing. What have you been up to?
- 2 A: I get such a stiff back after sitting at the computer all day.
- 3 A: How's your squash course going?
  - B: Great, thanks. I couldn't last more than 20 minutes when I started but my ....... has really improved. You should come along.
  - A: Sorry but I can't even hit a ball. My ...... is awful.
- 4 A: The new teacher is much more ......than the old one. She made us work an awful lot harder.
  - B: Tell me about it. I worked up a .....in seconds!
- 5 A: I'm so unfit. I really need to get back into......
- B: Why don't you try salsa dancing? It's great fun.
- A: I think I'm too ......for that. In fact, my boyfriend says I've got two left feet.
- 6 A: Can we slow down a bit? I'm getting out of .....running up this hill.
  - B: Sorry, but we need to keep going. Keeping up your .....is important if you want to get really fit.

## DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS

Checking what you heard

## 2 Write questions for each of the statements.

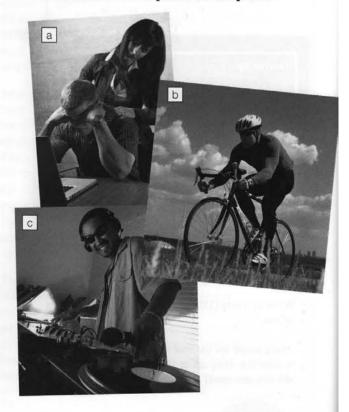
- 1 I've just taken up fencing. You've just taken up what?
- 2 My new football boots cost nearly £200.
- 3 We didn't get home until two in the morning.
- 4 I'll be teaching my Pilates class later this evening.
- 5 My parents are going on a trek across the Sahara.
- 6 I've just heard from Anna for the first time in ages.
- 7 It took my sister under an hour to complete the race.

......

8 I ran 25 km last night.

## READING

- 3 Read the title and first paragraph of the article opposite. What is the main content?
  - a a report on the trend of working for yourself
  - b profiles of people who have set up a business
  - c tips on how to turn your hobby into a career
- 4 Read the first line of paragraphs 2, 3 and 4. Match the names of the entrepreneurs to the photos.



## 5 Read all of the article. Write M (Marcus), R (Ricardo) or V+H (Valeria and Helen).

Who

- 1 is going to develop a new product/business?
- 2 used to work in a completely different field?
- 3 felt very depressed before setting up the business?
- 4 provides a service in a local area?
- 5 has an inherent talent?
- 6 didn't have to do training to get the job?
- 7 wished he/she had completed a course?
- 8 was told by other people that there was a need for the business?
- 9 started with very simple equipment?



Tow many of us have thought, 'Why don't I just quit  $\Pi$ my day job and set up a business on my own?' For most of us it remains a dream, but for some who take the plunge, it's a dream come true. We look at four keen 5 entrepreneurs who have turned their hobby into a new

career.

Lifelong cyclist and fitness fanatic Marcus King has a small but successful business selling cyclewear. But the road to business hasn't been easy. Three years ago Marcus was

- 10 made redundant from a construction company where he had worked for eight years. 'It came as a dreadful shock. I just didn't know what to do with myself. I felt completely let down and useless. To get out of the house, I used to go on long bike rides. Then the idea came to me -
- 15 what cyclists need is well-designed, easy-to-wear tops and shorts. I chatted to some cyclist friends and they all agreed there was a gap in the market.' Now Marcus sells his range through his website and selected stores around the country. There are plans to add a range for children in
- 20 the near future. 'I should have done it years ago. Making a living out of cycling is just the best thing."

Ricardo Cerruti's life is music. Ever since he started DJ-ing at the school disco, he's been fascinated by it. 'I learnt how to mix in my own bedroom on a really basic

- 25 little system. Very different from what I use now. When I was a teenager, I would DJ at friends' parties or even in the street, just for fun.' Ricardo has just come back from South America where he was working in the top clubs. 'I still have to pinch myself to believe it's true. I never really
- 30 trained for this job. I guess it just comes naturally. And I don't have many formal qualifications, I dropped out of college in the first year, which I regret now. So I need help with the business side of things. I'm setting up my own record label just now and I hope to help young kids who
- 35 are into music get a foot on the ladder."

## hobb

An interest in holistic therapies and a desire to help people lead Valeria Diaz and Helen Lee to set up Stressbusters - an on-site massage service for local businesses. 'After talking to family and friends, it was

- 40 clear that half the local workforce was suffering from stress and tension. People work such long hours that it's hard for them to fit in an appointment in a clinic. So then we had the brainwave of taking the therapies to them, at their desks,' Helen explained. Valeria and Helen
- 45 met at evening classes and hit it off straightaway. Valeria continued, 'We were both doing the courses just out of interest. We got the qualifications but never expected to make a living out of our hobby. But more and more people came to us complaining about being at a desk
- 50 all day, so we decided to turn it into a business.' These businesswomen plan to take on more therapists once Stressbusters is established.

## Glossary

cyclewear: clothes and accessories worn when cycling to mix: to combine sounds from CDs or records to create different musical sounds

holistic therapies: treatments that take care of the body and the mind

## 6 Look at these expressions in context. Choose the correct meaning.

- 1 take the plunge (lines 3-4)
  - a take a bold and important step
- 2 I have to pinch myself (line 29)
  - a I can't believe what people say.
- 3 get a foot on the ladder (line 35)
  - a make a start in business
- 4 had the brainwave (line 43)
  - a had the idea
- 5 hit it off straightaway (line 45)
  - a formed a business immediately
- b take up a hobby
- b I can't believe it's really happening.
- b work harder
- b had the time
- b liked each other immediately

## Learner tip

Don't panic when you come across new vocabulary! Remember to use the context around the word or phrase to help you understand. Also use the wider context of the situation and the relationships between people.

## **VOCABULARY** Sport

### 1 Choose the correct words.

And now sport. First football – after dropping to the third¹ section / division, Wanderers' troubles don't get any easier. There were two near-misses for Martin Dale when he hit a² stick / post and the³ bar / frame. He was just about to ⁴ shoot / score for the third time when he was tackled by Harper, who got a red⁵ card / note. Final score: City 1 – Wanderers 0. On to rugby: three ⁶ drives / tries by O'Keefe gave Ireland a win over France. In the gymnastics, the ⁷ judges / coaches gave Russian Nina Paseka a perfect 10, taking her into the lead. The latest from the Grand Prix, Hans Kellermann has just spun off the ⁶ track / race, trying to ⁶ override / overtake the leader Mark Walker. And in the basketball, Boston have just called a ™ time-up / time-out to discuss ™ tactics / faults. More in our next news ... ¶

## 2 Add each word in the box to the group of words it can go with.

served
tackle
close
sack

- 1 Do you think the team / the sales rep / Lisa / will be .....soon?
- 2 They had to ...... the captain / the original for a copy / some of the ingredients.
- 3 He ...... a great shot / a wonderful meal / several customers.
- 4 She ......two goals / highly on the test / a try in the last minute.
- 5 The decision was taken to ......the manager / the whole team / the captain for poor performance.
- 6 It was a really ...... game / decision / contest / election.
- 8 He tried hard to ...... the problem / the striker / the situation / the shortage.

## Learner tip

Practise your English through your interests, e.g. listen to music and sports commentaries in English, join online clubs and forums with people in other countries, read sports/hobby magazines in English, etc.

## **GRAMMAR** should(n't) have, could(n't) have, would(n't) have

## 3 Write sentences for each situation. Use should have / shouldn't have and the verbs in the box.

apologise for swearing at the referee

	miss so many sessions set off earlier	score in the first half
1	We lost the game by just	
2		ny German classes.
3	They missed the start of They	
4	I	
5		off last summer.
6	They were both sent off They	

## 4 Match the comments (a-f) to the sentences you wrote in Exercise 3.

- a Then they would never have been banned from the next match.
- b Then I wouldn't have put on so much weight.
- c Then we could have gone away for a couple of weeks.
- d Then they wouldn't have disturbed everyone in their row of the theatre.
- Then I would have got by better when trying to make conversation on holiday.
- f Then we might have won the tournament again this season.

### 5 Choose the correct forms.

give up the gym

- 1 We didn't win, but it would have / could have been worse. We could have / might never have come last.
- 2 I would have / wouldn't have called you before, but my battery was dead. I would have / should have charged my mobile before I left.
- 3 We should have / would have loved to have come to the party but the twins were both ill.
- 4 | I would have / wouldn't have normally complained, but the waiter was just so rude.
- 5 I missed the flight, but it should have I could have been worse. It could have I would have been the last one.
- 6 I would have / wouldn't have bothered you but it seemed like an emergency.

## DEVELOPING WRITING

A report – evaluating proposals

6 Read the report on proposals to improve facilities in a residential area. Circle the five aspects that apply to report writing.

passive forms long paragraphs clear language and layout essay format headings numbered points descriptive language fairly impersonal style

- 7 Choose the correct words in the report.
- 8 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets. Make any necessary changes but don't change the word in brackets.
  - 1 The leisure centre will give the city more options. (provide)

The leisure centre .....

2 People could see a range of shows in a state-of-theart theatre. (allow).

A state-of-the-art theatre .....

3 The majority of people will like the sports centre. (appeal)

The sports centre.....

- 4 It's a good proposal to build a theme park. (worth) A theme park .....
- 5 Building a new library would benefit the area. (improvement) Building a new library.....
- 6 You can have conferences at the leisure centre. (held) Conferences .....
- 9 Write a report (150-190 words) based on the task below.

Your local council is planning to build either a library or a concert venue. Write a report, describing the benefits of each project and saying which one you would choose, and why.

## Current situation

<sup>1</sup> Actually / Currently, the area has neither a sports centre 2 not / nor a cinema. The council has the budget to provide just one of these facilities. The 3 reason / purpose of this report is to assess the two proposals and decide which would be more beneficial.

## A sports centre

This would 4 benefit / provide the area in the following ways:

- 1 It would 5 let / allow people of all ages to take part in a range of sporting activities in their free time.
- 2 The facilities could be used by schools and other organisations as part of the <sup>6</sup> generally / overall leisure provision in the area.
- 3 It would create a number of new jobs and 7 bring / take in valuable revenue to the area.

## A cinema

This would offer the following 8 pros / advantages:

- 1 It would provide a family-friendly form of 9 leisure / entertainment and a cultural destination.
- 2 It could be used for providing training for students of media and film studies.
- 3 It would 10 get / attract other businesses to the area, including restaurants and shops.

## Recommendation

While a cinema could offer benefits, it would only appeal 11 for / to certain sections of the community. In my opinion, the council should build a sports centre because it could offer more facilities to a bigger range of people. It would also provide greater job 12 opportunities / vacancies.



## GRAMMAR

## Present perfect continuous and simple

## 1 Match the sentence beginning to the correct ending, a or b.

- 1 I can't find my pen. What on earth
  - a have I done with it?
  - b have I been doing with it?
- 2 She should be good at German by now. She's
  - a learnt it for years.
  - b been learning it for years.
- 3 What's the delay with this train? We've
  - a hung around for ages.
  - b been hanging around for ages.
- 4 Can we try Cuba for a holiday? I've
  - a been fancying that for years.
  - b fancied that for years.
- 5 There's no more snow, so I don't know why they haven't
  - a opened the road yet.
  - b been opening the road yet.
- 6 Serve this lady next. She's the one who's
  - a been waiting the longest.
  - b waited the longest.

## 2 Find and correct three tense or time expression mistakes in each conversation

- 1 A: I didn't know you were keen on horse-riding. How long do you do that?
  - B: Since a year on and off. I'm not very good but I enjoy it. I've just been signing up for classes at the Miller Stables.
  - A: You're kidding! I've been working there part time since March.
- 2 A: You're into windsurfing, aren't you? I never tried it in my life. What's it like?
  - B: Amazing, I've already been going to the coast twice this month. Come with me next time if you like.
  - A: I need to get back in shape first, I think. I've joined the gym and I've still lost a few kilos.
- 3 A: Sorry, have you waited long? My bus was late.
  - B: No, don't worry. I've only already got here.
  - A: OK, have you ever decided which film you want to see?
- 4 A: Where have you been? I've been trying to call you for all morning.
  - B: Sorry, I've been at the dentist's since hours.
  - A: Oh, are you OK?
  - B: Yes, but my tooth has hurted since last night.

## VOCABULARY Injuries and accidents

## 3 Complete the conversations with a phrase from box A and box B. Sometimes there is more than one possible answer.

- A cuts and bruises sprained my knee lost consciousness twisted my ankle had several broken ribs banged her head
- might have torn the ligaments could have broken it could have been killed could have drowned might have broken it
- 1 A: I had to walk with a stick for a few days after I
  - B: I bet that was painful. But it could have been worse. You might have torn the ligament..., falling on the ice like that.
- 2 A: She's pretty shaken up after falling in the river. She ...... and she didn't come round for a couple of minutes.
  - B: I think she had a lucky escape. She .....
- B: That sounds painful, but maybe he had a lucky escape. He ......completely.
- 4 A: They had a serious accident. He ...... and he's just come out of hospital.
  - B: That's so awful, but, if you think about it, I suppose he
- 5 A: Amy ...... really hard when she fell off her bike. And she wasn't wearing a helmet.
  - B: Sorry to hear that, but it could have been worse.

    She ......
- 6 A: I ...... when I slipped down the stairs.

  My whole foot is bandaged up.
  - B: Poor thing. Still, it could have been worse.

## LISTENING

4 5.1 You are going to hear a sports programme about a relatively new sport. Listen and complete the information about touch rugby.



## Touch rugby

## Sport profile Can be played in men's, women's and 1 ..... teams. Getting more popular 2 ..... Started in 3 ..... in the 1960s as a 4 ..... game for players of traditional game. Little equipment needed: just a ball, 5 ...... and a group of friends. Aim Each team to score touchdowns and prevent from scoring. Play similar to traditional game but less physical. 7 ..... and exciting. Benefits 8 .....levels improve, quickly gets heart pumping and burns off excess weight. Develops 9 ...... ball skills and 10 ...... coordination. Player profile Anybody: all shapes, sizes, and 11 ....., can play at own 12 ..... Reasons for taking up the sport

## PRONUNCIATION

Not pronouncing sounds

Simon: to get back in 13 .....

## Language note not pronouncing sounds

Angie: to find a sport she could do with 14 .....

Remember that some sounds are not pronounced in connected speech, especially when a final consonant in a word is followed by another consonant. ... if you don't mind me saying ...

## 5 Mark where you think the sounds disappear in these sentences.

- 1 You can play in men's, women's and mixed teams.
- 2 It's similar to rugby but without the tackling.
- 3 We get people of all shapes, sizes, and ages.
- 4 It's so simple that after two to three games you get the basic skills.
- 5 It's up to you to keep playing and develop your
- 6 I used to travel a lot for work.
- 7 I couldn't find the time to exercise.
- 8 I wanted something my husband and I could do
- 6 9 5.2 Listen and check. Then practise saying the sentences.

## Vocabulary Builder Quiz 5

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 5 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

## 1 Which is the odd one out in each set?

1	hobby	knitting	pursuit	class
2	shoot	serve	fault	ace
3	opponent	replace	volunteer	substitute
4	track	sack	bar	post
5	tore	sprained	disallowed	twisted

## 2 Which word do you need to complete the sentences in

	Cucii Scti
1	Wait! I need to get my back. / He gets very short of
	after walking. / How come you're out of already?
2	How can I build up my? / You have a high level of
	physical / Regular exercise maintains
3	What can I do to get in? / I'm so out of after my
	accident. / Walking helps keep you in
4	I've been a bit of a / She made such a of
	herself. / They made a real out of everyone.
-	- London Harden Landon Control

### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 I've got terrible coordination / flexibility. I can't hit a tennis ball.
- 2 I'm so self-conscious / reluctant. I always go red when I meet people.
- 3 Kids can end up in trouble because of boredom / disappointments.
- 4 He had already promoted / committed several crimes before he left school.
- 5 The meeting was pointless / pointed and a waste of time.
- 6 She's not completely crazy, just a little bit hard / odd.

## 4 Which preposition can complete the sentences in each pair?

- 1 Going ..... to what you said earlier, was he really sacked? When I get my breath ......I'll go and get changed.
- 2 Why are you so stressed? Just chill ...... Double fault! That ball was miles .....
- 3 I bumped ..... the table and bruised my knee. How did he get ..... politics?
- 4 It was hard to keep ..... with the others in the class. They've been thinking of taking ...... Italian.

## 5 Correct one letter in the underlined words.

- 1 We worked up a sweet walking up that hill.
- 2 We spent aged wondering around the market.
- 3 It was really clone but we scored in the last minute.
- 4 The trainer was arrested because the race had been filed.
- 5 Why did they give her the lack from her job?
- 6 The report of the browning hit the town very hard.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

## **ACCOMMODATION**

## VOCABULARY Where you stayed

## 1 Complete the opinions with the words / phrases in the box.

unbearal	oly hot	facilities	weather	incredible		
bother just As it tu took it	We usually stay in a hotel so that we don't have to bother cooking. But the in this place were just it had every gadget you could think of. As it turned out the was, so we took it in turns to make a salad and ate out on the terrace.					
a bit of a	dump	middle	nowhere			
them a this on from th	We've used the network all over the world and most of them are really good value if you're on a budget. But this one was in the					
filthy	muddy	overlo	oked			
us to b to all time w	eautiful ar a b and	eas, but t uilding si d we got a outside. T		e we went		
beaches	stunnir	ng views	deserted	d		
4 I'd never stayed anywhere so luxurious. Everything was so stylish and we had some						
whole	incredit	oly welcor	ming sp	otless		
somew	here smal	ler. We bo	oked for a co	tend to stay ouple of nights		

the ...... place was lovely and clean, just

...... And after breakfast, we didn't need to eat



## 2 Match the opinions in Exercise 1 with the places (a-f). There is one place you don't need.

- a a bed and breakfast
- d a tent
- b a self-catering apartment
- c a youth hostel
- e a camper van
- f a posh hotel

## **GRAMMAR** Modifiers

## 3 Choose the correct word / phrase in brackets and write it in the correct place.

- 1 The room was spacious, considering how little we paid. (quite / a bit / absolutely)
- 2 I've never met him but people say he's a joker. (a bit too / a bit of / a bit)
- 3 The main square was packed with tourists all weekend. (very / absolutely / a bit)
- 4 The tenants left a mess everywhere. (a bit of / completely / really)
- 5 The food was spicy for my liking. (a bit too / not very / a bit of)
- 6 Rents in this area are high just now. (absolutely / very / hardly)
- 7 The trip was a disaster from start to finish. (very / complete / extremely)
- 8 I thought the area around the flat was nice. (a bit / completely / quite)

again until dinner!

## 4 There is one word missing in each sentence. Write it in the correct place.

- 1 What's the matter? You're in a bit of bad mood today.
- 2 There was hardly to do at the resort. The kids were really bored.
- 3 The place was deserted. There was anyone staying at the hotel.
- 4 I'm going to be a late, but only about five minutes.
- 5 I'm going to send this steak back. It's very nice.
- 6 There are hardly vacancies during the summer.
- 7 Turn the TV down. It's a bit too.

## 5 Rewrite sentences 1-4 to make them weaker and 5-8 to make them stronger. Use the words in brackets and change words if necessary.

- 1 The area down by the station is really filthy. (quite) The area down by the station is quite dirty.
- 2 The hotel was a complete rip-off. (a bit too)
- 3 The campsite was a nightmare. (bit)
- 4 The hotel room was really cramped. (not / particularly)
- 5 The food was quite tasty. (absolutely)
- 6 The weather wasn't great. (completely)
- ...... 7 The campsite wasn't very attractive. (complete)
- 8 The view was quite interesting. (really)

## **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

Negative questions

## 6 Match the statements (1–6) and the questions (a–h). There are two questions you don't need.

.....

- 1 We'd better be going now.
- 2 We're going to ask for our money back.
- 3 We've just booked a fortnight in Spain.
- 4 We were burgled last month.
- 5 We came back off holiday early.
- 6 We're thinking of moving abroad.
- a Really? Wasn't the meal very good?
- b Why? Didn't you like the resort much?
- c Oh, haven't you had a holiday yet?
- d You're kidding! Aren't you very happy here any more?
- e Honestly? Couldn't you rent a flat for a while?
- f No way. Aren't things in this area going down hill?
- g Oh, can't you stay a bit longer?
- h Why not? Isn't it satisfactory?

## LISTENING

## 7 6.1 You are going to hear three conversations. Listen and choose the correct information about each situation.

- 1 two friends on the beach / in a field looking for their tent / camper van
- 2 a couple in their own home / a flat for sale talking to an interior designer / a TV presenter
- 3 two chambermaids / a chambermaid and a manager in a posh hotel / bed and breakfast

## 8 Listen again. Are these statements true or false?

- 1 Phil thought he knew where they were going.
- 2 Lisa disturbed someone who was sleeping.
- 3 Lisa complained of getting dirty.
- 4 The TV team had changed the heating and lighting.
- 5 The walls were covered in lots of different colours.
- 6 The presenter agreed that the makeover wasn't very good.
- Magda had worked more slowly than usual.
- 8 The guests in room 129 didn't leave it very tidy.
- Helen wasn't very sympathetic to Magda's complaints.

## Language note diphthongs

A diphthong is a sound formed by the combination of two vowels in a single syllable: coin /oi/ dear /io/ place /ei/ buy /ai/ There are eight diphthongs in English (see also Workbook page 47).

## **PRONUNCIATION** Diphthongs

## 9 \$ 6.2 Listen to these sounds.

/19/

101/

## 10 Match the symbols to the underlined words.

- 1 We're trying to sleep. 3 Sorry to hear that.
- 2 Join us again ...
- 4 Go and have a break.

## 11 Which letters in bold have a different sound?

- n**ow**adays 1 boy spoilt empl**oy**ment 2 site fixed quite height 3 liar weird idea beer 4 leader self-catering breakdown training
- 12 Listen and check. Practise saying the words.

## GRAMMAR have/get something done

## 1 Complete the sentences for each cartoon using the verbs in the box.

get a tattoo / do should / have the roof / check just have his motorbike / stolen have to / get her shoe / repair

get her ears / pierce have / central heating / install







2 She wants.....



3 They ..... of each other's names.



4 He needs to .....



5 They ...... before they bought it.



**6** He.....

## UNDERSTANDING VOCABULARY Idioms

## 2 Complete the conversations with the idioms.

costs an arm and a leg taking the mickey the ball is in his court through rose-coloured glasses make ends meet finding my feet out of pocket in small doses

- 1 A: I've told Tom that I'm going on holiday on my own if he can't fix a date to come with me.
  - B: Well done! So now .....
- 2 A: Doesn't Millie dominate the conversation all the time?
  - B: Tell me about it. I enjoy her company but only
- 3 A: How's Max getting on at college?
  - B: His studies are going great but he's short of money.
  - A: Couldn't he get a part-time job to help .....?
- 4 A: I don't think Tim understands how serious the situation is. We're way behind schedule.
  - B: I know, but he always looks at things .....
- 5 A: What was the festival like?
  - B: The bands were great but I've come back completely broke.
  - A: I know what you mean. Everything ...... at these things.

## Learner tip

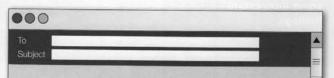
Understanding idioms can be fun, as they often create interesting images, but be careful not to overuse them in speaking or writing or you might sound rather unnatural.

- 6 A: Are you enjoying your new job?
  - B: Yes, thanks, but I don't really understand all the systems yet. I'm still .......
- 7 A: You should get a pair of those leopard-skin leggings. They'd look great on you.
  - B: Stop ......l'd look awful!
  - A: Sorry. I was only teasing.
- 8 A: How come you ended up paying the hotel bill?
  - B: Kim paid for the flights, but they were a real bargain. The hotel cost double, so I'm completely ......now.

### **DEVELOPING WRITING** An email – giving news

# 3 Read the email quickly. Match the opening sentences to the paragraphs.

- a We are slowly finding our feet.
- b Hello to all of you back home.
- c I don't start work properly until next week.
- d Everyone in the block seems pretty friendly.
- e Well, we're finally here after all that planning.



- 1 ...... Sorry I haven't had time to contact each of you but it's all been a bit hectic.
- <sup>2</sup> ...... We had a few problems on the journey and there was no-one to meet us when we landed in Rio. A great start! In the end my boss came to pick us up. I'd only met her once before but she was fine about it and the kids helped to break the ice.
- <sup>3</sup> ...... We spent the first week in the company flat, which was OK but very impersonal. I must admit both Elena and I felt a bit homesick. Then we found a furnished flat last week, which was a relief. All our boxes arrived safely on the removal van and having familiar stuff here has made us feel more at home.
- <sup>4</sup> ..... Needless to say, it's the kids who've made the biggest connection with the locals. They think it's a big adventure and don't seem to miss home too much.
- <sup>5</sup> ...... I feel a bit nervous about it but that's why we're here after all. I'll let you know how I get on.

Cheers for now. Luke



### 4 Read the email again and circle the topics that Luke mentions.

the weather the cost of living the journey accommodation getting to know people learning a new language the cost of living accommodation work food

### 5 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words and expressions with the language in the box.

hectic	break the ice
missing	feel homesick
locals	find our feet
we get on	it was a relief

- 1 We'll let you know how <u>successful we are</u> at finding a flat.
- 2 I must admit I haven't had time to <u>be sad about</u> <u>not being at home.</u>
- 3 My work schedule has been so <u>busy</u>! haven't had a minute to call home.
- 4 Esme is really <u>sad because she can't see</u> her grandma, but I think she'll be fine.
- 5 The people in the area have been so kind and helpful.
- 6 I was feeling worried about the first day in the new office but my boss helped to ease the tension.
- 7 We felt more relaxed and happy when we'd landed safely in Vancouver.
- 8 It's taken a while but we're starting to <u>feel</u> confident in our new surroundings.

### 6 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 It was hard at first but we're slowly picking
- 2 Everyone at the office made me
- 3 The hardest thing was moving across time
- 4 We've finally got our stuff
- 5 I forgot to bow to the boss the worst cultural
- 6 We had to have the whole house
- 7 You couldn't believe the prices you can get
- a zones and dealing with the jet lag.
- b shipped over from the UK to here.
- c by on about \$10 a day!
- d gaffe you can make!
- e cleaned before we could move in. Charming!
- f feel very welcome from day one.
- g up the local language.
- 7 Imagine you have just relocated to a new country. Write a general email (150–190 words) to update your friends and give your news. Include three or four of the topics in Exercise 4.

### READING

### 1 Read the article quickly. What is the main topic?

- a how to deal with the problems faced by the children of immigrants
- b how art was used to help Bangladeshi children's home life
- c how Bangladeshi children see home

### 2 Read the article again. Are these statements true, false, or doesn't the text say? The researchers

- 1 had already done a lot of research with young children.
- 2 understood the children's ideas by asking them to write and make things.
- 3 had expected to find a difference in how the children saw 'home' and 'away'.
- 4 asked the children to categorise their work according to country.

### The children

- 5 preferred shopping in Bangladesh because it was cheaper.
- 6 had problems with the two aspects of their identity.
- 7 tended to think of Bangladesh as a place for a holiday.
- 8 only ever ate Bangladeshi food.
- 9 didn't relate distance with the closeness of a relationship.

## 3 Look at the words in bold in the article. What do they refer to?

# 4 Write the missing prepositions. Look back at the article if you need to.

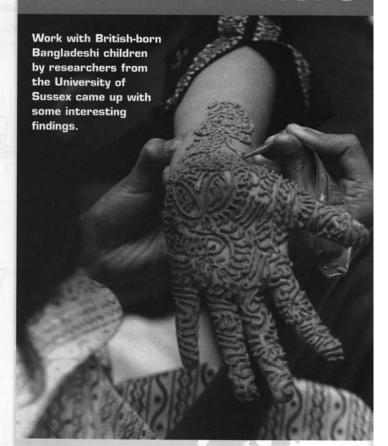
- 1 come up ......interesting findings / a good idea / a possible solution
- 2 set ...... a research project / a small business / a roadblock
- 3 take part ......an art workshop / a reality TV programme / a sports tournament
- 4 divide ...... two categories / equal portions / groups of three
- 5 work ...... what 'home' meant / the correct answer / the final amount

### Language note collective nouns

A collective noun is a word that represents a group, e.g. committee, team, family, police, etc. We often use a plural verb even though the noun is singular: Home is simply where the family are.

Leeds are winning: they have just scored.

# Home is where



The researchers set up the project after finding that little work had been done with children whose families had moved to Britain from another country. Their research was in schools in East London, **where** there is a large south Asian community who regularly visit family in Bangladesh. The main themes of the research were 'home' and 'journeys', and the children took part in art workshops and diary-writing tasks.

The children were given art materials to use in painting and model-making. In one task, the nine- and ten-year-olds divided the art they had made into two categories – 'home' and 'away'. When the researchers looked at the art, they said they found it wasn't immediately clear which piece referred to which place.

Dr Kanwal Mand, one of the researchers, explained that the children were asked to do prints or pictures and that they used colour categories to indicate 'home' (blue) or 'away' (red). **They** avoided naming the categories as Bangladesh or Britain, as they wanted the children to work out what 'home' and 'away' meant to them.

# the heart is

Her colleague, Dr Katy Gardner, explained that when the children compared 'home' and 'away', there were some surprising results. Some images, like those showing the Asian tradition of painting hands, were found in both the 'home' and 'away' piles. Other pictures showed images of Mecca next to Big Ben and other London landmarks. Gadgets and consumer goods such as Nintendos, mobile phones and football shirts were linked to Bangladesh. Dr Mand suggested that this might be because the children could afford to buy such objects there.

The children did not appear confused by the two sides of their identity and were not suffering from any clash of culture. They were well adapted to living in London and were skilled translators. Dr Gardener said that the children often thought of Bangladesh as other Londoners might. They complained about the heat, mosquito bites, and the spiders and frogs. Many of them saw Bangladesh also as a tourist destination and talked about its shopping malls and fun fairs.

In one workshop, the pupils drew circular diagrams of what is important to them, where people, places or objects they didn't like were furthest from the centre. Dr Gardner explained that the people the children thought of as closest were not necessarily those who lived near them. Some of their relations in Bangladesh were positioned really close to the children in the diagram, while cousins who lived nearby were positioned further away. Things that the children liked and related to were quite close, for example, Manchester United, and things they didn't like such as Brussels sprouts were positioned far away.

She added that if the children had family in Bangladesh they saw that as home, and if they had relations in London they saw that as home, too. It seems that people view home through family. Home is simply where the family are.

### Glossary

workshop: a meeting to discuss / perform practical work in a subject or activity

Mecca: the holy city of Islam

Brussels sprouts: small cabbage-like vegetables

### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 6

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 6 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

### 1 Read the statements. Was each experience positive (/) or negative (X)?

- The place was a real dump.
- 2 It was a bit of a tourist trap, to be honest
- 3 The heat was absolutely unbearable.
- 4 Described as 'up-and-coming', it was really just a building site.
- 5 All the food seemed very bland.
- 6 The beaches on the island were usually deserted.

### 2 Complete each sentence with one word.

- Remember to take the cost of food and drink into
- 2 I think it's fair ..... if he doesn't want to come with us.
- 3 Your music's very loud, could you possibly keep it
- 4 He must be seriously out of ..... after paying for that meal.
- 5 I still haven't got over my jet ..... after my trip to
- 6 We've been slaving ..... on this for weeks.

### 3 Add the missing prefix or suffix.

- 1 I could hardly speak, I was so ...... whelmed by his kindmess.
- 2 It's a common ...... conception that culture shock only lasts a few days.
- 3 Psycholog ...... have studied the process in detail.
- 4 Our holiday already feels as if it happened in another exist .....!
- 5 I wish you didn't look so critic ...... at everything
- 6 Make sure you get confirm ..... of the booking.

### 4 Replace the underlined words with a more descriptive adjective from VB Unit 6.

- 1 The price of the food in this restaurant is silly.
- 2 It started pouring down and we got very wet.
- 3 The rooms in this hotel are absolutely big.
- 4 The house we rented was quite a long way from
- 5 The moutain scenery was very nice to look at.
- 6 The rooms hadn't been properly cleaned and were very dirty.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

# NATURE

### VOCABULARY Weather

### 1 Choose the correct words.

- 1 A: Wasn't that storm / tornado incredible yesterday? The thunder was so strong / loud, I jumped right out of my chair. And the flashes / crashes of lightning lit up the whole sky. It was amazing!
  - B: Actually, I didn't think it was much fun. I got absolutely wet / soaked on the way home.
- 2 A: I can't stand this weather. It's so cold I nearly freezing / froze to death on the bus to work.
  - B: I know what you mean. I missed / lost the feeling in my fingers and my lips made / turned blue just getting to the car!
- 3 A: Did you enjoy the view from the top?
  - B: Actually, it wasn't very clear when we got up there.
  - A: That's pretty common. Some days we get really strong / thick fog. You have to wait ages for it to lift / rise.
- 4 A: I wasn't that keen on Florida. The heat / hot was unbearable and it was so wet / humid I needed a shower every hour.
  - B: When we were there, the wind was really boiling / blowing. It was so strong / tough we hardly went out all week.
- 5 A: Is it still *pouring / spilling* down near the beach? It was awful earlier on.
  - B: No, it's cleared / eased off quite a bit over here. It's only really spitting / dripping now. We should be OK for a walk.
- 6 A: The temperature dropped and the rain turned to hail / snow. The stones were really hard and they bounced all over the road.
  - B: I cycle everywhere and it's easy to skip / skid when it's like that, but at least it doesn't remain / settle and last for ages.
- 7 A: I've never known weather like it. Hundreds of trees have been cut *down / blown* down by the wind and we've have days of *non-stop / no-stop* rain.
  - B: I know. Did you see those poor people whose houses got flooded / flood? One elderly couple got lost / stuck in their house and had to be rescued.

### **GRAMMAR** Narrative tenses

2 Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs. Use the past simple, past continuous, present perfect or past perfect.

### Tornado alley

11.....(watch) this documentary the other night about tornadoes, 2.....(never / see) anything like it before. It 3 ...... (film) in 'Tornado Alley' in the US - states like Oklahoma and Kansas, which are major hotspots for tornadoes. The programme 4 ...... (show) a tornado that 5 ..... (form) just outside a small town in South Dakota. There was a family who 6 ......(not realise) that the storm 7 ..... (come) and had just minutes to get into their truck and set off in the opposite direction. Then there was this guy who 8..... (work) as a storm chaser for years, a professional scientist whose job is to plant sensors into the path of the wind. 19 ..... (not believe) anyone would do this! While he and his friend 10 ..... (speed) along in an ordinary car, one of the biggest tornadoes of that year 11 ..... (move) right towards them. It 12 ...... (be) like something out of a movie. They 13 ......(manage) to plant the sensor and then the tornado just 14 ...... (die) away. Apparently, they don't last that long and they only travel about ten kilometres – far enough though if you live in 'Tornado Alley'.



### 3 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 Typical! The weather only turned bad after
- 2 It was so beautiful to see the rainbow after
- 3 The fog was so thick I couldn't see a thing as
- 4 We decided to shelter under some trees until
- 5 My friend from South Africa had never
- 6 It started to pour down just as we
- a the rain eased off and the sun came out.
- b the storm had passed.
- c seen snow until she came to Scotland.
- d I'd booked a week's holiday.
- e were walking back from the beach.
- f I was driving along the motorway.

### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

Making stories more dramatic

# 4 Choose the correct lines from the box to complete the conversations.

- a as hard as nails and nothing will grow in this drought.
- b so packed we couldn't get a seat and then we missed our connection
- c as cold as ice the whole weekend we were there.
- d something like two litres of water with just the main course.
- e so deep I had to dig my car out first.
- f something like double the price the locals pay.
- 1 A: Don't go shopping in the tourist areas. B: Oh? Why is that?
  - A: They charge .....
- 2 A: I would never stay there again.
  - B: Why? What was the problem?
  - A: It was freezing. Our room was .....
- 3 A: Did you get through the snow OK?
- B: Yes, but it took ages. It was ......4
  A: It was the journey from hell.
  - B: Why? What happened?
  - A: The first train was ......
- 5 A: What was the food like?
  - B: OK, but very salty. I drank .....
- 6 A: I never thought I would say this but I wish it would rain.
  - B: Yes, me too. The ground is .....

### LISTENING

### 5 % 7.1 Listen to two people talking about a new cloud formation. What's the relationship between Jan and Eddie?

- a a scientist and a reporter
- b a lecturer and student
- c two friends

### 6 Listen again and write the correct letter E (Eddie) or J (Jan).

Who ...

- 1 already knew about the cloud?
- 2 thought the other person was taking the mickey?
- 3 finds more information to support his / her argument?
- 4 gives descriptions of the clouds?
- 5 suggests they find out more about the Cloud Appreciation Society?
- 6 is pleased by the other person's change of attitude?

### PRONUNCIATION' Intonation

### Language note intonation

Intonation is the changes in sound produced by the rise and fall of the voice. English tends to use quite a wide voice range, particularly when expressing surprise, interest or enthusiasm. A flat intonation can give the impression that you are not interested, especially when talking to native speakers.

### 7 Practise saying these sentences.

- 1 A new type of what?
- 2 Eddie, are you winding me up? It's not April Fools' day, is it?
- 3 No way! You're kidding. Let me see that.
- 4 Wow! You're right. Those photos are amazing.
- 5 Wow, you've really got in to this, haven't you?
- 6 Who would've thought a cloud could create so much interest?
- 8 Listen and check. Practise again and try to imitate the intonation.

### **GRAMMAR** Participle clauses

### 1 Complete the sentences about challenges to the natural world with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

	each ecome	live cut down	recycle invest	affect pollute
1	The nur	nber of people	e	their
	carbon t	footprint isn't	rising fast	enough.
2	The per	centage of pe	ople	
	everyda	y materials ha	sn't risen l	by much.
3	Few of t	he agreemen	ts	on
	climate	change are ha	aving a rea	effect.
4	The nur	nber of specie	·s	extinct
	worldw	ide shows no	sign of slov	wing.
5	The am	ount of mone	y	in green
	technol	ogy is too low	soft chine	113 116
6	Seas an	d rivers	by in	dustry are
	never fu	illy cleaned up	Э.	
7		f the people n		by
	climate	change have	little politic	cal
	influenc	ce.		
8	The per	centage of the	e populatio	n

# 2 Choose the correct form Then complete

.....to over 80 is rising.

th	e sentences to make them true for your
to	wn/city.
1	The percentage of young people going / gone to university
2	The amount of affordable housing building / built
3	The job opportunities <i>creating / created</i> for young people
4	The percentage of people lived / living alone
5	The amount of money invested / investing
	in transport
6	The number of tourists visited / visiting

### READING

### 3 Read the webpage opposite quickly. Who wrote it and why?

- a a science writer to reply to requests for information
- b a travel writer to recommend places to see
- c a traveller to describe places he / she has visited

### 4 Read the webpage again and match the opinions to the places. There is one opinion you don't need.

- 1 'I never knew they came in so many colours. And seeing them move around their native habitat in such numbers was such a joy.'
- 2 'We weren't sure it was going ahead so it was such a treat when we saw the first streak of colour appear. I thought I was going to cry.'
- 3 'I never thought I would get so close to one. To see it erupting was the most awe-inspiring thing I've ever seen.'
  - 4 'I had to pinch myself on the first day. I couldn't believe I was up-close and personal with these incredible animals.'
- 5 'I must have taken hundreds of photos. The shapes and colours were just so different from what we have at home.'

### 5 Which place / activity

- 1 is a long distance from a town / city?
- 2 has an attraction that may or may not appear?
- 3 has official status as an important natural area?
  - 4 is a destination for people with a particular hobby?
- 5 involves close contact with animals?
  - 6 occurs in different parts of the world?
  - 7 has animal life in a spectacular range of colours?
  - 8 includes a well-known landmark?

### 6 Write the missing verbs. Look back at the webpage if you need to.

- 1 If you're into marine life,..... no further than the waters off the south coast
- 2 The forest ...... an incredible range of wildlife and plants.
- 3 Go up to the top of the hill. The view will ......your breath away.
- 4 The site was just beautiful, ...... by huge mountains and dense forest.
  - 5 Hours waiting and we didn't even .....a glimpse of a bird or animal. It was such a waste of time.
    - 6 These waters ..... the perfect habitat for dolphins.



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# Natural Wonders Not To Be Missed

If you want to see something that will take your breath away, forget the Sydney Opera House, Golden Gate Bridge or even the Great Wall of China. Look no further than the natural world for inspiration. Here's a selection of must-see places and must-do activities from around the globe.

# Aurora Borealis or the 'Northern Lights' is the name given to the extraordinary natural phenomenon of coloured lights seen in the skies of the northern regions of Scandinavia, Alaska and Canada. Often described as the most spellbinding natural firework display, the lights fill the sky with dancing streams of red, yellow, green and violet. Never the same twice, the appeal of the lights is made all the stronger in that their appearance is not guaranteed. The right combination of conditions has to be in place for this magic show to start.

### A plant-lovers' paradise

If plants are your passion, then look no further than South Africa, which is home to about tenper cent of all known species on earth. The Western Cape includes the fynbos – a unique type of vegetation consisting of thousands of plant species native to the area. So special is the vegetation here that it has been designated as one of the earth's six plant kingdoms. The Cape Floral Region, which includes the iconic symbol of Cape Town – Table Mountain, became a Unesco World Heritage Site in 2004. Among this glorious floral spectacle, one of the highlights must be the 130 species of protea, which come in all shapes, sizes and colours.



# Brilliant bird life, spectacular setting

If your idea of bird watching is waiting for hours on a rainy day to catch a glimpse of a dull, brown bird, think again. The small central American country of Guatemala boasts an incredible range of bird life, all in glorious technicolour. Among the birds is the elusive Resplendent Quetzal, whose courtship and nesting behaviour attract birdwatchers from around the world. And the national parks and nature reserves around Lake Atitlán provide the perfect habitat for the 320 species recorded in the area. The shimmering waters of the lake are surrounded by forests and dominated by the impressive cones of three dormant volcances.

### Lend a hand to the elusive panda

If you've only ever seen a giant panda on a TV wildlife documentary, take the opportunity to live alongside one of the world's rarest and most adored animals. Set in the majestic surroundings at the foot of the Qinling mountains, the Shaanxi Province Rescue and Breeding Research Center near Xian in China welcomes volunteers to work with these fascinating creatures. The tasks include monitoring the animals' behaviour, preparing the bamboo which is their staple diet, and keeping their pens clean. Not for the average tourist as the location is pretty remote, but animal lovers could find themselves working with some of the other amazing species indigenous to China such as the Golden Monkey or Crested Ibis.

### Glossary

phenomenon: a fact or event, especially in nature courtship: animal behaviour to attract a mate ibis: a species of bird with long legs and a long neck

### UNDERSTANDING VOCABULARY

The different meanings of words

### 1 Complete the pairs of sentences with the correct form of these words.

b	lossom	flood	plant	root	seed	stem	stormy
1	The area	has bee	n hit by	a numb	er of fier	ce electr	ical
	Despite lasted 4			public re	elationsh	nip, their	marriage
2	ground	in the au	tumn.				wn to the
			rest in Cl nd travel				time he
3		r burst it e damag		resultin	g in	tl	hat caused
		opies of	designer	bags ar	nd watch	es have.	
4			st novel v r is starti				uccess, her
			for its ce				in
5	A new a edge of		oodland l	has just	been		on the
			the elect				the idea
6	I was su	re he wa	and the second s	nt until	the dete	ctive's co	mments
	planted	the	of	fdoubt	in my m	ind.	
7		ars of tra n		hey dec	ided to s	ettle in t	the US and
	The		ause of t	he fina	ncial cris	is was p	oor



### **DEVELOPING WRITING**

A story – using the first line

# 2 Complete the story with the time expressions in the box.

when	just	suddenly	within seconds
while	before	later	on this particular night

I'd never been so terrified in all my life. It all
happened on a flight from New York to London,
1 the plane flew into a storm. I'd done
that overnight trip hundred of times 2
and never even noticed the weather. 3
there was nothing eventful about the start of the
journey. It was a relatively quiet flight and we took
off more or less on time.
* the crew was talking us through
the safety drill, I flipped through the in-flight
magazine and then tried to sleep. A couple of hours
5, I was woken by the pilot's
announcement about turbulence. 6 two of
the flight attendants were hurrying up and down
the plane, checking safety belts.
Then? I got the fright of my life. There
was an incredibly loud bang and the plane shook
violently. It dropped through the air for what
seemed ages and I thought my time was up. I could
hear the others passengers screaming. Then pilot
explained that we'd been hit by lightning but that
we'd * come through the storm and there
was nothing to worry about. It was such a relief
when we landed in London safe and sound.

### Choose the correct words.

- 1 I got the frightened / fright of my life.
- 2 I was afraid / scared stiff.
- 3 I was almost scared to death / die by it.
- 4 We were all thrown into a panic / panicked.
- 5 I was shaking with fear I scare.

### 4 Match 1-6 and a-f.

I could hear ...

- 1 the waves
- 2 the flames
- 3 the horse's hooves
- 4 the dog
- 5 my heart
- 6 the bull
- a snorting and stamping.
- b thumping in my ears.
- c thundering towards me.
- d crackling as the fire got nearer.
- e growling and snarling.
- f crashing against the boat.

### 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- The weather ...... (be) beautiful all morning but then clouds suddenly ...... (appear) out of nowhere and the rain ..... (start) to pour down.
- 3 I......(just settle) down to sleep in the tent when I.....(hear) a loud roar. I.....(not dare) look outside for fear of what I might see.

- 7 The smoke ....... (become) so overwhelming I ...... (can) hardly breathe. Then the sound of the helicopter filled the area and I knew I ...... (going to) be OK.
- 8 Although I ...... (explore) this area hundreds of times before, I ...... (never experience) such ferocious weather conditions. I thought I ..... (will never) get off the mountain alive.

### Learner tip

Before you write a story, think about the background to the setting and character(s). Ask yourself: Who? When? Where? What? Why? and make notes on the key events before you start.

### 6 Write a story (150–190 words) for the short story competition below. Use one of these ideas if you want to.

- being caught in bad weather
- being chased/bitten by an animal
- getting lost in a remote place

You have decided to enter a short story competition in an English-language magazine. The story must begin with the words:

I'd never been so terrified in all my life.

### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 7

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 7 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

### 1 Which is the odd one out in each set?

1	lift	ease	clear	hit
2	freeze	fog	hail	ice
3	harrass	extremist	intimidate	threat
4	root	breed	seed	stem
5	water	invasive	native	lethal

### 2 Which word can complete both sentences?

- 1 Did you hear that clap of .....?
  Lorries .......... past the house every few seconds.
- 2 The snow startle to ....., making the road dangerous. We will soon .....into the new routine.
- 3 Racing drivers need ..... reactions.
  A flash of ...... lit up the sky.
- 4 I hope this fog will .....soon.
  This bag is too heavy for me to .....
- 5 His comments will ......a serious debate. A tiny ......can set off a forest fire.

### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 This weather is awful. We'd better pull out / over to the side of the road
- 2 A good diet is often associated with / to living a long time.
- 3 His decision deemed / was deemed to be unacceptable.
- 4 The firm has just made her a board owner / member.
- 5 I dare / contest you to eat this chilli.
- 6 The teacher's help was significance / invaluable in helping the students pass.
- 7 We can go out as the rain is easing off / down a bit.
- 8 The boy was praised for his *bravery / combat* in rescuing the dog.

# 4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets.

- 1 It's no (exaggerate) to say the flood has been devastating.
- 2 We need to provide for an (age) population.
- 3 The problem of witness (harrass) is rising.
- 4 The officials reported several cases of voter (intimidate).
- 5 Strike leaders have agreed to the (resume) of talks with management.
- 6 Farming continues to be heavily (subsidy).
- 7 They were found to be in (violate) of the law.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

8

# **CRIME AND PUNISHMENT**

### **VOCABULARY** Crimes

### 1 Choose the correct words.

- 1 It's pretty rough round here now. The number of street *robberies / burglaries* has gone up a lot.
- 2 It turned out it wasn't a disappearance / smuggling. The girl had just decided to run away.
- 3 They were convicted of *fraud / burglary* after selling shares in companies that didn't exist.
- 4 If you kill someone when you are racing / speeding, to me it's still murder / death.
- 5 The city was in crisis for days after a series of bombings / bombers and then violent / riots in the streets.
- 6 The student flat was raided / bombed yesterday and the police seized / smuggled a small quantity of hard drugs.

### 2 Complete the conversations with the verbs in the box.

W	as killed	had just gone of	f had set fire
1	B: Well, I sa	to the building.	first I thought someone Then a passerby explained was a miracle that no-one
W	as only doin	g 've gone	got caught
2	speeding overdraw in a 30-n B: What are	fine and now I <sup>2</sup> vn. I wouldn't mind b nile zone.	t week. I've just paid a £70 a hundred pounds out I <sup>3</sup> 34 miles pout? You shouldn't have ace.
V	anished	came back	found murdered
3	week? B: No, what A: Apparent	was that? tly, he went abroad t No-one knew v completely. His he other day. They th	who was <sup>1</sup> last so work then he just never where on earth he was. He dead body turned up in hink he was involved in
h		'd smashed	'd never been broken into

4 A: Maddie told me about the burglary. You poor things.

B: Yeah, we 1..... before so it was a real shock. They

<sup>2</sup>..... the window in the back door to get in. I

reckon they must've been disturbed because they

3 ...... much – just a bit of Maddie's jewellery.

1	s found dead	never comes back	'd been beaten
5	B: Oh, it's a crir meet his ma a back street	ne story. It's about a kid v ites but ¹The t. He ³ to deat	n he ² in th.
ē	ittacked	came up to	'd grabbed
ь	B: I was just te to ask the til bag and disa A: What a nigh B: To be honest	exting my friend and this of the Mext thing I knew, he deppeared into the crowd. tmare. You must've been to I was more relieved that	terrified.
D	EVELOPIN	G CONVERSATION	NS
C	omments ar	nd questions	
C	orrect one mista	ake in each reply.	
1	A: We had our	car stolen last weekend.	
2			
_			
3	A: What's your book about?  B: Oh, it's a crime story. It's about a kid who goes out to meet his mates but 1		
4			h scare
-			U scarc.
5			riving
		0	6.
6		roke into the local sports	centre.

4 Match the follow-up questions (a-h) to the conversations (1-6) in Exercise 3. There are two questions you don't need.

Are the insurance company sorting it all out for you?

c What kind of example does that set to their fans?

a What were they protesting about?

d How did they get hold of all his details?

h Did they find a device anywhere nearby?

e Did they get away with much stuff?

b How fast was he going?

g When did they release him?

### GRAMMAR Showing degrees of certainty with modal verbs

### 5 Choose the correct forms.

- 1 He can't / mustn't be very sorry because he keeps on committing crimes.
- 2 You should have I must have reported the break-in straightaway.
- 3 His family can't / must be desperate, not knowing when he'll be released.
- 4 You can't be feeling I feeling very happy in the house after the burglary.
- 5 The police think the gang mustn't / can't have got far, so they have set up road blocks.
- 6 The police must have investigated / been investigating the case for months.
- 7 You might / should get your bag stolen if you keep leaving it lying around.
- 8 They shouldn't have been doing / done that speed in a residential area.

### 6 Rewrite the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1 It was a better idea for me to report him to the police. (should)

I should've reported him to the police: 2 I feel sure you were shocked by the robbery. (must)

3 It's possible he was at the scene of the crime. (might)

......

- 4 It was a better idea for you to protect all your personal information. (should)
- 5 I feel sure she isn't guilty of fraud. (can't)
- 6 Perhaps she isn't living in this area anymore. (might)

.........

- 7 It was possible for there to be a nasty accident. (could)
- 8 I feel sure the burglar wasn't more than 15 years old. (couldn't)

### LISTENING

### 7 🥏 8.1 Listen to Part 1 of a radio programme. What is its main purpose?

- a to talk about a popular type of fiction
- b to tell a detective story
- c to interview a crime writer

### Listen to Part 2. Are these statements true or false?

- 1 Crime stories and thrillers account for less than half of general fiction books.
- 2 Victoria's company has never published anything but crime stories.
- 3 Her company has published two award-winning authors.
- 4 She thinks the storyline is the most important thing in a crime novel.
- There is a big variety of places and time periods in crime fiction.
- 6 Victoria thinks crime fiction is more popular with men.
- Victoria doesn't care about whether a writer is a man or a woman

### **PRONUNCIATION** Diphthongs

### Language note diphthongs

Remember there are eight diphthongs in English. (See also Workbook page 35)

### 9 % 8.2 Listen to these sounds.

/au/ found /əu/ hello /uə/ cure

### 10 Match the sounds to the underlined words.

- 1 even rural parts of Scandinavia
- 2 we started to focus on just crime
- 3 a multi-million pound industry.
- 4 some people enjoy being scared

### 11 Which letters in bold have a different sound?

- 1 know crown thousand surround
- 2 although promote court throat
- 3 plural tour cure sour
- 4 dreadful wear millionaire prayer
- 12 § 8.3 Listen and check. Practise saying the words.

### VOCABULARY

Crime and punishment

### 1 Cross out one word or phrase that isn't correct in each group.

- 1 He was released early / from good behaviour / after an appeal.
- 2 The prisoners are treated well / very harshly / with respect / good.
- 3 They need to place more emphasis on / underwent / try new approaches to rehabilitation.
- 4 It was her first / a really serious / only a small / a public order offence.
- 5 Prisoners share / have tiny / are released from / are locked in their cells.
- 6 He got a small fine / a short sentence / live / the death penalty.
- 2 Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first, using the correct form of the verbs in the box and any other words you need.

launch serve get convict release

He was allowed to leave prison after his legal team proved his innocence.
 He ......after his legal team proved his

innocence.

They proved in a court of law that she was guilty of

She .....identity theft.

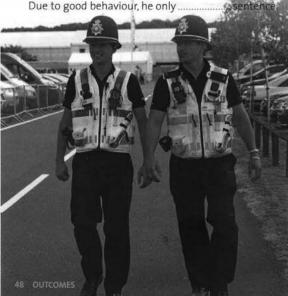
identity theft.

3 Although his supporters started an appeal, they weren't successful in keeping him out of prison.

Despite ......his supporters weren't successful in keeping him out of prison.

4 The courts fined her one thousand euros. She ......fine.

5 Due to good behaviour, he was in prison for 18 months, not two years.



### GRAMMAR

Nouns and prepositional phrases

### 3 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Add a preposition if necessary.

excuse involvement damage quality need respect risk point

- 1 I can't see the ... Round. Arm., speed cameras. People just speed up again after them.
- 2 Some people have no ..... the police.
- 3 I think there's definitely a ..... more police out on the streets.
- 4 She didn't have an ..... her bad behaviour.
- 5 There's a ...... prison will just produce more hardened criminals.
- 6 A safe and secure environment hugely improves people's ......life.
- 7 Was there much ...... your car in the accident?
- 8 How can we increase people's ..... their local community?

# 4 Complete the sentences. Use a different preposition in each pair.

- 1 a There's a problem ..... my computer.
  - b I don't want to create a problem ...... you.
- 2 a I've earned hardly any interest ...... my savings.
  - b Do you have much interest ..... modern art?
- 3 a Older people need to set a good example ..... teenagers.
  - b This is an example ...... his best work.
- 4 a The introduction of the new law didn't have much impact ...... crime rates.
  - b The impact..... the changes won't be known for many years.
- 5 a There's a strong argument ..... educating prison
  - b They had an argument ...... the person who caused the accident.

### Learner tip

Remember to keep a note of nouns that can go with more than one preposition in your vocabulary notebook.

### **DEVELOPING WRITING** An online forum – giving opinions

- 5 Read the post below from an online forum quickly. Choose the best heading.
  - a It feels like a police state
  - b Cameras are a necessary evil
- 6 Choose the correct words.

000

Modern cities are full of cameras - on the high street, in shops and banks, and more recently even in schools. People say they want a return 1 for / to the 'good old days' when they could walk down the street without 2 watching / being watched. I don't think this time ever really existed but it's right that people are concerned 3 about / of the surveillance society. In an ideal world, we 4 would've / would all live without any forms of control, but the 5 true / truth is that people break the law every day. Reports of burglaries, car theft, assaults and damage 6 on / to property fill the news. In fact, I was the victim of an unprovoked attack in the city centre last year. I wasn't badly hurt but thanks 7 of / to the cameras in the area, the gang was identified and caught quickly. Without CCTV, there was no <sup>8</sup> luck / chance they would have been caught. Walking around any city now and seeing cameras in place makes me feel more secure, it's as simple as that. And there's just one question to the people who say they are worried about their 9 freedom / free what have you got to worry about if you haven't 10 done / made anything wrong?

Posted by at 20.42 17 comments

I couldn't understand why last month cameras went up on the streets along my route to work. There

7 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

The state of the s				
go on	role	drop	far	
research	nothing	lack	case	

- 1 If you have ..... to hide, you shouldn't worry about being on camera.
- 2 .....suggests that having cameras in one place just moves the crime to a different area.
- 3 Installing cameras in schools is just going too
- 4 Having cameras everywhere leads to a ...... of trust in society.
- 5 Cameras have a .....to play in places like airports, police stations and banks.
- 6 The money spent on cameras should ..... improving run-down areas and installing good street lighting.
- 7 There's a ...... for using cameras in schools as they help reduce bullying and vandalism.
- 8 Residents reported a ......in street crime after the installation of a network of cameras.
- 8 Which sentences in Exercise 7 are pro cameras and which are anti?
- 9 Write a reply (150–190 words) to the opinion in Exercise 6. Include your overall opinion on CCTV (closed circuit TV), reasons for your opinions and examples from your own experience.

Language note talking in general

Remember that we don't use an article when talking about things/people/situations in general, e.g. Modern cities are full of cameras. (not The modern cities ...) People break the law every day. (not The people break ...)

### READING

- 1 Read the article opposite quickly. What tone has the writer used?
  - a critical of Shaun Greenhalgh
  - b slightly unbelieving of the facts of the story
  - c purely factual
- 2 Read the article again. Choose the correct person for each question.

Who ...

- 1 never attended art college?
- 2 approached potential buyers of the artworks?
- 3 became aware that an artwork was fake?
- 4 found ways of proving that the artworks were authentic?
- 5 didn't want to be the centre of attention?
- 6 didn't deny his/her guilt?
- 7 checked a fake from Ancient Egypt?
- 8 took a long time to prepare before deciding on what to copy?
- 3 Complete the text with the correct form of the words in brackets.

so what motivated si	naun Greennaigh to
enter into a 1	(conspire)
and <sup>2</sup>	(fraud) the art
world of thousands o	f pounds? It appears
that it wasn't for the r	money because the
family continued to liv	ve a modest lifestyle even
when they had acquir	red a small fortune.
There's no question to	hat Shaun was an
3	(accomplish) artist, but
	(assume)
character, so why cre	eate so many
5	(forger) and risk
6	(prison)? Police
7	(enquire) suggested
that Shaun resented t	the legitimate art market
because it hadn't rec	ognised his talent. His
lawyer, however, said	that he made the copies
to 'perfect the love he	e had for such arts'

# The fine of art forgery

Meet Shaun Greenhalgh, painter, sculpture, wood carver ... and criminal.

Over a period of 17 years, until his imprisonment in November 2007,

Shaun created over 120 breathtaking works of art, not from an inspiring and well-equipped studio, but from his garden shed in Bolton, Greater Manchester.

This unassuming man of 47,



who had never had an art lesson in his life, became one of the most accomplished art forgers in Europe.

The inspiration for his work came from library books, which detailed lost masterpieces from around the world. Shaun undertook meticulous research and learnt a staggering range of techniques to be able to create his copies, everything from pastels and watercolours, to ancient and modern sculpture, and metalwork. Both the tools he used from the local DIY store and his methods of ageing his work were fairly rudimentary, but Shaun and his accomplices managed to fool all areas of the art world including dealers, auction houses, museums and private collectors.

So who else was in this gang? A network of wealthy and well-connected fraudsters? In fact, Shaun's 'gang' turned out to consist of himself, and his elderly mum and dad, who all lived together in their small and somewhat shabby council house. While Shaun worked away in his shed recreating 'lost' art treasures, his father, George, was the salesman in the team. He made up colourful stories about each of the fakes to explain the provenance of each item. Working together with his wife, Olive, they even acquired catalogues for antique sales to further authenticate Shaun's work. It is estimated that they made up to £850,000 in their 17-year collaboration.

By far their most daring forgery was The Armana Princess – a statue thought to represent of the daughter of Pharaoh Akhenaten and Queen Nefertiti, the mother of King Tutankhamun. The original would have been over 3,000 years old while Shaun's version was created in about three weeks using basic tools, and aged using a mixture of tea and clay. George's role was to approach Bolton Museum with a simple enquiry about the statue.

He claimed it had been passed down the generations in his family for about 100 years and that he thought it might be worth a few hundred pounds. Experts from the British Museum and auction house Christie's assessed the authenticity and potential value of the statue. On their recommendation, Bolton Museum offered George £440,000 for the statue, which of course he gladly accepted.

Finally, in November 2005, the family's luck ran out. They tried to sell three 'Assyrian' stone tablets, which were supposed to date back to 681BC, at a value of about £500,000. George maintained they had been in his family since he was a child. An expert at the British Museum spotted a mistake in the hieroglyphic-style writing on one of the tablets.

> The museum informed the police, who raided the family home and found a huge collection of fakes, including Shaun's three previous attempts at The Armana Princess. All three admitted conspiracy to defraud and Shaun received a prison sentence of just under five years.

### Glossary

illegal copies of something council house: a house owned by the council and rented to tenants provenance: a record of ownership of a work of art or antique tablet: a piece of stone, clay, or wood on which an inscription is

forger: a person who makes

### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 8

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 8 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

### 1 Complete the missing part of each word.

- 1 He was arrested for the burg..... of several properties.
- 2 They reported the child's dis..... to the police.
- 3 She lost her job when they found out about her fraud...... activities.
- 4 Drug and alcohol add..... is the root cause of many crimes.
- 5 Street rob..... is rising in most big cities.
- 6 We saw the man behaving suspic..... and called the police.
- 7 He was released from prison after a successful app......
- 8 There are several schemes in place for offender rehab......

### 2 Choose the correct words.

- 1 Boredom is often cited / sited as one of the main reasons for teenage crime.
- 2 There is a strong coincidence / correlation between poverty and crime rates.
- 3 Rates of violent crime have descended / plunged.
- 4 Car crime has shown a slight decline I declined.
- 5 What accounted for I facilitated the drop in bookings?
- 6 Being able to read and write are the most basic literacy / labour skills.

### 3 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 The burglars broke
- 2 How on earth did they get
- 3 The police tried to maintain public
- 4 Many ideas have been put
- 5 The bomb went
- 6 The teenagers set
- a forward to explain the drop in crime.
- b off in a busy city centre.
- c order during the protest.
- d into several houses in the area.
- e fire to a building, causing a lot of damage.
- hold of my bank details?

### 4 Write the missing word in the correct place.

- 1 The house has broken into three times in a year.
- 2 I don't think he should ever be let of prison.
- 3 I couldn't believe I'd overdrawn by £500.
- 4 Prisoners are locked their cells 23 hours a day.
- 5 He was convicted fraud earlier this year.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

9

# **CAREERS AND STUDYING**

### VOCABULARY Working life

### 1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of get and the words and phrases in the box.

	promoted on-the-job training	a pay rise the hang of	made redundant everything
1	My brotherfound another job ye		ago and he hasn't
2	I didn't have a clue w	hat I was doing	g in the first few
3	We every system of bonuses if	year in my firm	
4	We at the loads of new skills.		
5	I've worked for themyet. I'm no next level.		

### Language note 'empty' verbs

Verbs like *get*, *make*, *do*, *have* and *take* are sometimes called 'empty' verbs because their meaning can change according to what follows, e.g. *get up / a raise / fired / to work*, etc. Keep a note of useful collocations with these verbs in your vocabulary notebook.

### 2 Match the sentence halves.

How's your new job going?

- 1 Pretty boring. I'd like to be stretched more, but my boss
- 2 Great, thanks. I love helping young kids. I'm
- 3 Not great, I'm afraid. I'm struggling
- 4 Awful, to be honest. I nearly handed
- 5 I had no idea nursing would be so hard, I'm
- 6 It's great, just really stimulating. I feel
- 7 It's not rocket science. In fact, the work
- a I'm really stretching myself.
- b in my notice last week.
- c finding it emotionally draining.
- d is pretty menial.
- e finding it very rewarding.
- f to cope with working shifts.
- g never delegates any responsibility.

### **GRAMMAR** Conditionals with present tenses

### 3 Find and correct a mistake in each sentence.

- 1 If you haven't taken all your holiday by the end of the year, you won't carry it over.
- 2 Staff get promotion if they have been achieving all the goals outlined by their line manager.
- 3 If employees are feeling demotivated, we gave them on-the-job training.
- 4 The reps get a bonus if they will reach their sales targets.
- 5 If you don't miss a deadline, you lose ten per cent of your marks.
- 6 Students get better results if they having control over their work.

### 4 Choose two of the three verbs to complete the sentences.

- 1 What ...... to do if you ...... your finals? (don't pass / won't pass / are you going)
- 2 If nothing ...... wrong, I ..... college next year (will happen / goes / 'll start)
- 3 If I ...... promotion this time, I ..... in my notice.
  ('Il hand / might not get / don't get)
- 4 If all else ......get a part-time agency job. (won't be able to / fails / 'll have to)
- 5 You ...... me a ring if you ...... any more queries. (have / can give / 'Il have)
- 6 We ...... for work abroad if I ...... a job soon. (might look / won't get / don't get)
- 7 If the worst ...... to the worst, I ..... redundant. (comes / 'II be made / gets)
- 8 You ......him if he ......other students. (should report / will bully / 's been bullying)

### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

Feelings about the future

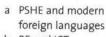
### 5 Cross out one response that doesn't fit.

Do you think you'll ever live abroad?

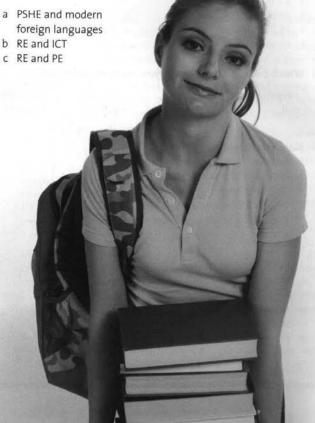
- 1 I'm bound to. / Probably not. / Definitely. I'm learning English so I can move to Australia.
- 2 Definitely. / Hopefully not. / I doubt it. I would miss my family too much.
- 3 I doubt it. / Probably. / Hopefully. It's good to experience new things.
- 4 I might. / Hopefully. / Definitely. It would depend on the job opportunities.
- 5 Definitely not. / I'm bound to / I doubt it. I can't see myself leaving my home town.

### LISTENING

- 7 9.1 You are going to hear three teachers talking about streamlining the curriculum. Listen and match the teachers (1-3) to the subjects they would cut (a-c).
  - 1 Martine
  - 2 Greg
  - 3 Wendy







- 8 9.1 Listen again and choose the correct answers.
  - 1 What is Martine's opinion about sport?
    - a It shouldn't be taught in a state school.
    - b Let students who like it do it outside normal class time.
  - 2 Greg thinks sport
    - a should be taught for more than one hour a week.
    - b can teach about competition and stop students misbehaving.
  - 3 Greg suggests
    - a computer studies should be part of all lessons.
    - b all students need a computer at home.
  - 4 Wendy strongly disagrees with Greg about ICT because
    - a students don't learn useful computer skills at home
    - b buying a home computer is expensive.
  - 5 Martine say languages are important
    - a to her students who are good at French.
    - b for more than just communication.
  - 6 All three teachers agree to cut
    - a PSHE.
    - b Science.

### Language note stress on abbreviations

In abbreviations with a series of letters that are read separately, the stress is on the last letter.

### PRONUNCIATION

Stress on abbreviations

- 9 9.2 Try reading these sentences with the correct stress on the abbreviations. Then listen and check.
  - 1 I think PE and RE.
  - 2 I'm not with Greg on ICT.
  - 3 I would do away with PSHE.
- 10 9.3 Now practise staying these common abbreviations. Then listen and check. What does each one stand for?

BBC UCLA ATM VAT UN FBI IMF PC ZMZ IZP

2

### GRAMMAR

Conditionals with past tenses

### 1 Complete the sentences with the pairs of verbs in the box.

1	could drop / 'd choose had / would lend would make / were delegated / 'd get	give up / didn't have to 'd get / pushed herself was made / wouldn't bother didn't work / might sign up
-		morrow if I pay my
	mortgage.	emit.
2		Iredundant, I
3		promotion if she a
4	course.	for an evening
5	I know that if Iwhole team	a deadline to meet, the
6	I think studentssmaller.	more progress if class sizes
7	If my boss more work	more responsibility, we done.
8		
M	Take a sentence with if	
1	I didn't get promoted.	I didn't meet my targets.
2		I'd have got promoted
3	You didn't get any reduthem for more than or	undancy pay. You didn't work for ne year.
4	My parents didn't go to opportunity.	o university. They didn't have the
5	I'm working in a factor job in my field.	y. I haven't been able to get a
5	She didn't get the han didn't help her.	g of the job quickly. The boss
7	I was working really lo	ng hours. I got ill.
8	My school didn't teach	modern languages I didn't

### READING

### 3 Read the article opposite quickly. Which part of a newspaper do you think it would appear in?

- a economy
- b general news
- c travel

### 4 Seven parts of the article have been removed. Write the correct letter (a-h) in the gaps in the article. There is one extra sentence that you do not need to use.

- a The post requires him to live on and write a blog from Hamilton Island
- b The other candidates seemed very pleased for him,
- c In addition to preparing a blog and video updates to attract tourists to the area
- d The final selection process took the form of a four-day trip to Hamilton Island
- e what impressed the executive director of Tourism Queensland was Ben's self-motivation,
- f which had suffered a decline in tourism due to worldwide economic recession
- g The job description read quite simply,
- h They had just 60 seconds to get across their creativity and skills.

### 5 What do these numbers in the article refer to?

- 1 34,000 (line 2)
- 2 six-month (line 6)
- 3 1.7 million (line 18)
- 4 16 (line 36)
- 5 15 (line 37)
- 6 hundreds (line 61)

### 6 Which five adjectives would you use to describe Ben?

adventurous	fit	arrogant	articulate
dull	bright	outgoing	cautious

### 7 Match the sentence halves

- 1 I was very glad to be shortlisted
- 2 What will be involved in the selection
- 3 No-one thought he would be
- 4 They're advertising a post that
- 5 Would it be possible to submit
- 6 Although I didn't get the job, they gave
- a my application online?
- b me credit for my skills at interview.
- c appointed as managing director so quickly.
- d requires a huge range of qulifications.
- e from the hundreds of people who applied.
- f process tests as well as an interview?

take up Spanish.



Ben Southall, a 34-year-old charity worker, has beaten more than 34,000 other applicants in a most unusual employee selection process.

caretaker of a tropical Australian island, a six-month contract for what has been described as 'the best job in the world. 1 ....., on Queensland's Great Barrier Reef, in return 10 for a salary of over £70,000, a rent-free three-bedroomed villa complete with pool, and a golf cart. His bosses are the officials of Tourism Queensland, who advertised the job in January 2008. Their 15 aim was to create publicity for northeastern Queensland, 2 ..... The post is part of a campaign costing 1.7 million Australian dollars and it's been called 'the most successful tourism 20 marketing campaign in history.'

No formal qualifications were specified for the job but candidates needed to be experienced in a range of water sports. 3 ..... 'Excellent communication 25 skills, good written and verbal English skills, an adventurous attitude, willingness to try new things, a passion for the outdoors and good swimming skills, and

enthusiasm for snorkelling and/or diving.

en has just been appointed as 30 Prospective candidates were invited to submit online video applications. 4 ...... Unsurprisingly, the advert generated a huge response, causing the website to crash. The 34,000 hopefuls 35 who did manage to register their application had to be shortlisted to just 16 finalists from 15 different countries.

5 ....., where the candidates were

interviewed, took swimming tests and 40 had to demonstrate their blogging abilities. Ben was announced as the winner in a reality TV-style ceremony organised by Tourism Queensland. On hearing his 45 name, he looked rather taken aback that he'd been selected but he quickly went on to give credit to the other finalists he'd 50 been up against. 'Wow ... to all of the candidates that stand behind me every one there is an absolute winner, he said.

55 For the duration of his contract, Ben's place of work will include the spectacular scenery, warm waters, and soft sands of the island. His work uniform will be mainly wetsuit and flippers. 6 ...... , his duties also include feeding some of the hundreds of species of fish that live around the island, and collecting the island's post. In his video application, there was footage of him 65 riding an ostrich, running a marathon, and trekking through Africa. His appraisal of himself was as 'the adventurous, crazy, energetic one'. However, 7 ..... and he called him 'a level-headed, well-70 grounded bloke'.

> Whatever his qualities, not many people can say they've done the best job in the world and mean it.

> > Glossary

wetsuit and

flippers: equipment used in diving well-grounded: sensible bloke: informal word

### **VOCABULARY** Presentations

### 1 Choose the correct words.

- 1 What I'm going to try and do today is *tell I say* you a bit about the latest equipment. I'd like to begin by giving you an *oversight I overview* of the changes to the new model and then after that I'll move on to *make I do* some recommendations about how you can get the best effects in your own images.
- 2 What I'm going to try and do today is talk / talk to you about the way styles changed across the 15th and 16th centuries. I'd like to begin by outlining / focusing the main trends in portraiture at the start of the period and then after that I'll move on to comment / consider why these changes took place.
- 3 What I'm going to try and do today is summarise / summary the main reasons for the decline in local species. I'd like to begin by reviewing / revising what the latest figures have to say and then after that I'll move on to heighten / highlight some of the specific problems in this area.
- 4 What I'm going to try and do today is take / make a look at the proposed changes to the road layout. I'd like to begin by presenting / commenting on the current situation and then after that I'll move on to highlight / focus on why these plans have been drawn up.

### 2 Match the introductions (1-4) in Exercise 1 to the correct audience (a-d).

- a a wildlife group
- b a photography club
- c a group of local residents
- d a group of art students

### 3 Correct three mistakes in each introduction.

- 1 What I'm going to try and do today is tell to you about the best ways to look after your collection. I like to begin by showing you a short video and then after that I move on to the main do's and don'ts.
- What I'm going to try and do today is summarise about the changes in sales patterns in our new markets. I'd like to begin by reviewing of the main trends and then after that I'll move on to make up some recommendations for future growth.
- 3 What I'm going to try and do today is take a looking at the history of the car industry in the area. I'd like to begin by comments on why this area has always been synonymous with cars, and then after that I'll move on to highlight on some of the most successful models.

# **DEVELOPING WRITING** A personal statement – varying sentence structure

### 4 Read the personal statement opposite from an applicant for a summer job. What type of work is involved?

- a working in a local activity centre for young people with learning difficulties
- b giving advice to international visitors in a tourist office
- working with English-speaking teenagers in a summer school

### Learner tip

When writing about yourself, try to use different ways of starting your sentences so that you don't begin every point with I ..., e.g. After (completing a course in ...)

Having (done a year's work experience in ...)

It's been (an ambition of mine to ...)

### 5 Complete the personal statement with the sentence openers a-g.

- a Before starting university
- b As well as being
- c Having successfully completed
- d When not working or studying
- e For the last three years
- f In addition to volunteering
- g Reaching upper-intermediate level



-	1 my university entrance exams and
	gained a place on a teacher training course, I am
- 3	keen to get as much experience of working with
	young people as possible.
1	2 in my English studies has been a great
	achievement and has given me confidence in both
-	speaking and writing. Recently, I have also taken
-	up Spanish and I am enjoying the challenge of
1	learning another language.
3	, I have run an activity day for local
t	teenagers. This involved organising a range of
0	activities such as rollerblading and judo, and
(	crafts like clay modelling and painting. *
	great fun, it also improved my
(	organisational and communication skills.
3	with young people, I have also worked
F	part time in a small local theatre. This has helped
,	ne work as a team and also try out ideas for
V	narketing.
6	, I spend my time playing the guitar,
u	vriting songs and keeping in touch with friends
0	cross Europe via my computer.
	The state of the s
7	, I look forward to the opportunity of
n	neeting new people and getting some more work
-	xperience.
N	Match each of the sentence openers (1–5) with two possib ndings (a–j).
1	In order to get some practical experience, I
2	
3	Being involved in the local orchestra
4	
5	My interests include
2	cooking and making slather
a	cooking and making clothes.
b	would say I'm reliable and creative.
b c	would say I'm reliable and creative. did some voluntary work in my local area.
b c d	would say I'm reliable and creative. did some voluntary work in my local area. travel and use my language skills.
b c d e	would say I'm reliable and creative. did some voluntary work in my local area. travel and use my language skills. gave me self-confidence when performing.
b c d e f	would say I'm reliable and creative. did some voluntary work in my local area. travel and use my language skills. gave me self-confidence when performing. took a part-time job as a classroom assistant.
b c d e f	would say I'm reliable and creative. did some voluntary work in my local area. travel and use my language skills. gave me self-confidence when performing. took a part-time job as a classroom assistant. creative writing and playing in my band.
b c d e	would say I'm reliable and creative. did some voluntary work in my local area. travel and use my language skills. gave me self-confidence when performing. took a part-time job as a classroom assistant. creative writing and playing in my band. see myself as sociable and a team player.
b c d e f g h	would say I'm reliable and creative. did some voluntary work in my local area. travel and use my language skills. gave me self-confidence when performing. took a part-time job as a classroom assistant. creative writing and playing in my band.

7 You want to apply for a summer job working with Englishspeaking teenagers in the USA. Write a personal statement

(150-190 words) as part of your application.

### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 9

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 9 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

1	. Match 1-5 and a	-е.
1	. live on	a freak
2		b an overview
3	give	c less money
4	hand in	d your way up
5	work	e your notice
2	Add the missing	prefix or suffix.
1	A long daily com	mute can be very drain
2	The whole team	shares respons for the project.
3	She is quite a res	t person and likes variety.
4	A job in teaching	can be very reward
5	The novel	of travelling for his job soon wore off.
6	We've just been cupboard.	stocking the stationery
3	Complete the wo	ords that begin with mis.
1	She says she isn't	badly behaved, just mis
	expected.	vas mis, the job wasn't what I
3	I'm afraid you we	re mis; the meeting is
	tomorrow, not to	day.
4	The director mis	his authority for his own
	personal gain.	Marthames on Dall assorbs to all the
5	He is doing badly	at school and often mis
4	Which word do yo	ou need to complete the sentences in
	each set?	
1	l earnt £40, cash-i came by car? / Loc	inup everyone who ok at the bottom rightcorner.
2	She played a cruci	ialin the decision. / He's
	taking on a mana up the project.	gerial / It's my to set
		up the company. / In what
	has the io	b changed? A smile goes a long
	1	and the same goes a long
5	Add one letter to	one of the words.
		to had in the essay?
2	He feels expoited	in his current job
3	I wish my boss wo	ouldn't inerfere so much.
	What ran did he re	each in the army?
5	We need to sock u	ip on stuff for the party.
6	Would you like a ra	av for your drinks?
0.50	- Journal of the different of the differ	Score /25
		3core
W	ait a couple of wee	ks and try the quiz again

Compare your scores.

# SOCIALISING

went clubbing

gone mad

### **VOCABULARY** Celebrating

throw me a surprise party

really up for

### 1 Complete the text with the words and phrases in the box.

a fornantic diffrier	Duffeli
treat myself	a big do
rented a Karaoke booth	a weekend break
get-together	posh
about birthdays. My ideal cele low-key like a small <sup>1</sup> friends. On my last birthday, I but Kerry had other ideas. On out for <sup>4</sup> in this big	with a <sup>2</sup> going out wasn't <sup>3</sup> going out the actual day, she took me g, <sup>5</sup> restaurant. She'd dit card and bought me a load
with loads of our friends. Kern	ry had 8and we all
	htmare! I'm 40 next year and I to a short trip, maybe 10
talking about having 11	with hundreds of people. e last thing I want is for her to

### **GRAMMAR** The future perfect

### 2 Complete the conversation with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- A: Have you seen this feature in the magazine, By the time I'm 30 ... ? There are some pretty ambitious people out there. One guy says by the time he's 30, he 1..... (make) his first million. And a 17-year-old girl says she 2..... (become) a top fashion designer.
- B: Wow, sounds a bit out of my league! By the time I'm 30, the odds are I 3..... (get) my master's and I hope 14.....(find) a decent job.
- A: Do you think you and Elena 5..... (get) married by then?
- B: I don't really know. It's hard to say. What about you? Do you think you 6...... (meet) Mr Right by then?
- A: Oh, you know me, I'm so unlucky in love, so I 7..... (not set) up home with anyone, I don't think. But work is going well, so I think 8..... (should / be) promoted a couple times.
- B: Yes, you're bound to do well, and I'm sure Mr Right will turn up soon.

1	Co	omplete the sentences with your own ideas.
000	1	
1	2	By the end of this course, we
	3	By the end of the year, our local football team
	4	By this time next year, my family and I
1997	5	In five years' time, I
	6	By the end of this decade, my country
(405)	7	In 20 years' time, I
	8	By the time I've retired, I think
	D	EVELOPING CONVERSATIONS
	A	rranging to meet

- - 1 A: Shall we meet at 12.30? 2 A: Would it be OK to meet at the factory? 3 A: Would Thursday 19th be good for a get-together?
  - 4 A: Do you fancy eating at The Old Mill?
  - Can we make it somewhere a bit cheaper?

5 A: How about a game of squash after work?

- Could we make it somewhere nearer the office? Any chance we can make it the following week? Could we make it something a bit less strenuous? Can we make it after lunch?
- My wrist is still hurting after that accident. I'm a bit short of cash just now. We won't have got back from holiday. I haven't got the car with me today. I'm in a meeting until midday.

### **DEVELOPING WRITING** A webpage – do's and don'ts

### 5 Read the introduction. Who is the information for?

- a British business people
- b people who don't socialise much
- c visitors to the UK



### SUCCESSFUL SOCIALISING

People are socialising more and more in a range of different contexts and with people from different cultures. British society has become less formal in recent years but there are still a few golden rules if you want to avoid making a social gaffe.

### 6 Choose the correct words.

### MEET AND GREET

- DO 1 shake / hold hands when meeting for the first time. <sup>2</sup> Giving / Making eye contact is important too, but not for too long or you might make the other person 3 uncomfortable / unwelcome. It's usual to move to using first names quite quickly.
- DON'T kiss someone on the cheek as a greeting 4 in case / unless you know them well. Also respect their personal <sup>5</sup> place / space and don't stand too close.

### THE ART OF CONVERSATION

- DO be prepared to 6 initial / initiate conversation, as a prolonged silence can feel 7 awkward / difficulty. Keep any questions you ask fairly neutral at first.
- ODN'T dominate the conversation but be prepared to take 8 roles / turns. Both genders and people of a range of ages often chat together.

### **OUT AND ABOUT**

- DO check the dress 9 code / rule of the event you are invited to. Modern 10 norms / normals of dress are often quite casual but you don't want to turn up to a five-star hotel in jeans. In a pub, it's usual to pay for a 11 circle / round of drinks for everyone in your group.
- ON'T leave your mobile on in more intimate venues like restaurants and cinemas.

### THE HOME FRONT

- DO 12 be / arrive punctual if invited to someone's home for dinner or a party. It's usual to take a gift, such as flowers or chocolates.
- DON'T 13 assume / agree it's OK to smoke. Ask if your hosts 14 matter / mind and offer to go outside if you want a cigarette.



### 7 Read these do's and don'ts. Which section of the guide in Exercise 6 could they go in?

- 1 Do wait your turn. Nothing irritates the locals more than people pushing in at the bar or in queues.
- 2 Don't outstay your welcome. You might be a night owl, but your hosts may not, so leave at a reasonable time.
- 3 Do keep the volume low. Talking and laughing loudly or gesturing wildly might attract negative attention.
- 4 Don't stretch across the table for the water, salt or bread. Ask another guest to pass you what you want.
- 5 Do smile to help break the ice. First meetings are difficult for everyone so a friendly face is always welcome.
- 6 Don't invite yourself along to a night out. Wait to be asked, even if this means a few nights alone.

### 8 Cross out the phrase that is not correct in each sentence.

- 1 Avoid personal questions / telling jokes / smoke if invited to a person's house.
- 2 Don't expect people to be on time / that you will chat during the meal / your guests to pay for their meal / small portions of food.
- 3 It's considered polite not to open gifts immediately / to serve women first / taking a gift / for children to keep
- 4 Don't forget to bow / using your chopsticks correctly / to send a thank-you card / a gift for your hosts.
- 5 Let to take off your shoes / your host pay / others serve themselves first / children join in.
- 6 Never swear in front of others / don't drink too much / hug members of the opposite sex in public / use the wrong hand for eating.
- 9 Write a set of do's and don'ts (150-190 words) for socialising in your country. Use the ideas in Exercises 6 and C, and your own ideas.

### Vocabulary Making mistakes

1	Complete the conversations with the phrases
	in the box.

	ending a private er organising a surpris		oying in everyone
1	B: Sorry. I thought	birthday? You kr for her.	new I was but I
p	out your foot in it	burst out crying	g hadn't realised
2	B: I asked her hov	v her Mum was I <sup>2</sup> s! s! How do you al	that
C	fressed casually	turned up	top politician
	out of place?  B: No, what happ  A: He <sup>2</sup> group of school  3	ened? in a sui ol kids. Of course 	t and tie to talk to a , everyone else was  't actually pregnant
4	A: I could've died Sue from Sales but she <sup>2</sup> B: Oh, you didn't! A: I know that no	of embarrassme when her baby  She's just put a w. And to make	ent. I've just asked  1  bit of weight on.
	didn't have a clue didn't see the funn		on air nt to be a joke
5	talking to a rec the bands on h thousands of p B: That sounds a A: It was 3	cord producer ar nis label, not rea He <sup>2</sup> people could hea bit mean. but of it when	ar him.

### Learner tip

When you are learning new vocabulary, think of ways of making it relevant to you, e.g. with the language of making mistakes, think of a time when you or someone you know did something similar, If possible, tell a partner about it.

### READING

- 2 Read the article opposite quickly. From whose point of view is it mainly written?
  - a the family
  - b the journalist
  - c the police
- 3 Read the article again. Are these statements true or false?
  - 1 About 500 teenagers gatecrashed Maddie's party.
  - 2 Maddie's mother had made no plans to deal with gatecrashers.
  - 3 Maddie was allowed to invite as many guests as she liked.
  - 4 Maddie's dad was unaware she'd posted details of the party on Facebook.
  - 5 Most of the damage to the property was external.
  - 6 When the police were called, the last gatecrasher had already arrived.
  - 7 The police officer had some sympathy for the family.
  - 8 Maddie feels guilty about what happened.

A	TAThaim	the article	might have	anid those	things?
<b>MP</b>	VVIIOIII	the article	milem nave	Salu lilese	HIHIES:

- 1 'What were you thinking of, putting the details on the site in the first place?' 2 'Call for back-up. It's like a riot, with kids all over the place.' 3 'That's the last party you'll have under this roof!' 4 'What can I do to make it up to you?' 5 'If you're still up for it, get over here now. You don't want to miss the fun.'
- 6 'What on earth is going on over the road? It sounds like a rock festival."
- 7 'It's not my fault! I've never even met half of them.'
- 8 'We're attending more of this type of thing. The technology can get the information out there incredibly quickly."

# PARTY ANIMALS

Police stopped an 18th-birthday party after it was invaded by HUNDREDS of Facebook gatecrashers.

By Adrian Lee

A long-awaited coming of age party turned into a nightmare when hundreds of teenagers descended on a family home in the suburbs of the city. Invitations had gone out to about 50 friends to a fancy-dress party at Maddie Clarke's four-storey house in a residential area of the city, but ten times that number turned up when the party was advertised on the social networking site Facebook.

Maddie's mother, Janet Clarke, described the droves of teenagers who seemed to arrive out of nowhere, 'It was horrendous. By midnight the house and garden were packed with people. We'd asked two or three friends to act as bouncers for us, because we thought there might be some gatecrashers, but we didn't have a clue that hundreds would turn up. We couldn't do anything to stop them.'

'We thought we had everything under control,' added Mike Clarke, Maddie's father. 'Maddie had been given a strict limit of numbers. She'd designed the invitations herself and sent them via email, so we thought we knew exactly who was on the list. Then, without any warning, she posted the details on her *Facebook* page the day before the party. So, the information just spread. Within hours, half the city knew about it.'

The family had just finished decorating their property and landscaping the garden but now complain of extensive damage. 'By the time we'd got rid of everyone, the place looked more like a crime scene than a family home,' Mrs Clarke said. 'There was mud trodden right through the house, broken windows and cigarette burns on the furniture, and plants uprooted around



the garden. I'd never seen anything like it. And the number of empty bottles was incredible. I found out later that the gatecrashers had been stopping off at the local supermarket to buy supplies.'

A neighbour called the police at about 11.30 to complain about the noise and number of teenagers hanging around near the property. A police officer who attended the scene said, 'When we arrived there were teenagers still turning up and passing on the address. It took us over an hour to clear the house. I feel really sorry for the family. They tried to do the right thing, but things got out of their control. But they're not the only victims – this cybergatecrashing is a growing phenomenon across the world.'

No arrests were made but the family have been very shaken up by their experience. Maddie burst out crying when she realised her party was turning into a disaster. 'I just couldn't believe all these strangers were invading my party and creating havoc. I still feel really bad about the whole thing,' she said. 'I can't stop saying sorry to mum and dad. I just wish I'd never had a party. I didn't think putting the information on Facebook would have such a knock-on effect. I don't think I'll be bothering with social networking sites again.'

### Glossary

coming of age: the age at which someone is legally considered an adult

gatecrasher: a person who goes to a party / event without an invitation bouncer: a person employed by a club or at a party to prevent troublemakers entering or force them to leave

### **GRAMMAR** Question tags

### 1 Add the missing question tag.

- 1 I've upset you,.....?
- 2 The post should be here soon,.....?
- 3 I'm right about the dates, .....?
- 4 You're going to meet the deadline, .....?
- 5 They got the 3.30 train, .....?
- 6 The new guy in Marketing thinks a lot of himself,
- 7 She's bound to get the job, .....?
- 8 You haven't been waiting long,.....?

### Write a statement and question tag for these situations. Use the words in brackets.

- 1 The weather is really good. (lovely day)

  It's a lovely day, invitit?
- 2 You thought the new CD was a rip-off. (wasn't worth)
- 3 You suggest meeting at 12.30. (shall)
- 4 Your team haven't scored yet. (haven't been playing)
- 5 The food you're eating isn't very nice. (tasty)
- 6 You want the person next to you on a train to close the window. (couldn't)
- 7 You didn't enjoy a concert very much. (didn't play)
- 8 You want your sister to turn the light on. (will)

### 3 Make these question tags sound more formal.

- 1 She's just got promoted, right?
- 2 You can still lend me the car, yeah?
- 3 You're up for coming to the gig, no?
- 4 She hasn't replied yet, right?
- 5 It's been a really long week, yeah?
- 6 They weren't very helpful, no?

### **VOCABULARY** Talking about parties

### 4 Choose the correct words.

I went to the party from hell and ...

- 1 dragged / pulled some friends along. Then no-one spoke to me and I felt let / left out.
- 2 hardly anyone else turned *up / in*. I spent all night talking to the *guest / host* about trains!
- 3 this guy started to talk / chat me up and wouldn't get away / lost whatever I did.
- 4 the girl burst / break into tears because hardly anyone had come. There was loads of food, which all just went to waste / loss.

### 5 Complete the conversation with the correct form of the verbs form in box A and the phrases in box B.

A	get	spend	throw	break	go	set	up	burst
В	to wa	ste a	a bit out of	hand	into te	ars	an	narquee
	a fort	une a	a surprise p	arty	it up			

- A: It's Lucy's 30th soon. I'm thinking of 1 ...... for her. What do you think?
- A: Sounds awful. I think I might take Lucy away somewhere and then just have a small get-together with friends.

### 6 Match the sentences (1-8) with the correct type of party / celebration (a-h).

The poor girl looked so sad and shocked.

- 1 We ended up spending a fortune, as she wanted a theme party. You've no idea how much it costs to decorate the house with Disney characters.
- 2 It was fun but the place was in a real mess afterwards. I'm glad we hadn't decorated the sitting room before we invited everyone round.
- 3 It was just great. He had no idea that the whole family was coming. You should have seen his face when he walked in.
- 4 The whole department turned up. The MD gave a really good speech and she burst into tears. Everyone is really going to miss her but she's got a great new job.
- 5 I cooked far too much food and most of it just went to waste. Milly wanted just a few friends at the local pizza place but her dad and I wanted to celebrate properly. It's a real achievement after all.
- 6 It was quite a small get-together, just the couple, and close family and friends. Quite refreshing that it was more about the vows than showing off with a huge reception.
- 7 We all had a great time. He'd worked for the company for years and so was really looking forward to having time to do new things.
- 8 It was a civilised dinner in a nice restaurant and no-one got out of hand. Lucy and the bridesmaids wanted to look their best on the big day so they went home by 11 pm.
- a leaving party
- b housewarming
- c hen party
- d wedding
- e surprise party
- f retirement party
- g children's party
- h graduation party

### LISTENING

### Language note do

In informal English, do can be used as a noun to mean a party or other social event:

Are you going to Joe's **leaving do?** He's having his **stag do** in Germany.

The plural is dos /du:z/ (sometimes written dos). Have you been to any good dos lately?

# 7 \$\square\$ 10.1 You are going to hear two colleagues talking about parties. Listen and circle the five events that Emma talks about.

21st birthday party hen do	graduation party
children's party	retirement party leaving party
housewarming	wedding

# 8 Listen again and number Emma's opinions in the order she gives them.

- a There's no point throwing a party for a shy person.
- b I'd like to have a less busy social life.
- c Graduation celebrations used to be quite simple.
- d I spent more than I wanted to.
- e Children's parties have become much more elaborate.
- f People buy gifts for no special reason.

### PRONUNCIATION Linking vowel to vowel

### 9 Listen to the sentences.

/w/

I know that some parents do go over the top.

/j/

Why\_organise a big party for someone who won't even enjoy it?

### 10 Listen and mark the links /w/ or /j/. Then practise saying the sentences here and in Exercise 8.

- 1 She is, and I don't mean to sound horrible.
- 2 Modern mums like to organise an event or a function.
- 3 It means the parents have to go along too.
- 4 Tell me about it!
- 5 She's insisting on a fancy dress do and the whole family has to be there.
- 6 Now you're just winding me up. transport and travel

### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 10

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 10 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

### 1 Which adjective from VB Unit 10 goes with the sets of nouns.

- 1 an.....comment / accident / choice
- 2 a .....actor / vegetable / tool
- 3 an ..... situation / place / moment
- 4 a ..... map / location / museum
- 5 a ..... rock / ice / slope

# 2 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words with an expression from VB Unit 10.

- 1 He's told the boss he is going to leave.
- 2 The interviewer tried to make me feel relaxed.
- 3 He told a dirty joke without realising he was broadcasting.
- 4 She was <u>tricked into making a mistake</u> by the difficult question.
- 5 Criticising colleagues is disliked in this company.
- 6 The situation became hard to control.

### 3 Choose the correct word

- 1 She turned round and slapped / caught him in the face.
- 2 He's always moaning / chatting up about his boss.
- 3 The company has just been taken over / left out by a rival.
- 4 Any mistake is now widely publicised / renewed within hours.
- 5 The changes will have a big impact / outrage on our jobs.
- 6 It was unfortunate. I have some sympathy / affection with him.

### 4 Which word is missing from each sentence?

- 1 I sometimes go out for the evening with a ...... of friends.
- 2 Let's have an office .....-together.
- 3 I'll check the booking, just to be on the ......side.
- 4 The class is having an .....of-year party tomorrow.
- 5 When she saw the baby, she .....out crying.
- 6 The money is in a good cause it's a ..... event.
- 7 The party got so wild the police had to .....it up.
- 8 I wanted to leave early so I had to .....out when no-one was looking.

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

# 11

# TRANSPORT AND TRAVEL

### **VOCABULARY** Problems when renting



1 Complete the conversations with the correct words in the boxes.

u	ер	osit	engine	leak	safety	tyre	
1	A		w come th		took so lo	ng? Di	d you
	В	No, th	ne hire com	pany had	in't checke	d the	
		oil 3		so	Ithought	I'd bett	er stop
			et it checke				
	Α	Why,	was there a	big 4		ri	sk?
			bly not, bu				
							refused to give
			y <sup>5</sup>				
100	rak ent	es al	chain small pri	dents nt	gear	5	insurance
2	Α	The w	vebsite said	'top-au	ality bikes'	for hol	idav
2	Α		vebsite said				
2	Α	6		, but v	hen we pi	cked th	iday nem up, they
2		6were	covered in	, but w scratches	hen we pi	cked th	
2	В	were So, die	covered in	, but w scratches el?	when we pi and 7	cked th	nem up, they
2	В	were So, did No, th	covered in d you cance ne guy said	, but w scratches el? they had	when we pi and <sup>7</sup> a `no-refu	cked th	nem up, they
2	В	were So, did No, th	covered in	, but w scratches el? they had	when we pi and <sup>7</sup> a `no-refu	cked th	nem up, they
2	ВА	were So, die No, th online	covered in d you cance ne guy said	, but wascratches el? they had and it wa	when we pi and <sup>7</sup> a `no-refu	cked th	nem up, they
2	B A B	were So, die No, th online 8 Yes, b	covered in d you cance ne guy said e bookings ut who rea	, but wascratches they had and it was and that?	when we pi and <sup>7</sup> a `no-refu as clearly th	nd' pol	icy for
2	B A B	were So, die No, th online 8 Yes, b Right	covered in d you cance ne guy said e bookings ut who rea So we end	, but wascratches they had and it wascds that?	when we pi and <sup>7</sup> a `no-refu as clearly th	ind' pol	icy for the
2	B A B	were So, did No, the online 8	covered in d you cance ne guy said e bookings ut who rea . So we end	, but we scratches they had and it was that? defined up wi	when we pi is and 7 a `no-refu as clearly the th the two ept falling	ind' poi	icy for the bikes ever.
2	B A B	were So, did No, the online 8	covered in d you cance ne guy said e bookings ut who rea . So we end	, but wascratches el? they had and it was ds that? led up wik ill becaus	when we pi is and 7 a `no-refu as clearly the th the two ept falling se the 10	ind' pol here in worst	icy for the bikes ever.
2	B A B	were So, did No, the online Son Bight. The Son Could faulty	covered in d you cance ne guy said e bookings ut who rea . So we end	, but we scratches they had and it was that? ded up wi kill becausownhill vo	when we pi is and 7 a `no-refu as clearly the th the two ept falling se the 10 was even w	ind' pol here in worst	icy for the bikes ever.

A I don't think bike hire is covered, but I suppose it might be

### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

Expressing surprise or shock

2		omplete the conversations. Repeat the information hat surprises you and add a question or comment.
	1	A: It should take us about six hours to reach the hotel by road.
		B: Six hours? Im't there a guicker route?
	2	A: The only available flight lands at 2.30 in the morning.
		B:
	3	A: They have no record of our booking. The next available room isn't for six weeks.

- B: .....
- 5 A: Dan was caught on camera doing 160kph.
- B: ......

   A: We've broken down but the recovery guy can't get here for an hour and a half.
  - B: .....

### **DEVELOPING WRITING**

A story - using the last line

3 Read the story opposite quickly. How many problems did the writer have? Which one was his own fault?

### Language note inversion

Inversion is a way of adding emphasis in your writing. You change the normal position of the subject and verb or use the question form of the verb:

**No sooner had I** got up than the problems started. (no sooner + past perfect)

**Not only did they** cancel the flight, they also lost our luggage.

- 4 Read the story again. <u>Underline</u> examples of the following uses of language.
  - 1 past continuous
  - 2 past simple
  - 3 future in the past
  - 4 past perfect
  - 5 inversion

worth a try.

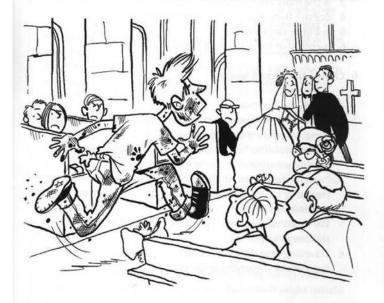
When I set off I had no idea how difficult this simple trip would become. My best friend had asked me to be the best man and of course I'd said yes. I decided to hire a car to get to the wedding, as I wanted to be there nice and early.

After checking I had my suit, the rings and my speech, I picked up the car. The journey through town was fine, but no sooner had I reached the motorway than things started to go wrong.

Suddenly the car felt very bumpy. I pulled off the motorway and realised I'd got a flat tyre. Fitting the spare was a nightmare and took over an hour. I also got filthy but had no time to stop and change.

While I was trying to make up time, I suddenly realised I needed fuel. I stopped, filled up the tank, set off again but a few metres up the road the engine just stopped. I had put petrol in a diesel car. I couldn't believe how stupid I'd been.

I finally hitched a lift with a lorry driver and got to the wedding in dirty jeans and a T-shirt. I can safely say it was the worst journey I've ever had.



2		ewrite the sentences using inversion and the words rovided.
	1	The fog lifted and we realised we were in the middle of nowhere.  Only when the fog lifted did we realise we were in
		the middle of nowhere
	2	We caught the wrong train and left our bags on the platform.
		Not only
	3	They never explained that we had to return the car by midday.
		At no time
	4	We had only just set off when we ran out of petrol. Hardly
	5	We didn't know how rough the crossing would be. Little
	6	I got to the check-in and then realised I'd left my

### 6 Match the verbs in the box with the words and expressions.

passport at home.

No sooner .....

(	cancel	turn up	damage	lose	get	miss
1			d off / on ar / left behin		e plane	/
2		your	passport / I		tickets	/
3		a hire Juipment	car / your s	uitcase .	/ your ca	amera /
4		the fl nnection	ight / the co	orrect st	op / the	train /
5		at the	e last minut t	e / a res	ervation	ı/a
6	witho		at the wron	-		

### Write a story (150-190 words) based on the title below.

You have decided to enter a short story competition in an English-language magazine. The story must end with the words:

I can safely say it was the worst journey I've ever had.

### **GRAMMAR** Uncountable nouns

### 1 Complete the sentences with a quantifier from box A and a noun from box B.

A	plenty of less	enough more	great deal of hardly any
В	experience	information	work
	furniture	traffic	money

- 1 It's a nice flat but really packed with stuff. It would look better with a lot ......
- 2 I can't decide which course to go on. I think I need ...... from the tutors.
- 3 She's the ideal candidate. She's got a .....in human resources.
- 4 We made really good time. There was ...... on the motorway.
- 5 Could you lend me a few euros? I haven't got ...... to pay for the drinks.
- 6 You should find a summer job easily. There's ...... about in restaurants and bars.

### 2 Rewrite the sentences with the words in brackets and a suitable uncountable noun.

- 1 You haven't got many bags. (hardly any)
- 2 There won't be many cheap rooms left by now. (not much)
- 3 Have you had an update on the flight delays? (any)
- 4 The agent gave us plenty of travel tips before we left. (loads)
- 5 There haven't been many improvements up to now. (not much)
- 6 We had a few problems finding our way here. (a bit)

### Language note a ... of ...

You don't usually use a / an with uncountable nouns but we often use the pattern  $a \dots of \dots = e.g. a$  piece of advice / information / news, a loaf of bread, a grain of rice, etc. Make a note of these combinations and add to them as you go along.

### READING

### 3 Read the webpage opposite quickly. Under which headings in the box might it appear?

technology	sport	transport	
environment	money	finance	

# 4 Read the webpage again. Choose the correct answers to these questions.

- 1 Service on trains in Japan
  - a relies on technology.
  - b needs to be more welcoming.
  - c is already good.
- 2 The scanning equipment
  - a was devised by the train company.
  - b gives staff a range of feedback.
  - c checks workers' performance throughout the day.
- 3 Most users of the scanners
  - a don't seem to mind it.
  - b like dealing with customers.
  - c will have more contact with the public.
- 4 What's the writer's general opinion of the 'smile scan'?
  - a positive
  - b negative
  - c more or less neutral

## 5 Read the Over to you responses. Write the correct names?

- 1 is concerned about a wider issue?
- 2 suggests the company has too much power over its staff?
- 3 is the most enthusiastic about 'smile scan'?
- 4 doesn't think it would be adopted in their country?
- 5 is a little sarcastic?
- 6 is critical of transport staff in their country?

### 6 Choose the correct words.

- 1 The worst thing about working in the city is the daily commuter / commute.
- 2 People always need to travel so the train companies don't care about keeping / giving us happy.
- 3 It's important to look smart and come through / across as positive when dealing with customers.
- 4 The taxi driver I had this morning was so grumpy / welcoming. He nearly bit my head off when I asked to go through the city centre in rush hour.
- 5 We welcome customer comeback / feedback whether it's positive or negative.
- 6 Travelling long distances would be a lot more *bearable I* supportable if everything ran on time.



Home	News	Lifestyle	Finance	Culture	Sport	Technology	Travel	Food	Contact
World	Regional	Celebrity	Fashion	Science	Politics	Health	Videos	Topics	Blogs

HOME ➤ NEWS ➤ WORLD NEWS

### It's service with a smile on Japanese trains

It's hard for commuters to feel positive about the daily grind to and from work on public transport. But the Japanese think they have come up with a technological solution to keeping people happy.

The Keihin Electric Express Railway has introduced a 'smile scan' system in its busier stations in Tokyo. Over 500 employees will face daily checks on the quality of their smile to make sure they look happy and welcoming to passengers. Japan is well known for its attention to detail and customer service. It's common to see uniformed train conductors bowing to travellers as they get on and off the train. So perhaps monitoring employees' smiles is the next logical step.



The 'smile scan' system has been developed by Japanese electronics company Omron.

The 'smile scan' system has been developed by Japanese electronics company Omron. The software works by analysing the movement of the lips and eyes when smiling, and other changes to the face like the appearance of wrinkles. Before starting work each day, employees sit in front of a laptop computer equipped with a webcam and simply smile. The machine then gives a score between 0 and 100 depending on

the quality of their expression. Feedback is also provided on the screen with comments like 'You still look too serious,' or 'Your smile is getting better.' The employee also gets a print-out with an image of their best smile to use as a reference during the rest of the working day.

Although workers in some countries may see the tests as an imposition, the railway company maintains that it is simply a way to improve their service to customers. Taichi Takahashi, a public relations employee at the train company, says that it gives employees an opportunity to check how they come across before they have contact with the public. Users of the system seem to agree, 'Using the "smile scan" system is especially useful for everyday customer interactions. It really helped me develop a natural smile,' says Asami Takahashi, a 28-year-old employee.

Would the smile-scanner be a useful tool in improving your commute to work? Or what other sour-faced staff might benefit from a daily diagnosis?



### **OVER TO YOU**

The bosses of the railway company sound a bit like control freaks! You can't force people to be, or even look, happy.

### Zoltan, Budapest

Sounds fine by me – anything that makes my journey into work more bearable is welcome. Can't imagine it working in Manhattan, though.

### Richie, NYC

> You have to congratulate the Japanese on their ingenuity, but it would never work in the UK. I reckon we have the grumpiest workforce in Europe. You couldn't get a worker on the Tube to smile even if you scanned them all day!

### Val. London

This is a fun story but there's a serious side to it too. We are all monitored by cameras 24/7 and I think it's scary. Some bosses want to have cameras at people's workstations so they can watch what they do all day.

### Nico, Paris

### Glossary

daily grind: something that is hard work, boring and tiring

wrinkles: lines of your skin

sour-faced: looking unfriendly or in a bad mood

### **VOCABULARY** Driving

### 1 Complete the conversation with the verbs in box A and phrases in box B.



- A doing drives getting go through overtake

  B cut up really close behind them the car in front a red light a hundred and fifty
- A: Have you seen this survey about what irritates motorway drivers most?
- A: It isn't actually. What people hate most is when another car <sup>3</sup>...... without leaving enough stopping space.
- B: I can understand that. I think it's quite dangerous. What happens if you brake suddenly?
- A: Apparently, it is the cause of quite a lot of accidents.
- B: I can imagine. So what gets you most about motorway driving?
- A: People who 4...... without stopping. They don't understand how stupid that is. And the other thing is 5..... by a car coming off the motorway. Once I saw this woman cross all three lanes, making us all brake like mad. She only just made the exit.
- B: I know exactly what you mean.

### 2 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 I can't see a thing! That guy just flashed
- 2 Be careful! That guy is going to cross, so
- 3 It's only a small dent so I won't make
- 4 It could've been very nasty if I hadn't swerved
- 5 He's such a speed freak. He's bound to get
- a don't run him over.
- b points on his licence soon.
- c to avoid the other vehicle.
- d his lights right in my face.
- e a claim on my insurance.

### **GRAMMAR** Emphatic structures

### 3 Find and correct a mistake in each sentence.

- 1 What's good is fact that people are using the trains more.
- 2 That really gets me annoyed is people speeding in residential areas.
- 3 The thing that irritates me is the lacking of staff on the stations.
- 4 Fly everywhere is harmful to the environment.
- 5 What gets me is the amount empty buses you see on the
- 6 The thing annoys me about flying is the amount of hanging around.
- 7 It's dangerous when people do follow the rules of the road.
- 8 What I hate is that people not moving their stuff off the seat on a train.

### 4 Rewrite the sentences with the words provided.

1	People using their horn for no reason really irritates me.
2	Driving at night is much more tiring. It's
3	I love the freedom of travelling around by train.  What
4	The number of people changing to public transport is encouraging.  What's
5	The fact that the airline gave us a refund was totally unexpected. What
6	I was really annoyed that they didn't explain the delay.

5 11.1 You are going to hear five speakers talking about funny episodes related to travelling. Match the speakers (1−5) to the letters (2−5). There is one letter that you don't need  1.1 You are going to hear five speakers talking about funny episodes.  1.1 You are going to hear five speakers talking about funny episodes.  1.2 You are going to hear five speakers talking about funny episodes.  1.3 You are going to hear five speakers talking about funny episodes.  1.4 You are going to hear five speakers talking about funny episodes.  1.5 You are going to hear five speakers talking about funny episodes.  1.5 You are going to hear five speakers talking about funny episodes.  1.5 You are going to hear five speakers.  1.7 You are going						
	peaker 2					
	peaker 3					
	peaker 4					
	peaker 5					
)	peaker 5					
9	Someone didn't do their job very well.					
)	Someone relied too much on technology					
	Someone overtook a police car by mistake.					
ĺ	Someone was on the wrong type of road.					
f	Someone built something the wrong size.					
	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?					
	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION  ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)  He must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.	)?				
P >	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)  He must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)  He must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.  The air traffic controller had fallen asleep. / The usual boy racers were overtaking.	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)  He must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.  The air traffic controller had fallen asleep. / The usual boy racers were overtaking.	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  re the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D) He must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies. The air traffic controller had fallen asleep. / The usual boy racers were overtaking. The pilot kept calling the control tower. / He ended up on the motorway by mistake. People are asking to book river cruises. / The tunnel	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)  The must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.  The air traffic controller had fallen asleep. / The usual boy racers were overtaking.  The pilot kept calling the control tower. / He ended up on the motorway by mistake.	)?				
	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)  The must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.  The air traffic controller had fallen asleep. / The usual boy racers were overtaking.  The pilot kept calling the control tower. / He ended up on the motorway by mistake.  People are asking to book river cruises. / The tunnel they built was too small for the trains.	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)  The must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.  The air traffic controller had fallen asleep. / The usual boy racers were overtaking.  The pilot kept calling the control tower. / He ended up on the motorway by mistake.  People are asking to book river cruises. / The tunnel they built was too small for the trains.  The navigation is only as good as the map. / The sat nav had said 'go straight on'.	)?				
-	PRONUNCIATION ame sound or different?  The the letters in bold the same sound (S) or different (D)  The must have taken the wrong turning? / What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.  The air traffic controller had fallen asleep. / The usual boy racers were overtaking.  The pilot kept calling the control tower. / He ended up on the motorway by mistake.  People are asking to book river cruises. / The tunnel they built was too small for the trains.  The navigation is only as good as the map. / The sat	)?				

Don't forget you can use the recordings more than once.

up and keep trying the pronunciation activities to see if

Go back to a unit and listen again to see what you can pick

Learner tip

you're improving.

### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 11

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 11 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

### 1 Which is the odd one out in each set?

1	fare	tyre	windscreen	gears
2	tank	fuel	leak	pavement
3	excess	deposit	small print	diesel
4	indicate	appeal	swerve	overtake

### 2 Match 1-5 and a-e.

1	We set off	a	into disrepair.
2	The road has fallen		on such a journey.
3	The first route appeals		for the mountains.
	I wouldn't embark	d	to be a great success.
5	The trip turned out		to me most.

### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 Someone scarred / dented my new car.
- 2 You could always appeal / impose against the fine.
- 3 Always read the small print on the rental / safety contract.
- 4 Parking restrictions / limits are strict in this area.
- 5 Why did he just flash / swerve me?
- 6 The car pulled out / cut up in front of us.
- 7 What annoys me is people parking on the pavement / lanes.

### 4 Which words do you need to complete the sentences in each set?

1 The ...... has fallen off my bike. / It's a well-

	known supermarket / It was an
	unfortunate of events.
2	The boys formed a strong / The passengers
	will quickly. / Heat will the layers
	together.
3	Inner cities are often crime hot/ That

cream gives me ...... / The guide showed us some interesting .....

### 5 What form of the words in brackets do you need to complete the sentences?

- We returned the keys to the (rent) office.
- 2 Modern life lacks a (spirit) dimension.
- 3 His kindness gave me faith in (human).
- 4 Travelling (dependent) can be quite an adventure.
- 5 Legend says the city was build by a (myth) hero.
- 6 During my time in Africa I met some (remark) people.

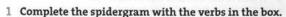
Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

# **HEALTH AND MEDICINE**

2

### VOCABULARY Health problems



feel have got

suffer from get

.... rough / stiff / hot and cold

3

stress / asthma / eczema

.. itchy / panic attacks / short of breath

.....a cold / an allergy / the flu / an upset stomach / a cough / a temperature

4

health problems

5

..... crutches / a herbal remedy / an inhaler

### 2 Circle the word or expression in each set that doesn't relate to the illness.

0.70		001	
1	eczema	cracks	scratch
		itchy	faint
2	a cold	bump	runny nose
		sore throat	cough
3	asthma	short of breath	pin
		inhaler	fumes
4	upset stomach	diarrhoea	rough
		high blood pressure	throw up
5	an allergy	swell up	bruises
		sneeze	rash
6	flu	scratches	temperature
		hot and cold	stiff

### DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS

Passing on messages

### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 Tell / Give him our wishes / regards and wish him luck in his new place:
- 2 Give / Send her a hug from me and tell / tell to her not to be nervous about her finals.
- 3 Give them my apologises / apologies for not coming and say / tell I hope the do goes well.
- 4 Say / Send them my hug / love and hope they have good weather on their special day.
- 5 Give / Pass them my apologies / congratulations and tell them we can't wait to see the new arrival.
- 6 Tell / Tell her there's no need to apologise and to take / make it easy until she's ready to come back.
- 7 Say / Tell hi from all of us and tell them we're thinking / we think of them at this very sad time.

### 4 Match the messages in Exercise 3 to the situations (a-g).

- a having a baby
- b taking important exams
- c missing a party
- d being off work
- e getting married
- f suffering a bereavement
- g moving house

### GRAMMAR

Supposed to be -ing and should for talking about the future

### 5 Find and correct a mistake in each sentence.

- 1 I supposed to be having a check-up tomorrow but I've got too much work.
- 2 My knee hurts a bit now but it shouldn't be OK in a few days.
- 3 I shouldn't to need to be in hospital for very long.
- 4 She's supposed to walking with crutches but she just
- 5 I'm afraid the side effects of the drugs should last a few days.
- 6 They've supposed to be launching a new flu treatment but it's been delayed.

### 6 Complete the conversations with the correct form of the pairs of verbs in the box.

should / be	supposed / play	
supposed / go	should / feel	
should / take	supposed / visit	
should / clear up	supposed / give	

- 1 A: Look at the time! I ...... mum in hospital in 15 minutes but I'm running late.
  - B: I'll go if you like. I've got my car so it ..... me long to get there.
- 2 A: It's nothing serious. Just stay off school for a couple of days and you ..... fine.
  - B: A couple of days? I ..... in a football match tomorrow.
- 3 A: Use this cream and the rash ..... in a week or so.
  - B: A week? We ..... on holiday tomorrow.
- 4 A: My friend ...... blood later but she's got a bit of a headache.
  - B: There .....a problem but check with the nurse first.

### LISTENING

7 \$ 12.1 You are going to hear a couple preparing for a barbecue. Listen and match three adjectives to Sam and three to Kate. There are two adjectives you don't need.

stressed	confident
cautious	a control freak
unhelpful	good fun
easy-going	very poorly

### 8 Who said the equivalent of these things? Listen again and write the correct name, Sam or Kate.

- 1 I've never hurt myself before.
- 2 Don't forget about hygiene.
- 3 I don't feel too well.
- 4 I've got some medicine that could help you.
- 5 There's nothing wrong with me.
- 6 Let's have a drink.
- 7 I'd forgotten about that.
- 8 It's not my problem if you get ill.
- 9 I'm glad the guests are here.

### **PRONUNCIATION** Intonation on question tags

### 9 Listen and mark the intonation of the question tags:

- 1 We've had hundreds of barbecues and I've never burnt myself, have !?
- 2 You will wash your hands, won't you?
- 3 You'll be OK for the party, won't you?
- 4 Sam, you're not getting a cold, are you?
- 5 You're not going to drink too much tonight, are you?
- 6 Yeah, you haven't forgotten, have you?
- 7 You're not going to eat it, are you?
- 8 Well, it won't kill me, will it?

### 10 Practise saying the sentences.

### VOCABULARY

Parts of the body and operations

- Write the missing vowels in the parts of the body. Then read the clues and circle the correct answer.
  - 1 It has more than 120 muscles.

I\_ng sp\_n\_

- 2 The bones of this part of the body are not joined at birth. sk\_II h\_p
- 3 A yellowing of the skin indicates a problem with this. **br\_n l\_v\_r**
- 4 They are quite fragile and could be broken by sneezing. r\_bs wr\_sts
- 5 These each have two bones.

bigt\_s f\_ng\_rs

- 6 A bone called the femur connects to this. \_lb\_w kn\_\_
- 7 You need at least one of these to live.

k\_dn\_ys \_nkl\_s

- 2 Match the verbs (1-6) and the phrases (a-f).
  - 1 be
- a you a lot of pain
- 2 remove
- b a pin in a bone
- 3 have
- c a tumour
- 4 cause
- d a ligament
- 5 put
- e in hospital for a day
- 6 tear
- f an operation / a transplant
- Language note silent letters

Remember to keep a note of words with silent letters. Quite a few of them are parts of the body, e.g. knee, wrist, thumb. Find more examples and add to this list.

### READING

- 3 Read the article on page 73 quickly. Match the headings to the main paragraphs.
  - a What if you don't get any?
  - b How can you get more?
  - c What actually happens?
  - d How much is enough?
- 4 Read the article again. Which of these statements are true, according to the writer?
  - 1 You should sleep between five and nine hours a night.
  - 2 Movement of the eyes in a sleeping person indicates dreaming.

- 3 We experience physical changes in pre-sleep and slow wave sleep.
- 4 We typically get one stage of REM sleep and one of non-REM sleep a night.
- 5 You are more likely to have a nightmare close to the time of getting up.
- 6 There's no fixed right amount of sleep for each individual.
- 7 Older people tend to have problems getting to sleep.
- 8 There's no point staying in bed if you can't sleep.
- 5 Complete the quotations about sleep with the words in the box.

nap	snore	awake	amount of sleep
insomnia	night's sleep	like a baby	lying

- 1 'The best bridge between despair and hope is a good ...
- 2 'People who ...... always fall asleep first.'
- 3 'No day is so bad it can't be fixed with a .....
- 4 'Nothing cures ......like the realisation that it's time to get up.'
- 5 'If you can't sleep, then get up and do something instead of ......there worrying. It's the worry that gets you, not the lack of sleep.'
- 6 'People who say they sleep ......usually don't have one.'
- 8 'The .....required by the average person is five hours.'

### **GRAMMAR** Determiners

- 6 Cross out one word in each set that isn't possible.
  - 1 Can you pass me those / another / some / my painkillers?
  - 2 Every / Each / No / Half employee has reported symptoms of swine flu.
  - 3 This / Many / Other / A few doctors mix conventional medicine with holistic therapies.
  - 4 Both / All / Neither of my parents have diabetes.
  - 5 I don't have many / the / much / any time to take regular exercise.
  - 6 If you need to see a dentist, I'll phone mine I one I a.
- 7 Choose the correct words.
  - 1 A: I need few I some antibiotics for my cold.
    - B: They won't work. There is / isn't no cure for the common cold.
  - 2 A: Did some / that cream I gave you help your eczema?
    - B: I'm afraid not. None / None of the things I've tried have worked.
  - 3 A: I can't take aspirin. Have you got any others / other painkillers?
    - B: No, but I'll get you some I some of in town.
  - 4 A: Have you had another / other check-up recently?
    - B: Yes, they did several tests but *neither I none* of them have given a clear result.
  - 5 A: Have you taken out a / any insurance?
    - B: Yes, all / both medical and dental care is covered.

# The guide to a good night's sleep z z z



Researchers distinguish two main types of sleep:

REM (Rapid E/e Movement) sleep

During this stage, the body is totally relaxed but the brain is active. The closed eyes move from side to side very rapidly and this is the period when dreaming occurs.

Non-REM steep

Four key stages have been identified in this type of sleep:

pre-sleep during which there is a lowering of the body temperature, the heart starts to beat more slowly and the muscles relax.

light sleep when you could easily be woken up by something but not feel disorientated.

slow wave sleep which is characterised by a fall in blood pressure. This is the stage when some people talk in their sleep or sleep walk.

deep slow wave sleep when it is difficult to wake the sleeper. If a person is woken up during this stage, they often feel disoriented or confused.

We typically change between the two main types of sleep about five times a night, with phases of dreaming being more common towards the morning. We also experience short periods of being awake - up to one or two minutes about every two hours. You may not remember these periods unless you were woken by a person snoring or other disturbance.

The amount of sleep you need will of course depend on your age, but there are also very wide individual variations. Babies get the longest period, sleeping on average 17 hours a day - hence the expression 'sleep like a baby' - with older children dropping to nine or ten hours a night. The average night's sleep for an adult of any age is eight hours but older people tend to have only one period of deep sleep after which they wake more easily.



3 .....

We all have the odd sleepless night but what if you are troubled by more prolonged insomnia? This can lead to feeling sleepy all the time, wanting to have a nap during the day, difficulties in concentrating and making decisions, and irritability. An extreme lack of sleep can even lead to depression. Everyday tasks such as driving or using machinery become difficult or even dangerous.

Check practical things like being too hot or cold or having a lumpy mattress aren't stopping you from dropping off. Avoid caffeine, alcohol and big meals just before bedtime. Create a sleep routine by getting up and going to bed at more or less the same time. Don't be tempted to catch up on lost sleep by having a liein at the weekend. And most importantly don't just lie awake counting sheep. Get up and read, listen to gentle music or watch TV for a while and then try again.

Glossary

snore: breathe in a noisy way when you are asleep mattress: the part of a bed that makes it comfortable to

count sheep: to imagine sheep and count them as a way of getting to sleep

#### **DEVELOPING WRITING**

A letter - showing sympathy

- 8 Read the letter on the opposite page quickly. What do think is the relationship between Erik and Melanie?
  - a employee and boss
  - b good friends
  - c husband and wife
- 9 Read the letter again. Number the things Melanie does in the letter in order.

Melanie
makes a promise
asks about future treatment
offers help
expresses sympathy
sends a message
makes a joke
asks how Erik is now
tells Erik about a gift

- 10 Match the sentence beginnings (1–5) with two endings (a–j).
  - 1 If there's anything you need,
  - 2 I know it's hard but try
  - 3 I'm free most afternoons if you
  - 4 When you are feeling a bit better, I'll
  - 5 Everyone here says
  - a to keep smiling.
  - b take it easy and get better soon.
  - c pop round for a chat.
  - d fancy some company.
  - e you only have to ask.
  - f take you out for a drive.
  - g hi and look after yourself.
  - h need me to run any errands.
  - i not to worry too much.
  - j just let me know.
- Write a letter to a friend (150-190 words) to show sympathy about an accident or illness. Use the ideas in Exercise 9 and the language in this section to help you.



#### Dear Erik.

I wanted to drop you a line to say how sorry I was to hear about your accident. I couldn't believe it when Sasha told me that you'd fallen down the stairs and broken both legs. It must have been an awful shock.

How are you feeling now? Sasha said that you were in plaster from ankle to knee and that you were having problems getting around on crutches. I know that it's difficult at first but it should become easier. If you get an itch under your plaster you can always use the crutch to scratch it!

When are they supposed to be removing the plaster? I hope it's soon and that you can start to get back to normal. I expect they'll organise some physiotherapy for you at the hospital but if not let me know. My sister knows the name of a good therapist.

I'm really sorry we haven't been to see you but things have been really hectic. I'll definitely drive over in the next couple of weeks. In the meantime, I've sent you a few novels and DVDs to help pass the time.

Get better soon and send my love to all the family.

1 ove Melanie

#### Learner tip

Don't forget to do as much writing as possible outside the classroom. There's nothing to stop you sending 'real' letters, notes and emails to English-speaking friends.

#### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 12

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 12 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

#### 1 Which words that are both verbs and nouns can complete these sentences?

- 1 That's a deep cut, you might need a ..... or two. He had to go to hospital so they could .....the cuts.
- 2 Her leg was so badly broken they had to ..... the bones After the accident, he had an operation to put a .....in his
- elbow
- 3 I never ..... on horses or cards. I value money too much. Having an outdoor party in winter is always a .....
- 4 He's on the waiting list for a heart ..... operation. They're going to ..... the kidney from an anonymous donor.
- 5 My leg has been in ..... for two weeks. We had to ..... and paint the new wall in the kitchen.

#### 2 Complete the sentences with nouns ending in -ence.

- 1 They closed the restaurant early but no-one apologised for the
- 2 The ...... was so complete I could hear my own heart beat.
- 3 When did the country gain ..... from France?
- 4 The company failed to protect their staff and were found guilty
- 5 I never watch films with scenes of fighting or street .....

#### 3 Complete the verbs and nouns that begin with re.

- 1 She had a serious operation to re..... the tumour.
- 2 He is finally re.....his health after a long illness.
- 3 The survey re..... that patients benefited from the treatment
- 4 The re..... after the operation took a few weeks.
- 5 Take some aspirin to help with pain re.....

#### 4 Choose the correct words.

- 1 Fumes / wards usually make my asthma worse.
- 2 He can't play tennis since he tore a ligament / crutch in his leg.
- 3 I have an allergy to peanuts they make my throat swell /
- 4 Her eczema makes her skin really itchy / stiff all over.
- 5 If he gets a panic / chronic attack, he can't breathe.
- 6 Some jobs in hospitals are now outsourced / transplanted to private companies.

#### 5 What object / treatment do these people need?

- 1 She's in terrible pain.
- 2 I've sprained my ankle and it's really hard to walk.
- 3 I broke my leg in two places.
- 4 They found she has a tumour on her kidney.

Score

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

# 13

# LIFE-CHANGING EVENTS

#### **VOCABULARY** Life-changing events

#### 1 Write the expressions in the correct categories.

- family life
- · results of bad decisions
- education and work
- difficult events

char	nging careers
	oping out of college
	ing a degree / Masters / PhD
a co	uple getting together / splitting up
	ig sent to prison

getting married being sacked buying a house serious illness giving birth

# 2 Read the sentences. Which events in Exercise 1 are they talking about?

- 1 'I'm really pleased they've finally started going out. They seem to be getting on very well.'
- 2 'We were quite surprised when she told us. I always thought she'd be in nursing for life but she sounds very enthusiastic about the new training.'
- 3 'They say it's almost as traumatic as getting divorced but ours went pretty smoothly and it's wonderful to have more space.'
- 4 He's been in and out of hospital for treatment. It's been very hard for the whole family.
- 5 'He said he would take them to a tribunal but I doubt he would win. They knew he'd been fiddling his expenses.'
- 6 'He got three years for credit card fraud, but he'll probably be out in about 18 months.'
- 7 'She's very modest, but it is an amazing achievement at her age. She was by far the youngest at the graduation ceremony.'
- 8 'I reckon he'll regret it in the future. He was in his final year and it's so hard to get a job these days without good qualifications.'

#### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 They warned us that the cancer might continue to move / spread but it seems to be responding to treatment.
- 2 I went through a hard / rough patch with my career but things have looked up since I retrained / reformed as a counsellor
- 3 They found out he'd taken *fines I bribes* and so he didn't have I get offered the job.
- 4 Mother and baby are doing fine but Ana was in *labour / birth* for hours.
- 5 We've been / played on a terrible run but getting knocked / beaten out of the cup is too much for most fans.
- 6 If you like him why don't you ask him go out / out?
- 7 I think they should stop / call it a day they do nothing but argue.

#### **GRAMMAR** Past perfect simple and continuous

4 Look at the information about key events in William's life. Write sentences using the verbs and time expressions in brackets.

2000	left school
2001	went travelling
2002 —	started uni, met Lucy
2004 —	gave up course, unemployed for 6 months
2004-2009	worked in catering
2010 —	– set up own business, married Lucy



- 1 start university / be travelling for a year (when / already)

  .When.William.started.university.heid.already.been.

  .travelling.for.a.year.
- 2 give up course / study for only two years (after)
- 3 be unemployed for six months / start working in catering (before)
- 4 set up business / work in catering for five years (by the time)
- 5 know each other for eight years / marry Lucy (already / by the time)
- 6 set up own business / leave school (ten years after)

	Complete the conversations with the past perfect or
	past perfect continuous form of the verbs.

- 1 A: Well, it was good to catch up with Ian. We 1 ...... (not see) each other for ages. You know that he lost his job last month? Apparently, the company 2 ..... (be) in trouble for months. And he split up from Kate a year ago.
  - B: Mm, I heard from Kate's friend that they 3 ...... (not get on) very well. Poor things.
- 2 A: It was such a relief to finally move in after we 4 ......(spend) so long looking for a place.
  - B: I know what you mean. By the time we found our flat, I 5 ..... (nearly / give up). We 6.....(live) with my parents for over a year.
- 3 A: Sorry I missed the wedding, I 7 ...... (not be) very well for a few days before so I didn't want to risk it.
  - B: Don't worry. I wasn't really expecting you because Helen told me 8 you ...... (come down with) a virus.

#### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

Showing uncertainty

#### 6 Choose the correct words.

- A: Did you hear about Dr Clarke being kicked out of the university?
- B: No, really? How come?
- A: As 1 far / much as I know, she'd been taking bribes to hand out better grades.
- B: You're kidding.
- A: I'm not, and 2 according to / of my room mate she wasn't really a PhD.
- B: What?
- A: 3 Accordingly / Apparently, she'd faked her CV to get into the department in the first place. 4 As / From I understand it, she graduated with just a lower class degree.
- B: So what's going to happen now?
- A: Well, from 5 that / what I heard, she's been suspended while they investigate, so they need a new head of department.
- B: I was 6 told / said they were looking for new staff but I didn't know that was why. I can't quite believe it, can you?

#### LISTENING

#### 7 🕏 13.1 Listen to James and Emily talking after an important event. What has just taken place?

- a a funeral
- b a graduation
- c a wedding

#### 8 Listen again and number the events in Helen's life in order. There is one event you don't need to use.

Helen	
was a teacher of French	********
ran an environmental campaign	
organised a strike	*******
did voluntary work in Africa	
went to university	1
retired	*******
got married	
set up a writing group	

#### **PRONUNCIATION** Strong and weak forms

#### 9 \$13.2 Choose the correct symbol for the underlined sounds.

- 1 /ə/ /æ/ I wish that I'd seen her more often. No, what was that?
- 2 /0/ I'm now wondering where all these people have come from? Those ladies over there are from her writing group.
- 3 /2/ /u:/ Nice to meet you. Did you know about the student strike?
- 4 /2/ /3:/ Education was very important to her. But I knew her from long before that.
- 5 /0/ Helen was obviously very well thought of. She was head of French at my school.
- 10 Listen and check. Then practise saying the sentences.

#### GRAMMAR

be always / constantly -ing, wish and would

#### 1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the pairs of words in the box.

always / organise wish / pay		wish / not be always / leave
٧	vish / be	wish / not have
(	constantly / get	constantly / borrow
1		he's always broke. Ihe way once in a while.
2	We get on OK but he in the sink.	ehis dirty washing-up
3	He used to be such a trouble this term.	good kid but heinto
4	We get on OK, but I.	sheso
	interfering. She won	't leave us alone.
5		trips and things to say
6		at but Ithey late-night parties next door.
7		rt-time job. You money
8		hen I have a check-up but I

# 2 Who are the people in Exercise 1 talking about/to?

..... he ...... a bit easier to talk to.

M	atch 1–8 in Exercise 1, to a–h.	
a	a schoolchild	
b	their neighbours	
C	their boss	********
d	a friend	
e	their doctor	*******
f	their teenage daughter	
g	their flatmate	

h their mother-in-law



#### READING

#### 3 Read the article opposite quickly. What is the writer's main purpose?

- a to question recent research
- b to give people advice on how to handle life events
- c to compare two societies

# Which paragraphs (1–5) contain mainly facts or mainly opinions?

# 5 Read the article again. Choose the correct answers to these questions.

- 1 What does the process of 'adaptation' allow people to do?
  - a get over bad experiences
  - b deal with both the positive and negative aspects of life
  - c prepare for difficult life events
- 2 What did the research team find?
  - a The people in the study got happier over the 20-year period of the research.
  - b Most of the life events had no immediate effect on levels of happiness.
  - Only one life event affected levels of happiness over a longer period.
- 3 What does the writer say about money?
  - a Having additional money starts to feel normal very quickly.
  - b Lottery winners spend too much and then they are broke again.
  - Celebrities are too interested in money to find lasting happiness.
- 4 Why doesn't the writer think 'adaptation' applies to relationships?
  - Couples who have been married for a long time are less happy.
  - b Children should be a source of happiness to their parents.
  - c People feel differently about each other at different times.
- 5 What is the writer's main point about bereavement?
  - a You never adapt to losing a loved one.
  - b It takes a long time to heal the sadness.
  - c He really misses his brother.

#### 6 Choose the correct words.

- 1 They've been married for 50 years and their love for each other hasn't faded / adapted at all.
- 2 Life has ups and downs. It's impossible to live in a major / constant state of happiness.
- 3 When I was made redundant, I just didn't know what to make of / up things for a while.
- 4 She used to be a bit arrogant but getting divorced has made her come back down to ground / earth.
- 5 She was widowed young but she went / lived on to marry again in her forties.
- 6 Their ideas of moving from place to place just don't seem to suit / fit with family life.

### opinion

From 'We're having a child.' to 'We're getting divorced.' Just two of the major life events that an average couple may experience. Events like these are often described as life-changing, but recent research seems to suggest otherwise

A team of psychologists and economists recently published a study that suggests both the positive and negative feelings that result from life events are relatively short-lived. So, the joy experienced when you are first married tends to fade over time due to a process called 'adaptation'. You simply get used to the new set of circumstances. Similarly, bad experiences like getting divorced or getting the sack don't seem to affect your longterm satisfaction with life. Put basically, your overall level of happiness remains more or less constant throughout your adult life.

The research team surveyed thousands of people in Germany over a period of 20 years. The study plotted their levels of happiness before and after one of six life events: getting married, having a child, getting divorced, becoming widowed, losing your job, and being laid off. While most of these events had a strong effect on happiness at the time they took place, the positive or negative feelings faded relatively quickly. Interestingly, only unemployment had a longer-

term detrimental effect.

It's when we think about relationships that I start to query the research. Sure, a couple that have been married for years aren't going to wake up each morning and feel the same joy as they did on their wedding day. But even if they have got used to being married, they could still go on to experience greater levels of happiness in the future. It's the same with children. Perhaps most of the people who were surveyed had children of school age, which is generally recognised as a difficult stage in

family life. Once these children are grown up, they could become a source of renewed happiness to their parents.

> The idea of adaptation seems to suggest that you can get used to more or less anything. For me, the area of life where it just doesn't fit is bereavement. I wouldn't say anyone really gets used to losing someone they love. I only have to look at my own life since my brother passed away. What I could never say is that I'm as happy now as I was before he died. Yes, time is a healer but some things you just never really adapt to.

So what do we make of this idea of adaptation? When it comes to money, I can see it makes some sense. No matter how much money any one of us has, we quickly get used to the lifestyle that it provides. And we've all heard of lottery winners who, after the initial spending sprees, come back down to earth. Having extra money is nice but you only have to look at the problems experienced by some of today's celebrities to know it doesn't bring you lasting happiness.

plotted: assessed

widowed: if someone is widowed, their husband

or wife has died

detrimental: negative or damaging

bereavement: the situation you are in when

someone close to you dies

courageous

compromising

#### **VOCABULARY** Values and concepts

love

honest

#### 1 Complete the sentences with the noun form of the words in the box. There are two words that don't need to change.

responsible

integrity

ambitious

just

			browness weeking Jaco					
	1		's surprising how people who don't think of nemselves as brave, often show great					
	2	0	nly those with the highest moralshould e allowed to judge others.					
	3		etting students to takefor their own arning is essential training for higher education.					
	4	C	hildren who lackand affection often find difficult to build relationships in later life.					
	5		's natural for young children to tell lies because they on't yet understand the concept of					
	6		/ithout equality and for all, there can be o democracy.					
	7		is part of the mix for a successful career, ut you also need talent and luck.					
	8	In	business, you might not always get the best deal but ne art of means you keep your customer.					
2		Complete the pairs of sentences with either the correct article or – (no article).						
		а	You can't live on ambition alone, sooner or later it needs to turn into something concrete.					
		b	I've always had burning ambition to take up acting.					
	2	а	I just wish you'd hadhonesty to tell me that you what you really thought.					
		b	Of course,honesty is important but we all tell white lies sometimes to save people's feelings.					
	3	а	My grandmother met Granddad when she was 16. He has beenlove of her life ever since.					
		b	I've never experiencedlove at first sight,					

though I'm sure for some people it's real.

its most vulnerable citizens.

4 a The state has .....responsibility to care for

b If teenagers aren't given .....responsibility, then they will always need to rely on their parents.

they'll reach ...... acceptable compromise

b Neither my brother or sister will back down in an

argument. They see ...... compromise as

b I don't know how they found ...... courage to

6 a It takes ......courage to stand up for what

fight the legal appeal for so long.

5 a The talks have been going on for hours, so I'm sure

#### **DEVELOPING WRITING**

A description - using vivid language

#### 3 Read the description below quickly. Why is the event so memorable for the writer?

- a Someone was nasty to her.
- b Things were different from how she'd imagined.
- c She felt very nervous before starting school.

# 4 Read the description again. Replace the <u>underlined</u> words with the more vivid equivalents.

demanded	burst into tears	weary	deafening
beamed	enormous	endless	identical to
hurrying	chattered	gulped	incredibly



#### MY FIRST DAY AT SCHOOL

I remember it like it was yesterday. I woke up <sup>1</sup> very early and <sup>2</sup> asked for my favourite breakfast - boiled eggs, toast and milk. I was so excited about joining my big sister, Susie, at school. I <sup>3</sup> talked about what we were going to do that day. I <sup>4</sup> drank the milk between sentences while my <sup>5</sup> tired mother drank her tea.

The time before leaving for school seemed <sup>e</sup> very long. And then we were on our way. My sister, mum and I all <sup>7</sup> walking along the street hand in hand. I looked at my new uniform and school bag, and <sup>8</sup> smiled with pleasure.

Then we turned into the entrance to the school and the noise seemed <sup>o</sup> very loud. I had never seen so many children in one place. But why did they all look <sup>10</sup> the same as me? I had thought the uniform was just for us, for Susie and me.

And then an even bigger shock. Two ladies appeared, both seemed <sup>11</sup> very tall. One took Susie by the hand. I went to follow but was stopped. 'No, darling,' said my mother, 'You're in a different class from Susie.' I looked straight at her and <sup>18</sup> started to cry.

failure.

you believe in.

#### Language note describing feelings

You don't always have to use just adjectives to describe people feelings. You can vary your language by using expressions with nouns, e.g. proud – full of pride, nervous – overcome with nerves, etc.

#### 5 Change the underlined word to make it fit in the new sentence.

- 1 My parents were very <u>proud</u>. / My parents were bursting with ......
- 2 She looked embarrassed. / She nearly died of
- 3 He was nervous. / He felt sick with ......
- 4 I was <u>disappointed</u>. / I could have cried with
- 5 He felt pleased. / His face shone with ......
- 6 I was confused. / I couldn't hide my ......
- 7 She felt sad. / A feeling of ...... came over her.
- 8 They laughed. / They burst out .....

#### Learner tip

When describing an event or an experience, what you write about doesn't have to be true! You can add or adapt details to make your description more interesting. Take time to plan your answer and think about what will make the reader want to read on. Remember to use as big a range of language as you can.

#### 6 Write a description (150–190 words) about an important event in your or someone else's life. Use one of these ideas or an idea of your own.

- the first day at school
- a wedding
- starting university
- · a child being born



#### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 13

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 13 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

#### 1 Match the follow-up comments (a-e) to the sentences (1-5).

- 1 Excuse me a second.
- 2 I wish they'd stop making so much noise.
- 3 I'm not going to iron the sheets and towels.
- 4 They never come to my parties.
- 5 You needn't turn the music down.
- a It doesn't bother me.
- b Sorry to bother you.
- c I didn't bother to invite them this year.
- d I can't be bothered.
- e It's really starting to bother me.

#### 2 Write the missing word in the correct place.

- 1 Can we put this discussion till I'm less tired?
- 2 He's too soft, he needs to stand for himself.
- 3 I didn't set to make him angry, it just happened!
- 4 Calm down! Try to step instead of getting annoyed.
- 5 Whatever you do, don't resort personal abuse.

#### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 It's important to set children clear boundaries / messages.
- 2 I'm not very good at setting / handling conflict.
- 3 She needed all her courage / loyalty to stand up to her boss.
- 4 They decided to stay together to / for the sake of their children.
- 5 His point of view is just as vain / valid as yours!
- 6 She's going to be buried I burial in the grounds of the church.
- 7 We should go to the funeral and pay our respects / blessing.
- 8 I'd like to propose a vow / toast to the happy couple.

# 4 What form of the words in brackets do you need to complete the text?

'A couple of years ago I was working long hours, and my wife and I went through a rough patch. My son was having problems at school, and was becoming very <sup>1</sup> (temper). If I made a suggestion about his <sup>2</sup> (bring), my wife would become very <sup>3</sup> (defend) and think I was criticising her, and every weekend, there would be a <sup>4</sup> (confront) about some aspect of family life. So we went to see a <sup>5</sup> (counsel), who helped us deal with the <sup>6</sup> (underlie) problems. I changed my job to one that involved less <sup>7</sup> (commute), and now I have more time to spend with my son. Our life as a family has definitely improved.'

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

# **BANKS AND MONEY**

#### VOCABULARY Money problems

#### 1 Choose the correct words.

- A: Er, can I ask you some advice?
- B: Sure, what's the problem?
- A: Well, I wondered if I could borrow some money. You see, I have a bit of a 1 money / cash flow problem. And I've already <sup>2</sup> got / gone over my overdraft limit.
- B: Sure, I can lend you something until pay day.
- A: Actually, it's a bit more serious than that. You see, I've 3 got / spent into quite a bit of debt. And I'm 4 paying / paying for a massive amount in bank charges.
- B: So, how did all this happen?
- A: Well, I ran 5 out / up some debts on my credit card. Then I took out a 6 loan / lend. Basically, the bank won't 7 provide / extend me any more credit.
- B: This sounds serious. To be honest, you need to see a professional - someone who can help you set up and manage a 8 credit / budget. Otherwise, all this could seriously affect your ability to 9 lend / borrow money. You could even 10 get / go bankrupt.

#### 2 Complete the sentences with the correct prepositions.

- 1 Since the economy collapsed, inflation has rocketed and prices have gone 1 ...... 15 per cent. How is anyone supposed to live 3 ..... the state pension with the cost of living so high?
- 2 I don't understand how the banks can write 4 ... billions in bad loans or be saved 5 ...... a bailout, but no one helps the average person when their life savings are completely wiped 6 ......
- When someone hacked 7..... my account, it took ages to sort everything out. Fortunately, I was able to claim the money 8 ..... on insurance.

#### 3 Complete the sentences with the pairs of words in the box.

buy / on credit make / good money run out of / money get into / debt take out / a loan withdraw / some money 1 I'd rather have a rewarding job than work just

- 2 I'd like to ...... from my current account. How much is the daily limit?
- 3 He's got a huge overdraft. I don't know how anyone can ......like that.
- 4 I can't afford to replace my car so I'll need to ......
- 5 It's madness to ...... stuff ..... the stores charge such huge interest rates.
- 6 Could you lend me some cash? I've ..... and I don't get paid until Friday.

#### DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS

Apologising and offering explanations

#### Choose the correct statement in each of A's lines. Then cross out the word that isn't needed in B's answers.

- 1 A: I've been sent the wrong credit card. / I've been waiting ages.
  - B: I do apologise for. There must have been some kind of mix-up.
- 2 A: I'd like to pay in this cheque. / I only need a short-term loan.
- B: I'm very sorry. I'm afraid there's absolutely not nothing we can do
- 3 A: I've been trying to get cash for 20 minutes. / This pen doesn't work.
  - B: I'm have really sorry. I'm afraid the system is down at the moment
- 4 A: I'm here to see the manager. / I was told I could withdraw all the money today.
  - B: I do apologise. I'll have a word with my manager about and see what I can do.
- 5 A: I'm after some Australian dollars. / I'd like to extend my overdraft
  - B: I'm awfully sorry. I'm afraid I'm not authorised for to make that decision.
- 6 A: Why is each customer taking so long? / Is it possible to set up online banking?
  - B: I'm terribly sorry about. The computers are being very slow today.
- 7 A: I need to give you my new address. / A thousand pounds has gone missing from my account.
  - B: I do apologise. I'll take look into the matter at once.

#### **GRAMMAR** Passives

#### 5 Find and correct six errors in the sentences.

- 1 I was given a bad credit rating but the debts were run up from
- When I looked at my bank statement I couldn't believe what was happened.
- 3 Money from organised crime is currently laundering through online businesses.
- 4 I'll never forget to be refused credit in a shop. It was so embarrassing.
- 5 I don't know why my loan application turned down.
- 6 They think my card was cloned when I handed it over in the
- 7 All customer signatures have to check before any cash is handed over.
- 8 The local cash point was removed because it was broken into.

6 Complete the questions with the correct passive form of the verb. Then choose the correct answers.

4	ATOTIC"	y quiz					
1	What(make)	paper money in Bri	itain of?	5	Which two of some time? (c	these things	as money at
	a wood	b cotton and linen	c plastic		a shells	b fish	c leather
2	Wheremodern credit	the account detail cards? (store)	is on	6		ntrya comn	non system of
	a in the black	b in the logo	c in the		? (	recently / introduce)	
	magnetic strip		hologram		a the USA	b South Korea	c Australia
3	What is the larg	gest value bank note pend)	that can currently	7	In which year	the first eu	ro notes and coin
	a 1,000 US dollars	b 10,000 Hong Kong dollars	c 500 euros		a 1999		c 2002
1		fully printed bank r	notesin	8		average is a dollar bill? (destroy)	in circulation
	the UK? (first /	see)				b 21 months	c 24 months

#### LISTENING

#### 7 \$ 14.1 Listen to five short recordings and choose the correct answers.

- 1 Why didn't the woman buy what she wanted?
  - a It took too long.
  - b The cashier was rude.
  - c The cashier couldn't accept cards or cheques.
- 2 What has Eric done recently?
  - a paid off his overdraft with his own money
  - b borrowed money from his mum and dad
  - c taken out a mortgage
- 3 What is Rachel trying to do?
  - a publicise a day of action
  - b raise money for a campaign
  - c criticise shoppers
- 4 How much did Millie win on the lottery?
  - a £5 million
  - b £10
  - c nothing
- 5 What happened to Richard?
  - a His card was used to commit fraud.
  - b The bank closed his account.
- c He went on a spending spree.

#### **PRONUNCIATION** Silent letters

#### Underline the silent letters in these extracts from the listening exercise above.

- 1 I've been trying to pay for over half an hour.
- 2 Did Eric tell you he'd applied for a mortgage?
- 3 He's already up to his eyes in debt.
- 4 They paid the whole lot off.
- 5 Come on, support our campaign.
- 6 I was about to go out and buy some champagne.
- 7 I was looking at the wrong ticket.
- 8 I went straight to the bank to sort it out.

#### 9 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

#### Language note silent letters

Some silent letters form patterns, e.g. silent q before n in words like sign, foreign, campaign; silent k before n in words like knee, knowledge, knife. Others are 'one-offs', e.g. silent s in island and isle.

#### GRAMMAR wish

#### 1 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 I'm so overdrawn. I wish
- 2 Jo is always broke. I wish
- 3 I'd love to get my own place. I wish
- 4 I'm sorry I can't help you out. I wish
- 5 Mike is always talking about money. I wish
- 6 It was such a beautiful ring. I wish
- 7 I've lost a fortune buying shares. I wish
- 8 It took me an hour to pay in a cheque. I wish
- a I could get a mortgage.
- b he wouldn't show off so much.
- c I hadn't spent so much on holiday.
- d I'd kept the money in the bank.
- e I hadn't gone to the bank at lunchtime.
- f I could lend you the money.
- g he would sort out his finances.
- h I could have afforded it.

# 2 Write a sentence for each situation. Use wish and the words in brackets.

- 1 My brother is hopeless with money. (start saving)

  .I. wish he would start saving.
- 2 The interest on the loan is enormous. (never take it out)
- 3 It's taking ages to pay off my student loan. (have a better job)
- 4 I going to see my bank manager about my overdraft. (not have to go)
- 5 We lost some money on the house sale. (sold it two months earlier)
- 6 Our flat is tiny. (can afford something bigger)
- 7 My parents are always criticising my spending. (be a bit more understanding)
- 8 My flatmate has run up a big phone bill. (she not chat for so long)

#### READING

#### 3 Read the article opposite quickly. Match the questions to the answers. There is one question that you do not need.

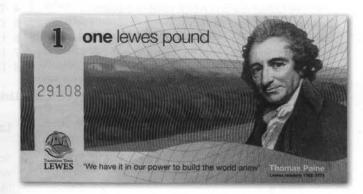
- a What happens in everyday shopping?
- b Isn't it just a publicity stunt?
- c And you're not breaking the law by using it?
- d How does having your own currency benefit the town?
- e Who designed the banknotes?
- f So, what's the thinking behind the Lewes Pound?
- g What about security?

# 4 Read the article again. Are these statements true or false?

- 1 The Lewes Pound isn't the only initiative the town has signed up to.
- 2 The people of Lewes aren't allowed to shop outside the town.
- 3 The Lewes Pound functions in a similar way to other currencies.
- 4 You can't buy as much with a Lewes Pound as with a pound sterling.
- 5 Lewes is the first city to have its own currency.
- 6 The pound sterling will always be in circulation in the town.

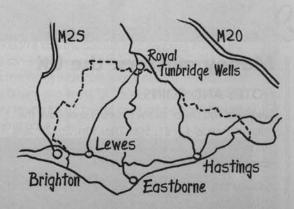
#### 5 Complete the text with the words in the box. Look back at the article if you need to.

counterfeiting	worth	voucher	
economic	stable	bank notes	
currency			



# Creative currency

We're all aware we're living in a global economy. It seems one minute a currency is strong and stable, and the next it's about to collapse. So how do small business owners deal with these high and lows? One solution is to print your own currency. We talk to Sara Nicholls, a trader in the East Sussex town of Lewes, where the Lewes Pound has been in circulation since September 2008.



A Well, the currency is part of a bigger project called Transition Town Lewes. This aims to help make the town less dependent on oil, a resource that is under threat, to lessen the harmful effects of climate change, and also to encourage greater independence in the local economy.

Q ...

A Basically, it keeps money and growth circulating within Lewes instead of disappearing into the big black hole of the global economy. It also builds a sense of community. Seeing the high street full of thriving small businesses encourages people to use local traders rather than out-of-town suppliers that give nothing back to Lewes.

Q ...

A It's very much like everywhere else. You can use the Lewes Pound in any of the participating outlets in the town - everything from food shops to the jeweller's. And it isn't just for buying goods. Lots of local specialists have signed up to the scheme decorators, IT professionals, even yoga teachers. There are over 130 traders currently taking part, but we're always looking for new people.

Q ...

A No, it's completely legal when used as a voucher. It is worth exactly the same as a pound sterling but it isn't actually legal tender. That means businesses in Lewes are not obliged to accept it and it is only valid when used in participating outlets. There are four places in the town where you can get the pounds themselves.

Q ...

A As with any currency, we've had to be careful about counterfeiting. The pounds are printed on high-quality paper, similar to that used for national bank notes, and they have the usual features such as serial numbers and watermarks. Lewes isn't the only town to have its own currency so we were able to follow the example of places like Totnes in Devon, who launched before us.

Q ...

A No, I really don't think so. Lewes did in fact have its own currency before, from 1789 to 1895. We're still in the early stages of the new scheme but the economic benefits are growing. The campaign is not only raising awareness of broader issues but also showing people the advantages of supporting their own town. In the longer-term, we hope create a sustainable community with lower unemployment and a stable economy. Of course, the Lewes Pound isn't going to replace sterling. That was never the idea.

#### Glossary

legal tender: coins or banknotes that must be accepted if offered in payment counterfeiting: making an exact imitation of something valuable with the intention to deceive watermark: a mark on a bank note which can only be seen if it is held against the light

#### UNDERSTANDING VOCABULARY

Metaphor

#### 1 Complete the pairs of sentences with the correct form of the same word. Then mark each sentence L (literal) or M (metaphorical).

- Anyone who smokes g......with their health.
   There is a growing problem of people becoming addicted to online g......
- What's the minimum s..... that they accept in the casino? We must win that contract. The future of the company
- 3 Finding a good school in this area is a bit of a L......

  He'd never done the L.....before but he won
  - He'd never done the l...... before but he won £1 million for a one-pound ticket.
- Have a great time. You've e.....a nice holiday after all your hard work.

  I e...... more money in my old job but working
- as a counsellor is much more rewarding.

  My shoes fell apart in less that a month. They were a total w......of money.

  Don't w.....your breath asking her for help.
- She's really uncooperative.

  She worked against all the o......to get a place
- at a top university.

  He put £50 on the favourite at o...... of 2 to 1.

  7 It's surprising how many j...... winners regret
- coming into so much money.

  She really hit the j......when she found that flat. It's in a great location.
- 8 She loves horseracing but she never b..... more than £5 on each race.
  - I b.....it was wonderful to finally pay off your mortgage.

# **DEVELOPING WRITING** An online guide—giving information and advice

#### Read the first part of the guide. Six parts have been removed. Write the correct letter (a-f) in the gaps.

- a but these may not be readily accepted in the rest of the UK.
- b differ from branch to branch
- c provided you have a four-digit PIN
- d for things like bus fares, vending machines
- e give change in sterling
- f commission is charged



### Money matters: the UK

#### NOTES AND COINS

There are 100 pence to the pound. Coins have the following value: £2, £1, 50p, 20p, 10p, 5p, 2p, and 1p; notes: £50, £20, £10, and £5. Scotland and Northern Ireland have their own banknotes <sup>1</sup> ...

A few shops, services, and hotels accept euro notes or US dollars, but  $^2\,\dots$  and charge commission. It's a good idea to carry small change  $^3\,\dots$ , etc.

#### BANKS / CHANGING MONEY

General banking hours are 9.30–4.30 Monday to Friday, though this can <sup>4</sup> .... There is a huge network of ATMs for withdrawing cash <sup>5</sup> ... with your credit/ debit card.

Foreign currency is easily exchanged at banks, post offices, some hotels, and bureau de change kiosks. Exchange rates vary and <sup>6</sup> ... on most exchange transactions.

#### 3 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 You have to enter a four-digit
- 2 Dollars and travellers' cheques are
- 3 If you change currency, commission
- 4 Remember to carry small
- 5 It's a good idea to check banking
- 6 Shop around as exchange rates differ
- a readily accepted in shops and hotels.
- b hours in the area where you are staying.
- c change for buying from street vendors.
- d from place to place.
- e PIN to withdraw cash.
- f is charged at the relevant rate.

# 4 Correct the <u>underlined</u> mistakes in the rest of the guide.

#### TIPPING

It isn't usual to tip bar staff in pubs or hotels. In restaurants, service <sup>1</sup> often includes, so make sure you check your bill. Where it is not <sup>2</sup> comprised, a tip of 10–15% of the bill is appropriate. In taxis, about 10–15% of the <sup>3</sup> fee is customary. It's really up <sup>4</sup> for you whether to tip for other services like porters, room service, and hairdressers.

#### HAGGLING

Although it isn't the custom <sup>5</sup> for haggling in the UK, you can sometimes ask the seller to <sup>6</sup> pay you a deal in a market or when the item is already second-hand, e.g. buying two items for <sup>7</sup> fewer than the combined cost, asking for a <sup>8</sup> lowest price on a piece of jewellery or an antique.



- 5 Write an online guide (150-190 words) for using money in your country. Use the headings in the online guide above, and/or some of the following ideas.
  - Tax-free shopping
  - Price guide for everyday items
  - Using credit cards
  - Keeping money safe
  - Making phone calls

#### Learner tip

If you have access to a computer, why not 'publish' some of your writing on the internet. Uploading pieces of writing like guides and do's and don'ts is a great way of giving useful information to visitors to your country.

#### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 14

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 14 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

#### 1 Which is the odd one out in each set?

1	approach	descend	halt	stable
2	withdraw	sentence	authorise	subsidise
3	branch	cash flow	commission	
4	stake	jackpot	odds	mortgage

#### 2 Choose the correct words.

- 1 I think somebody wiped I hacked into my account.
- 2 My card was blocked because of suspicious / precious activity.
- 3 I tried to pay for my holiday but I couldn't complete the transaction / account.
- 4 Some money was taken, but I can run / claim it back on insurance.
- 5 I couldn't even make a cash bailout / withdrawal.

#### 3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb from VB Unit 14. The first letter is given.

- 1 The cake had v....., we couldn't find it anywhere.
- 2 At two o'clock we were all u..... into the meeting room.
- 3 The door was carefully c..... behind a curtain. Nobody would see it.
- 4 I p..... through the filthy window, but I could hardly see a thing.
- 5 The joke was funny enough to make him c......
- 6 I didn't like what he was planning, but I couldn't d......him from it.

#### 4 Add one letter to one of the words.

- 1 We need to cut down some of the overhanging ranches.
- 2 The bag was cramed with books and papers.
- 3 We could see the lights of the village sparking in the distance.
- 4 I think to amble is a complete waste of money.
- 5 What are the odd of ever getting our money back?

#### 5 Add the missing half of the words to complete the sentences.

- 1 A lot of companies go bankrupt because of cash ...... problems.
- The bank was saved by a government bail.....
- 3 The banks ......played the extent of the credit crisis.
- 4 Is there a cash ...... near here where I can get some money?
- 5 I can't go out, I've nearly reached my over ...... limit.

Score \_\_\_/25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

#### VOCABULARY Food and cooking

#### 1 Which is the odd one out in each set?

- 1 clams cod octopus fennel
- 2 pumpkin rosemary cumin chilli
- 3 broccoli cabbage basil sweet potato
- 4 cherry radish blackberry fig
- 5 lentils raisins kidney beans chickpeas
- 6 beetroot spring onion celery eel

#### 2 Who would eat what? Match the food in the box with the statements. There are a different number of items for each person. Then add two more examples of what each person might eat.

almonds	chocolate	courgette	
peaches	parsley	chickpeas	
coconut	trout	grapefruit	

- 1 'I can't afford to buy meat very often, so beans and pulses are a good source of protein for me.'
- 2 'I'm a fruitarian. People think it's odd but I feel fine on my diet of fruit, nuts and seeds.'
- 3 'I'm not much of a meat-eater but I love fish.'
- 4 'Being a veggie is no problem as I love my greens and salads.'
- 5 'I have such a sweet tooth. I could live on the stuff.'

#### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 If you fry / steam the fish, you don't need any oil.
- 2 For breakfast I usually just squeeze / blend some fruit with yoghurt.
- 3 Remove / Sprinkle some chopped nuts onto the mixture and then bake.
- 4 There's no need to peel / slice fruit and vegetables if you wash them well.
- 5 Be careful with the meringues. It's really easy to melt / crush them.
- 6 Soak / Boil the dried mushrooms in cold water for an hour or so.
- 7 Stir / Chop the onions quite finely so that they cook quickly.

#### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

#### Vague language

#### 4 Add the words / forms in brackets in the correct place.

- 1 A: What's that smell? It's sweet and spicy at the same time. (kind of)
  - B: It's a spiced fruit punch. It should be ready in ten minutes. (or so)
- 2 A: I'm not that hungry so just a small portion for me, please. (-ish)
  - B: Sure. It's a light stew anyway so it shouldn't be that filling. (sort of)
- 3 A: I love Thai cooking. All those hot and citrus flavours. (-v)
  - B: Mm. It's OK if it's mild but I can't stand too much chilli. (-ish)
- 4 A: What's 'mizuna'? Is it like spinach? (sort of)
  - B: Not really. It's a Japanese vegetable with a mild mustard flavour. (-y)
- 5 A: I saw this big fruit in the market just now. I think it was called a 'pomelo'. (-ish)
  - B: Oh, I know. It's a grapefruit but with much thicker skin. (like)
- 6 A: How much sugar do I need to add?
  - B: The fruit is sharp so I'd say double the amount of berries. (roughly)
- 7 A: How's your salad?
  - B: Very soggy. They must have used a litre of dressing on it. (about)

## **GRAMMAR** Linking words

#### 5 Correct the underlined linking words.

- 1 Although receiving great reviews in the press, the restaurant didn't stay open long.
- 2 You need to beat the eggs unless they're light and fluffy.
- Afterwards you've tried this dead easy recipe, you'll be cooking it every week.
- 4 I've bought a mousse from the supermarket provided my soufflé doesn't come out well.
- Season the beans really well. Afterwards, they can be a bit
- 6 Unless you keep all kitchen surfaces clean, you won't have any food hygiene problems.

#### 6 Complete the review with the linking words in the box.

although	however	then	for	once
unless	so	during	as	if



#### LISTENING

#### Language note food pairings

There are a number of 'natural' pairings of foods that usually have a fixed word order, e.g. bread and butter (not butter and bread). Other examples include strawberries and cream, burger and fries, oil and vinegar, salt and pepper.

# 7 5 15.1 Listen to people talking about food. Do they call these things food heaven (√) or food hell (x)?

salads

tofu

fish

burger and fries

tea

garlic

curry and rice

meatballs and spaghetti

# 8 Listen again. Tick the opinions / statements that are given in the interviews.

- 1 Not all meat-free food is nice.
- 2 Seeing fish with a head on puts me off.
- 3 Drinking a lot of tea isn't good for you.
- 4 You shouldn't eat summer fruits all year round.
- 5 I like garlic but only in small amounts.
- 6 My wife and I have very different tastes.
- 7 I like most foods.
- 8 I never eat vegetables of any type.

#### **PRONUNCIATION** Connected speech

#### 9 <u>Underline</u> the main stresses and mark the linking in the sentences.

- 1 What's your idea of food heaven and food hell?
- 2 So I'd have to say the good old American burger and fries
- 3 My children just think I'm old-fashioned, but it's not for me.
- 4 I got the taste for spicy food when I was in the army.
- 5 My favourite thing is meatballs and spaghetti in tomato sauce.
- 6 That's it from me and the people here in Brighton.

# 10 5 15.2 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

2

#### UNDERSTANDING VOCABULARY

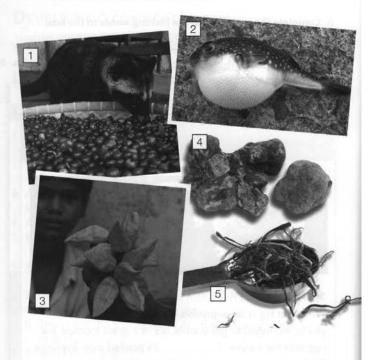
Prefixes

1 Complete the texts with the prefixes in the box.

1	ore	super	re	ex	
If di	there's	taler taler the sligh the sligh the sligh the slight th	nted whe stest thir from scra ugh, beca	en it come ng wrong atch. It ma ause he al	ef and so he's s to preparing food. with a dish, he'll akes him a difficult ways brings I in case he doesn't
(	over	out	pro	multi	1541-2420
tr 6. m	ying d nore 7 erve m	ifferent fo numb eat or fish	od. I thir per the o vegetar . The onl	nk the Asia Id cafés. It rian becau	which is great for an eating places now is made me a bit use a lot of them don' n is that the food is so
ı	mis	non	semi	dis	Section and Action
<b>W</b>	The bit. Mum	made far made far me a bit c	comple eally tou too mu	gh. I think	pair of sentences?  (I'dcooked  ut she always tends to heat it in the
23	Your				ı afill?
3				vs are	
4	l turne	5?	lo you ha		smoking. alcoholic
5	full o	un ed out like nenu had f	derstood a biscui n't been spelli	the instr t. translate	ructions and my cake
5	full o Be ca I neve	un ed out like nenu had freful. Tha reful. Tha er eat pre- sal	derstood a biscui n't been spellii t chilli sa cooked t	the instr t. translate ngs. nuce is food. It's a	uctions and my cake d very well and it washot. lways
6	full o Be ca I neve It wa They	ed out like menu had freful. Tha er eat pre- sal s a really a col have so n	derstooc a biscui n't been spellii t chilli sa cooked f ty. appetisir oured ve nany visi	d the instr t. translater ngs. nuce is food. It's a ng dish, fu getables. tors from	uctions and my cake d very well and it washot. lways

#### READING

3 Match the food items in the photos to the captions. Then read the article opposite quickly and check.



the most dangerous the hottest the least appetising

the most valuable the least accessible

- 4 Read the article again. Match the statements (1–8) to the correct food description (A–E) in the article.
  - 1 It may help your love life.
  - 2 People sometimes supply fake versions of it.
  - 3 Its flavour relies on the intervention of a mammal.
  - 4 It needs to be prepared by an expert.
  - 5 You can't grow it on a farm.
  - 6 It has been tested against other similar foods.
  - 7 It can't be collected by machine.
  - 8 It might have anti-crime uses.
- 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.
  - 1 Don't harvest mushrooms unless you are sure they aren't ........................(poison).
  - 2 Fresh bread always smells so ...... (appetite).
  - 3 Spices are the most ...... (value) ingredients in anyone's kitchen.
  - 4 It had a lovely hint of ......(spicy) without being too hot.
  - 5 The ...... (scarce) of water made the harvest very poor.
  - 6 Growing asparagus is quite a ......(special) process.

LIFEstyle

04 OCTOBER

# Food superlatiVeS

We all have memories of the best and worst food we've ever eaten, but here are some other food superlatives that you may or may not want to try.

#### A The hottest

If you like your curries hot, then a sauce made from the Bhut Jolokia chilli presents the ultimate challenge. It has officially been accepted as the hottest chilli by the Guinness Book of Records. The name translates as 'ghost chilli' and it measures more than one million SHU, Scoville Heat Units, the scale used to determine spiciness. This is 200 times hotter than the average jalapeño. And it isn't just a weapon in the kitchen. Indian security have trialled the use of the Bhut Jolokia in hand grenades.

#### в The most dangerous

Fugu is one of the most expensive Japanese fish dishes, served at feasts and celebrations by specially licensed chefs. But it isn't just the price that might put you off. The meat used in the dishes is from the pufferfish (sometimes called blowfish), parts of which are deadly poisonous. A toxin called tetrodoxin, which currently has no known antidote, is stored in the fish's organs. If wrongly prepared, the unfortunate diner could end up with nausea and vomiting, and in some cases muscle paralysis and asphyxiation.

### c The least accessible

For gourmets around the world, the ultimate prize is the elusive white truffle. Found underground on the roots of certain tree species in areas of Italy, Croatia and Slovenia, the white truffle has stubbornly resisted attempts to be cultivated commercially. With the aid of pigs or dogs, truffle-hunters seek out the precious fungi in an annual autumn harvest. Their searches can often prove fruitless as the truffles require a special set of conditions to develop. Changes in climate and overdevelopment have added to their scarcity. This elusiveness and the truffle's reputation as an aphrodisiac have made it one of the most coveted foods in the world.

#### n The most valuable

There have been times when saffron has been literally worth its weight in gold. It is still considered the world's most valuable spice. Extracted from the saffron crocus, it commands a high price because of the need for specialised growing conditions and labour-intensive harvesting by hand. To produce a kilo of saffron, it's estimated that 150,000 flowers are needed. This highly-prized ingredient has almost inevitably been subject to fraud and adulteration during its 3,000-year history. Unwary buyers may end up with dried marigolds or the cheaper turmeric passed off as the king of spices.

### E The least appetising

Kopi Luwak, one of the most expensive coffees in the world, is prized for its unique taste. Produced in small quantities mainly in Indonesia, its set apart from other coffees in the way it is processed before it is even harvested. Put bluntly, the coffee berries are eaten in the wild by small cat-like animals called Asian palm civets. The animals don't digest the actual coffee beans and these are then excreted in the animals' droppings. Apparently, their stomach acids create a process that gives the beans a unique and complex flavour.

#### Glossary

**antidote:** a medicine that counteracts a poison **asphyxiation:** being unable to breathe, usually resulting in death

marigolds: plants with yellow or orange flowers

#### **VOCABULARY** Food in the news

#### 1 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words in the headlines with the phrases in the box.

food shortages food production food fraud food waste fast food advertising

Council bans promotion of junk food

Lack of food due to increase

Supermarkets accused of passing off horse meat as beef

UK tops list of throwing away food

# Factory halts processing

#### 2 Complete the sentences with the verb from A and a noun/phrase from B.

A cut prohibit uncover tackle abandon prevent

B widespread hunger weekly supermarket visits illegal activity commercial sponsorship farming subsidies rising rates of obesity

1 The government is considering a tax on sugar in an attempt to ......

2 The minister for agriculture made a promise not to

3 Not everyone shops online. How are people without a computer expected ......?

5 If our goal is to ......in the future, we have to consider GM food as a way of increasing production.

6 Big brands put so much money into sport that it will prove difficult to ......

#### **GRAMMAR** Patterns after reporting verbs

#### 3 Choose the correct words.

- 1 We asked the waiter for some salt and pepper but he refused to give / give it to us.
- 2 We have to warn all our friends / to all our friends not to give our son nuts.
- 3 We tried to encourage the kids to get / getting involved in cooking.
- 4 My little brother confessed to eating / to eat a whole tub of ice cream from the freezer.
- 5 I was a bit offended as she insisted to add / on adding chilli sauce to everything I cooked.
- 6 All my friends recommended *trying / to try* the new restaurant but I didn't think it was up to much.
- 7 The chef accused a rival of stealing / to steal his best recipes.
- 8 It was a pricey place so we all agreed dividing / to divide the bill four ways.

#### 4 Choose the correct verb in brackets and report the sentences.

- 1 'It wasn't me that burnt the burgers' (deny / confess)
- 2 'Why don't you send it back if it's overcooked?' (advise / complain)
- 3 'Let's order the set menu to be delivered.' (threaten / suggest) Fllie
- 4 'Don't worry. I won't forget to take it out of the oven.'
  (promise / persuade)
- 5 'We don't use any products that have been genetically altered in any of our products.' (deny / refuse)
  The managing director
- 6 'Don't forget to ask Meena about her secret ingredient.'
  (admit / remind)
- 7 'I'm sorry we didn't make it on Saturday.' (apologise for / invite) Lili .....
- 8 'We will have to close all the affected premises.' (threaten / confess)
  The health minister......

#### 5 Match the sentences in Exercise 4 (1-8) to the situations (a-h).

- a problems with food hygiene
- b a problem in a restaurant
- c having a takeaway meal
- d asking for help with a recipe
- e cooking on a barbecue
- f a scandal about GM foods
- g missing a party
- h baking a cake

#### DEVELOPING WRITING

An anecdote - a food experience

#### 6 Read the anecdote. Choose the correct words.

I'll never forget! to try / trying sushi for the first time. It was in Tokyo and I loved seeing the chefs <sup>2</sup> prepare / to prepare the beautiful little parcels of rice, seaweed and fish. As we watched the plates on the conveyer belt move round in front of the customers, I couldn't wait to get started. We sat at the bar, ordered drinks, and I chose my first plate. The sushi was quite small, so I 3 put / ate the whole thing in my mouth. It was then the flavour of the wasabi\* hit/strike me. There must have been an awful lot of it, as it 5 made / brought tears to my eyes. Combined with the slippery texture of the fish, I found it impossible to 6 bite / chew. I could feel the sushi just resting in my mouth. I started to 7 cold / cough but didn't want to offend anyone by 8 throwing / spitting it out. I 9 got / took a sip of water and that seemed to help. The taste of the wasabi started to 10 fail / fade and was replaced by the freshest of fish. By the end of the evening I'd become a sushi fan, but it was a difficult introduction.

# 7 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Was each experience positive or negative?

	wrong smothered	undercooked mouthful				
1		ry ofstay with me for		o that perfect		
2	Cutting int	to thenmediately.		de me lose my		
3	The smell of is so comfo	of freshly-baked orting.	bread	with butter		
4		t to take a sip w . with lipstick.	hen I noticed	the glass was		
5	I took one . the sauce.	and t	hen spotted	a hair floating in		
6	It had the	perfect contrast of filling.	of a crisp pas	try and a		
7	The memory of that meal always makes mebarbecued pork.					
8		the meat went d	own the	way and		

#### 8 Write an anecdote (150–190 words) about a good or bad food experience. Use this opening sentence and some of the language from this section.

I'll never forget trying ... for the first time.

#### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 15

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 15 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

1	Match the	e co	oking verbs 1-5 with the sets of nouns a-e.
	1 soak	a	the garlic / almonds / biscuits
2	2 blend	b	the nuts / cheese / sugar
3	3 crush	C	the mixture / soup / fruit juice
4	1 melt	d	the beans / chickpeas / dried mushrooms
5	sprinkle	e	the cheese / butter / chocolate
2	Complete	the	words with the missing prefix.
1	. Waste is a	big	problem, too much good food is
1170	ca		
2		ime	s of data can bemitted over the
-	internet.		
3	Police hav	e	covered evidence of widespread fraud.
4	His results	are	variably poor. He may as well leave.
5		ol re	gularlyperforms its competitors in
	the area.		
3	Change or	20 10	etter to correct a word in each sentence.
1	Where's th	ne h	id of the jam jar?
2	Llove the	10 11	e flavours of this soup.
3	The critics	MICH	re quick to pass in a pass
	The most	wei	re quick to pass jurgement on the film. been there for days, so I clucked it in the bin.
5	Policed for	riad	violence after crashes with protesters.
	Vou're leel	irea	very fandy, are you going out?
0	100 16 1001	ang	very randy, are you going out?
4	Which wo	rd d	o you need to complete the sentences in
	each set?		
1	so	me j	uice over the fish. / Can I past? / It
	will be a b	it of	a with five of us in the car.
2	We need t	0	the problem of waste. / The rugby
	player was	inju	ured by a bad / Don't the
	issue when	n yo	u're tired.
3			a takeover / The prisoners made a
	for	free	edom. / The politician toured the country in
	at	o wi	n support.
4			eans for two hours. / We were after
	the downp	our.	/ The rain right through my coat
	and boots.		
			rect words.
1	He chucked	1/fl	icked through the paper to see if there was
	anything in	ntere	esting.
	Rates of ob	esity	// obey are rising in this country.
3	That restau	ıran	t looks very appalling / exclusive. It must be
	expensive.		
4	The recent	nuh	licity / dismay has been good for business.
5		Pur	ncover me to any problems you might find.

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again.

Compare your scores.

Score /25

#### **VOCABULARY** Reasons for phoning



#### 1 Complete the sentences with the pairs of words in the box.

check / stock levels

109,768

chase up / payment

pass on / thanks

confirm / boo enquire / opt		p let / make
I'm just calling	g to	
6	. you know I won't be able to	Jan's leaving do.
7	whether you'res	
	. a for the confere	nce room next week
8	. a for the comere	lice footh flext week.
	for theover your	
9		

#### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

Using would to show formality

- 2 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words to make the sentences more polite. Use would and the words in brackets.
  - 1 If it's OK with you, I'll give it a miss. (mind / rather)
  - 2 Please spell your surname. (mind)
  - 3 Can you make 3.30 tomorrow? (able / at all)
  - 4 Have you got the figures with you? (happen)
  - 5 <u>Do you want to come to dinner? (wondering / like)</u>
  - 6 Any time is good for me. (suit)
  - 7 Email me directions to your office. (possible)

#### **GRAMMAR** The future continuous

3 Complete the sentences with the pairs of verbs in the box.

'Il be finishing / 'Il deal going to be taking / 'Il send won't make / 'Il be working won't manage / 'Il be finalising 'Il be travelling / won't be

- 1 I..... the meeting on Friday because I ..... from home.
- 2 I...... up to the conference tomorrow so I..... available until the evening.
- 3 We ...... the session in about ten minutes and I ..... with any questions then.
- 4 They aren't ...... on any new staff but I ...... them my CV anyway.
- 5 We ...... to join you for dinner because we ...... the presentation.

# 16

#### 4 Put the verb in brackets into the future continuous. Then match 1–6 and a–f.

- 1 .....(you / see) the new recruits later?
- 2 If you ..... (pop) down to the canteen later
- 3 As you ..... (not / come) to the dinner,
- 4 When ..... (you / leave) for the conference?
- 5 If you ..... (not / use) the pool car today,
- 6 .....(you / do) any photocopying later?
- a Could you run off three sets of these proofs?
- b should I invite someone else from the team?
- c do you mind If I take it?
- d I need to give them a copy of their contract.
- e could you bring me a sandwich back?
- f The head of sales needs this CD for her presentation.

#### DEVELOPING WRITING

An email - chasing an order

#### 5 Read the email and choose the correct words.



Dear Head of Customer Services

I am writing to enquire about an order I  $^1$  placed / put online on 14/9/09. The order number is as shown above and the item  $^2$  in / of question is a watch priced £69.99. In addition to this amount, I paid £12.00 for special delivery  $^3$  for / in order to receive the watch the following day.

When there was no delivery on the <sup>4</sup> due / bound date, I contacted your customer helpline and the operator assured <sup>5</sup> me / to me that the package had been <sup>6</sup> returned / despatched and would be with me within 48 hours.

<sup>7</sup> In spite / Despite repeated calls to the helpline to chase up the order, I have still not received the watch and delivery is now <sup>8</sup> over / over than a week late.

I have checked my current account and can confirm that it has been <sup>9</sup> credited / debited to the sum of £81.99. As both the price of the item and the delivery charges have been paid <sup>10</sup> in / to full, I am very disappointed not have received my order. I <sup>11</sup> would / will be grateful if you could look into the delay and make sure the watch is delivered to me within 48 hours. Please acknowledge <sup>12</sup> receive / receipt of this message. I can be contacted at the above email address.

Yours

Marcus Linnemann

#### Learner tip

When writing a business email to someone you don't know or a complaint email, it's bes to use the structure and tone that is similar to a letter. If you go for the more informal/chatty style of everyday emails, you may not come across very well and you may not be taken seriously.

- 6 <u>Underline</u> in the text the more polite ways of saying these things.
  - 1 Where the hell is my order?
  - 2 That woman said it was coming.
  - 3 I must have phoned a hundred times.
  - 4 You've already had your money.
  - 5 Sort it out quickly.
  - 6 Get back to me.
- 7 Read the checklist and find examples of each point in the email in Exercise 5.

M	/hen chasing up an order, remembe	r to:
1	State the date of your order and any reference numbers.	
2	Include your full name.	
3	Say where you can be contacted.	
4	State what you ordered and the price.	
5	Say clearly when the order was meant to be delivered.	
6	Confirm that you have paid for the order.	
7	State what action you want to be taken.	

8 Write an email (150–190 words) to an internet company to chase up an order. Use the checklist and the language in this section to help you.

#### **VOCABULARY** Building up a business

#### 1 Complete the text with the pairs of words in the box. You may need to change the order.

capital / raise floated / stock set up / company rival / taken loss / run break / even having / turnover competition / face business / plough making / profit

# Business rules, big or small

- 4 ...... any ..... you need at the lowest possible interest rates.
- Don't be content just to survive in the early years. Businesses
  that <sup>5</sup> ...... at a ..... or just <sup>6</sup> ..... usually
  have a shaky future.
- Think profit. <sup>7</sup> ...... an annual ..... of a million pounds, but not making much profit, isn't really business.
- Most companies 10 ...... stiff ...... so know your rivals and keep ahead of the game.



#### READING

# 2 Read the profile opposite quickly. Choose the most appropriate title.

- a Musician becomes chef
- b A recipe for success
- c New products at carnival

# 3 Read the profile again. Are these statements true or

- Levi's grandmother invented the secret recipe for the sauce.
- 2 He found the transition from the Caribbean to the UK difficult.
- 3 His first customers were people from his local area.
- 4 He didn't try to ask for a business loan until he went on *Dragons' Den*.
- 5 He used a range of skills and techniques to promote his products.
- 6 He had to agree to hand over half his business in return for the dragons' backing.
- 7 After the deal, he didn't have to wait long before his sauces were produced on a big scale.
- 8 He has remained tied in to working with just one outlet.

#### 4 Who in the article might say / have said these things?

- 1 'Remember not to tell a soul about the secret ingredient.'
- 2 'I can't believe people finally know about it outside Brixton.'
- 3 'What are your projected sales in year 1?'
- 4 'Sorry, we've just sold the last one. Come back next week or check me out at Notting Hill.'
- 5 'We've run out I'm afraid but we should have some more stock in soon.'
- 6 'Are you the boy who cooks like a dream? My sister told me about your jerk chicken.'

# 5 Read the update about Levi. Choose the correct words

After his successful <sup>1</sup> pitch / bid on Dragons' Den, Levi's <sup>2</sup> stock / brand has gone from strength to strength. Not only is he a successful <sup>3</sup> entrepreneur / commercial but also an <sup>4</sup> enterprise / inspiration to other <sup>5</sup> budding / breaking businesses. He has <sup>6</sup> raised / struck a deal for a TV series about Caribbean cooking, in addition to publishing two recipe books. His personality and <sup>7</sup> passion / passionate for food and music continue to be his best <sup>8</sup> competition / marketing tools. To use his own words, 'Put some music in your food'.



Name: Levi Roots

Born: Clarendon, Jamaica, 1959 Product: Reggae Reggae Sauce

**Background:** The history of Reggae Reggae Sauce begins in Jamaica, where Levi learned to cook with the help and inspiration of his grandmother. She held the key to a secret recipe of herbs and spices that had been passed from one generation to another. It was here that Levi's passion for Caribbean was born and nurtured by his grandmother. The young Levi learned to combine flavours, working with home-grown plants, herbs and spices. This love of cooking was matched only by a passion for Jamaican music. It was these two loves that would lead Levi to a successful career as a reggae musician and entrepreneur.

When Levi moved to the UK, he so missed the sounds and flavours of the island that the only way to cure his homesickness was to cook his favourite food. Slowly but surely, he developed his grandmother's secret recipe for jerk chicken until he had the perfect formula.

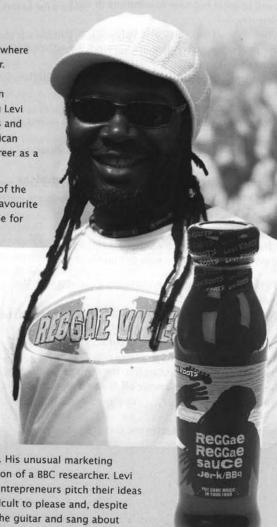
**Early days:** Word spread and before long Levi had a loyal group of fans. He and his family would prepare batches in his kitchen in Brixton and sell the sauce at the local market and at the Notting Hill Carnival. The large local black community in Brixton took Levi and his sauces to their heart, and soon he couldn't keep up with the demand.

Despite several unsuccessful attempts to get financial backing and launch the sauce into a bigger commercial market, Levi never gave up. The annual Notting Hill Carnival proved to be the ideal outlet for the combined talents of this musician and chef, who played reggae to the crowds and also had a stall selling his unique sauces and dishes.

**Business break:** In 2006, Levi appeared at the World Food Market. His unusual marketing method of singing about his Reggae Reggae Sauce caught the attention of a BBC researcher. Levi was invited to appear on the BBC's *Dragons' Den*, in which budding entrepreneurs pitch their ideas to a group of venture capitalists. These 'dragons' are notoriously difficult to please and, despite misgivings from his family, Levi agreed. In January 2007, he played the guitar and sang about his sauces in a musical pitch to the dragons. He won them over and two of them offered him the full £50,000 investment he needed in return for a 40% stake in the business.

As soon as the programme went to air, interest in Levi and his brand spread across the country. An exclusive deal was struck with the supermarket chain Sainsbury's. Levi's dream was turning into a reality, but he had to turn from a one-man operation in his kitchen to a commercial producer almost overnight. Within six weeks stock appeared on the supermarket shelves and then sold out almost immediately. Invitations for Levi to do interviews, TV appearances and gigs came thick and fast.

Levi has extended the range and his products are now stocked by every major supermarket in the UK. It's estimated that nearly 10 million bottles have made their way into UK homes and restaurants.



#### Glossary

jerk chicken: a dish cooked by covering meat in spices and baking it Brixton: an area of south London with a large black/Caribbean community Notting Hill Carnival: an annual street carnival in west London involving people from the black / Caribbean community venture capitalists: providers of finance for companies that may be considered risky

#### **GRAMMAR** Expressing necessity and ability

#### 1 Correct one mistake in each sentence.

- 1 I can't talk now so I'll must call you back later.
- 2 It will be great not have to commute to work every day
- 3 When do you think you'll able to finish the report?
- 4 This new software will able us to protect the system from viruses
- 5 It's unfair to force people take reduced hours at short notice.
- 6 Why won't my password let access the file?
- 7 What do you need to enable you for finish the project on time?
- 8 Sadly we've been force to make some redundancies.

#### 2 Complete the conversation with the correct form of the pairs of verbs.

not let / get make / wonder
not be able / offer force / look for
be able / keep not be able / park
not allow / bring have to / buy in

- A: So, how come things have started to go wrong with the business?
- A: 7 .....you down. I'm sure you s.....you going.

#### **VOCABULARY** Business collocations

#### 3 Complete the director's speech with the correct prepositions. You sometimes need two words.

<b>6</b> Since we set ¹ the company, sales have shot
<sup>2</sup> our sales team. Last
year customers complained about items being 4
stock or having to chase 5 orders. This year we've
kept most lines 6 stock. And when we've been
flooded <sup>7</sup> new orders we've kept <sup>8</sup> much better.
Building <sup>9</sup> the business has been satisfying but we can't be complacent, Hundreds of small companies are being
taken 10 or put 11 business. Our long-
term goal is still to break 12 the American market and
then branch 13 other areas but for now I'd like to say
well done.

#### 4 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 It's a niche market so I wouldn't advise
- 2 She went from area manager
- 3 A lot of new companies have entered the market, so
- 4 The product is aimed at teenagers as
- 5 Sales have plunged,
- 6 Launching in just a few target markets
- a is potentially a risky business.
- b the youth market is still worth billions.
- c it isn't a growth area.
- d which is a huge area of concern.
- e getting into such a specialist area.
- f to head of the company in a short time.

#### 5 Complete the list with the verbs in the box.

have	fulfil	boost	do	develop
expand	launch	market	improve	exploit

#### THINK YOU CAN BE THE NEXT BILL GATES?

There are a few key steps on the way to making your millions:

- 1 ..... a lot of market research
- 2 ..... a gap in the market
- 3 ..... a product line
- 4 ..... and then 5 ..... the products
- 6 ..... orders
- 7 ..... sales and marketing
- 8 ..... sales
- 9 ..... the business
- 10 .....a controlling stake in the company



#### LISTENING

6 \$16.1 You are going to hear five speakers talking about why they are in business. Match the speakers (1-5) to the letters (a-f). There is one letter that you don't need.

a I felt a sense of duty to the family business.

b I saw a gap in the market.

- c I saw a way of making a lot of money.
- d I had a talent that someone spotted.
- e I improved an existing service.
- f I missed doing what I was good at.

#### PRONUNCIATION

Sounds that aren't pronounced

- 7 How many syllables are there in the underlined words when said in context?
  - 1 Why not set up a Spanish food <u>business</u> online?
  - We've just redesigned our first fairly <u>rudimentary</u> website.
  - 3 I spent more time travelling on planes.
  - 4 I'd done about 50 different designs.
  - 5 My older brother and sister took an avid <u>interest</u> in the animals.
  - 6 After I graduated in <u>medicine</u>, I chose to work as a GP.
  - 7 Eventually I took early retirement.
  - 8 I ended up doing nine-to-five or just temporary work.
- 9 We worked late in the evening when she'd finished.
- 8 \$16.2 Listen and check. Then practise saying the sentences.



#### Vocabulary Builder Quiz 16

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 16 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

#### 1 Add the missing preposition.

- 1 We still haven't received the payment, so you need to chase them ......
- 2 If you're seeing Jo later, can you pass ...... a message to him?
- 3 The designers have come ..... with some interesting ideas.
- 4 Business took ......quite slowly at first, but then we were flooded with orders.
- 5 Have you ever come ............ Techfortrade? It's an interesting charity.
- 2 Complete the sentences with a noun ending in -y. The first letters are given.
- 1 The i.....in the economy makes long-term planning difficult.
- 2 You need to resolve this a....: the rules have to be clear.
- 3 We waste too much time on b.....and endless paperwork.
- 4 People feel safe here, and really value that s.....
- 5 Successful entrepreneurs are quick to seize a good o.....
- 3 Add the missing half of the words to complete the sentences.
- 1 It is important to develop a skilled and experienced work.......
- 2 I'm afraid your payment is now over...... by several weeks.
- 3 The work experience gave her an in.....into office life.
- 4 Their accounts show a .....over of just under one million pounds.
- 5 She has a wide .....work of friends and colleagues.
- 4 Choose the correct words.
- 1 The company has been quick to exploit the gap / niche in the market.
- 2 Sales have plunged / ploughed due to the recession.
- 3 It's essential to network / pitch across a broad range of people to make new contacts.
- 4 They are planning to merge / take off with another company.
- 5 They had some good publicity which has generated / flooded a lot of interest.
- 5 What form of the words in brackets do you need to complete the text?

'My brother first showed his <sup>1</sup> (remark) talents when he set up a bike repair service as a teenager. He was quick to spot <sup>2</sup> (prospect) customers and offer them his services, and feedback was <sup>3</sup> (overwhelm) positive. Customers recommended him to friends so that he was soon <sup>4</sup> (flood) with orders. In fact, in order to <sup>5</sup> (fill) them all! he had to set up a workshop and take on several employees!'

Score /25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.

\$1.1

#### 1

#### M = Man, W = Woman

M: What did you think of it?

W: It was OK but it wasn't as good as I'd expected.

M: Really? I thought it was the best film I've seen in ages. I couldn't take my eyes off the screen for a second.

W: Yeah, it was gripping, but they'd missed out loads of details. You see, I've read the book several times – it's one of my favourites – but they just didn't stick to the plot. Some of the most important parts of the story were just jumped over. I wish they wouldn't do that. And they even made the main character less complicated than she was in the book. I just think that they should be true to the original story.

#### 2

There's so much more variety nowadays. When I was younger, people used to go out to have fun – to the cinema, theatre or to a concert. Now technology has changed everything, so it's all at your fingertips at home. People can listen to music, watch a DVD, even watch the cup final live, all in the comfort of their own home. It's convenient but people don't socialise like they used to. I think that's a great shame. Even people in the same family don't share or enjoy entertainment together.

#### 3

#### W = Woman, M = Man

W: You used to be a really keen theatre-goer, didn't you. Do you still go a lot?

M: Not as much as I'd like to.

W:I suppose it's quite expensive nowadays.

M: It's not so much that. In fact you can get some really good deals if you book online. And there are often discounted tickets during the week. The thing is I spend every spare moment on my course. It's really hard working full-time and studying for my masters. At times, life gets pretty dull and I think about giving it up but it's the last year now so I ought to keep going. I'm just looking forward to when I can get my life back.

#### 4

I suppose it's not bad here, considering it's only quite a small town. We've got the usual things – a multi-screen cinema, a couple of clubs, pubs and restaurants, and a small local museum. But if you want to see a top band, opera, or even a play you need to go into one of the bigger cities nearby. It's the teenagers I feel sorry for. I mean, there really isn't much for them to do. And then when they get to 18, it's hardly surprising they spend the whole weekend in the pub.

#### 5

#### M = Mum, S = Son

M: Richard, will you turn that TV off, please?

S: Sure. This films nearly finished anyway.

M: No, Richard. I'm not asking you, I'm telling you. Turn it off,

S: Why are you getting on my case? I must be the only kid in my class without a TV in his room. It's just not fair. If you

bought me my own TV, I could watch it when I wanted.

M: That's the whole point. I don't want you to watch any more
TV. You already watch far too much. You hardly ever do
anything else. You never touch the guitar we bought you
and that cost a fortune.

#### 6

It really annoys me when people complain about the local art scene. Just last month, our town put on an exhibition and sale of local artists and craftspeople. Lots of people put forward their work – painters, photographers, weavers and furniture makers – and it was well promoted in the local paper and online. And what happened? There were hardly any visitors. It was awful. We had two or three people an hour. It was just such a disappointment. What was the point of all those artists being there?

\$1.2

#### 1

I wish they wouldn't do that.
I just think that they should be true to the original story.

#### 2

People used to go out to have fun.
People don't socialise like they used to.

#### 3

You used to be a really keen theatre-goer. Not as much as I'd like to.

#### 4

It's the teenagers I feel sorry for.
I mean, there really isn't much for them to do.

#### 5

I'm not asking you, I'm telling you. I don't want you to watch any more TV.

#### \$ 2.1

#### J = Jodie, R = Raúl

- J: I can't believe it's our last day already. So, what do you feel like doing?
- R: Well, we mustn't miss the annual parade tonight. It's supposed to be amazing. Everyone dresses up and they play traditional music and songs. It starts in the town square and then goes all the way through the main streets.
- J: Sounds like fun. So, that's this evening organised. Just the rest of the day to plan. According to the guidebook, the City Museum has one of the best collections of modern and abstract art in the country.
- R: Hmm, to be honest, I'm not that keen on modern art. It's all a bit too weird for me.
- J: No problem. We can give that a miss. The book also recommends a tour of the temple ruins. Apparently, you can get some great views of the city from up there.
- R: How long does it take to get there?
- J: About an hour and a half by bus. ... Mmm three hours there and back is quite a long time out of our day and,

- unfortunately, it's not the kind of place you can see in just a short time.
- R: OK, so let's stay nearer to the centre. There must be something interesting we can do.
- J: Just a second. A friend of mine recommended the street market here. She said it's packed with amazing local crafts and stalls with souvenirs and stuff.
- R: Street market ... here it is in the guidebook. 'Take a trip into the past and soak up the atmosphere at the street market, where stallholders wear traditional costume and demonstrate local crafts. The aromas of sweetly-scented oils mix gently with herbs and spices,' etc, etc. Sounds good but it closes at one o'clock, so we'd need to go there first.
- J: Fine by me. So, we spend the morning at the market and we end up at the parade.
- R: How about going back to the old town after lunch?
- J: Mmm, I think we've seen everything there, haven't we? I took loads of photos of the buildings. The architecture was stunning.
- R: Mm, it was pretty amazing. But, you're right, we ought to see something different.
- J: Have another look at what's round the main square. We need to be up there for the parade anyway.
- R: Good thinking. ... Hmmm ... There's The Old Merchant's House 'a private house dating back to the 18th century now open to the public. The collection of art and objects collected by the owner and his family provides a delightful insight into history in an informal setting.' Open today until seven.
- Ideal. We can have a drink in the square before the parade starts.
- R: Sure, but we'd better get going. The market has already started.

#### \$2.2

#### 1

It starts in the town square and then goes all the way through the main streets.

#### 2

The city museum has one of the best collections of modern and abstract art in the country.

#### 3

It's not the kind of place you can see in just a short time.

#### 4

Take a trip into the past and soak up the atmosphere at the street market.

#### 5

So, we spend the morning at the market and we end up at the parade.

#### 6

We need to be up there for the parade anyway.

#### \$3.1

#### Speaker 1

A lot of people confuse what they *need* with what they *want*. They think they really must have that bigger house, the latest mobile phone, a designer top, or some luxury food. To me, the difference between wants and needs is clear. We all only really need somewhere to live, food and water, basic health and hygiene products, and clothes for different situations. All the other stuff is really just what we want – things that make us feel better for a time. My advice is just to ask 'Do I really need this?' and if the answer's 'yes', then of course I'll go ahead and buy it. But most of the time, the answer is 'no'. It may sound a bit dull to people who love shopping, but it means I don't have any credit card debts to pay and my apartment isn't full of useless stuff.

#### Speaker 2

I used to be a complete shopaholic. All my spare time was taken up with trips to shopping malls, buying and selling on eBay and browsing my favourite internet sites. I remember in one weekend I bought six pairs of trousers, eight shirts, around 20 CDs and a new mobile phone. In fact, in one year I changed my mobile eight times. Every time I saw my friends, they said, 'Go on then, show us your new phone.' Anyway, by the time I was twenty I had debts of around £20,000 – a thousand pounds for every year of my life. Then losing my job was the reality check I needed. I couldn't pay any of the bills. It was so scary. Now I realise I didn't really need all that stuff and I'm slowly paying off what I owe. And I've had the same mobile phone for years.

#### Speaker 3

I don't really plan my spending, even when I go food shopping. I just look around and spot what's on special offer. I always go for the 'buy one, get one free' and 'three for two' deals in the supermarket. I sometimes end up with loads of bottles of shampoo, but I guess it's always useful. The high street is full of great value shops nowadays. I usually pop in to one or two of them on my way home from work. They are full of cheap clothes and accessories and they always have a sale rail of cut-price stuff. I'll usually pick up one or two things each week. In fact, just yesterday I bought a bag, a pair of sandals, a pair of jeans and two white shirts. When I got home, I realised I already had six white shirts but I can always put one or two in the charity shop.

#### Speaker 4

I used to be a dream customer. If I saw something I liked, I would always buy it. It didn't matter if it was in a shop window, in a magazine or catalogue, on a website, or even in an auction. 'See it, want it, buy it' used to be my motto. I have a good salary and so money has never been a problem, and I've never been very much in debt. A couple of years ago, I decided I needed a bigger flat because I was running out of space for all my stuff. Then I saw a TV programme on impulse buyers like me and they came across really badly — just like spoilt children. I decided there and then that I had to stop being so self-indulgent. I took bags and bags of things to the charity shop

and stayed in my old flat. I still enjoy shopping but I don't have to buy something every time.

#### Speaker 5

I love all shopping opportunities. Not because I'm a shopaholic but because I earn a living by getting people to buy things. It's my job to make people aware of the benefits of different brands so that they sell well. Nowadays, there's a lot of talk about people being addicted to shopping and buying stuff they don't need. But what would happen if we only bought the basics in life? Our economy would suffer, workers in the developing world would lose their jobs, and life would be very dull. I'm not saying that people should get into serious debt, but to have the car, the phone, or the food that you want makes life fun. We all work very hard in this country and not to have a few luxuries on the way would be very hard. It's all a question of balance but we also have to be realistic. Shopping is one of the most popular leisure activities in the western world, and that's not necessarily a bad thing.

#### \$3.2

#### 1

They think they really must have that bigger house, latest mobile phone, designer top, or luxury food.

#### 2

We all only really need somewhere to live, food and water, basic health and hygiene products, and clothes for different situations.

#### 3

I remember in one weekend I bought six pairs of trousers, eight shirts, around 20 CDs and a new mobile phone.

#### 4

In fact, just yesterday I bought a bag, a pair of sandals, a pair of jeans and two white shirts.

#### 5

It didn't matter if it was in a shop window, in a magazine or catalogue, on a website, or even in an auction.

#### 6

Our economy would suffer, workers in the developing world would lose their jobs, and life would be very dull.

#### \$4.1

#### N = Nat, A = Adam

- N: Have you got today's paper, Adam? I want to catch up on the news.
- A: Sorry, I haven't. I've given up on buying a paper. I just can't be bothered reading it any more.
- N: So, how do you find out what's going on?
- A: I usually check online for any update on the most important stories or I listen to the headlines on the radio. To be honest, I find the news so depressing just now. Everywhere you turn, the only thing you hear about is the recession and people

- going bankrupt. And it's the same at work. I walked into the office the other day, said 'Good morning,' and my colleague replied, 'What's good about it?'
- N: Why was he in such a bad mood?
- A: He'd just been reading the paper. He told me what was going on and then I felt fed up, too.
- N: Sounds like you need cheering up. You should check out that website that covers only good news. What's it called again?
  The Good News Network, or something like that.
- A: What's that? I've never heard of it.
- N: I just came across it one day when I was online. It's an American site set up by a woman who used to work in TV news. And she just wanted to give people access to some more positive stories.
- A: Erm, I'm not sure I'm interested in stories about cats and flowers.
- N: It's not like that! They deal with serious issues like the economy, crime, and the environment but they select only news stories that have a more positive content. When I first saw the website, they had headlines on signs of economic growth in the US economy and a drop in crime in the States, too, despite the recession.
- A: So, it's all about the USA? No good news in any other part of the world?
- N: Of course not. They cover international news, too. There were stories from Europe, China and South America when I looked.
- A: But if it's all good, is it really news? They must have quite a lot of cute stories about animals and stuff.
- N: Sure, they do have those 'feel-good' stories about family life and pets, but you don't have to read them if you don't want to. For me, it just gave a bit of balance. In TV news and newspapers, the biggest stories all tend to be the negative ones.
- A: Tell me about it, Natalie! I'm the one who's given up on newspapers, don't forget!

#### 94.2

#### 1

I've given up on buying a paper. It just gave a bit of balance.

#### 2

They deal with serious issues like the economy. I just can't be bothered reading it.

#### 3

The only thing you hear about is the recession. You should check out that website.

#### 4

They had headlines on signs of economic growth How do you find out what's going on?

#### 5

I listen to the headlines on the radio.

My colleague replied, 'What's good about it?'

6

They cover international news.
They must have quite a lot of cute stories.

\$ 5.1

#### P = Presenter, A = Angie, S = Simon

- P: Welcome back to Sports Talk. We'll be catching up on all the sporting headlines in just a while but first one of our regular features on less common sports that are played around the country. Today it's the turn of touch rugby and in the studio we have two keen players, Angie Mitchell and Simon Parker.
- Angie, let's start with you and ... if you don't mind me saying, you're a woman and you play on the same team as the guys?
- A: Yes, Nick, that's right. Touch rugby is for pretty much everyone. You can play in men's, women's and mixed teams. It's a sport that's growing in popularity around the world because it appeals to lovers of traditional rugby and people who have never played it.
- P: OK, so how did it all start and how similar is it to the original game of rugby?
- A: Touch rugby started in Australia in the 1960's as a warmup game for players of the traditional sport. What's great about it is the simplicity – all you need is a rugby ball, a space to play and a group of friends. The object of the game is for each team to score touchdowns and to prevent the opposition from scoring. So, in terms of how you play, it's similar to rugby but without the tackling, scrumming, you know, all the really physical stuff.
- P: So, Simon, it's quite a soft game, then?
- S: No, not at all! It's very fast and exciting! There's a lot of running involved so people find that their fitness levels improve really quickly. It's a great way to get your heart pumping and burn off those excess kilos. And people develop stamina, ball skills and hand-eye coordination, like in a lot of team sports.
- P: Mmm, sounds quite demanding.
- A: Yes, it can be, but to be honest, we get people of all shapes, sizes, and ages. You can play at your own level. It's so simple that after two to three games, you get the basic skills. Then it's up to you to keep playing and develop your game. And as with everything, the more you play, the better you become.
- P: So what brought you two into the game? Simon?
- S: I'd got really out of shape due to my job. I used to travel a lot for work and so couldn't find the time to exercise. I'm not really one for working out at the gym or jogging. Then I changed my job and a lot of my colleagues played touch rugby and they invited me along.
- P: And you, Angie?
- A: I was looking for something my husband and I could do together, I suppose. I've tried a lot of sports in my time everything from aerobics to windsurfing and he's really sporty too, but we never did any of these activities together. So, we both joined up at our local club and we've been enjoying the game for the last eighteen months or so.
- P: Very interesting to hear about that, thanks to you both.

Check out our website for more information on touch rugby. Sounds like a fun thing to do. Now over to Jilly for ...

25.2

1

You can play in men's, women's and mixed teams.

2

It's similar to rugby but without the tackling ...

3

We get people of all shapes, sizes, and ages.

4

It's so simple that after two to three games you get the basic skills.

5

It's up to you to keep playing and develop your game.

\$ 6.1

1

#### L = Lisa, P = Phil, M = Man

- L: Phil, where on earth are we?
- P: Don't worry. I'm sure it's just over there. I remember seeing that group of trees. ... Yes, this is it ...
- M: What are you doing? We're trying to sleep!
- P: Oops, sorry!
- L: We're lost, aren't we? And I'm so tired. I need my sleeping bag.
- P: I know, Lisa. I need mine too, but everything looks the same at this time of night.
- L: I can't stand this anymore. I'm covered in mud. I'm going to sleep in the car.
- P: No need!
- L: Shhh!
- P: Sorry, no need. It's over there. I can see my shorts hanging on the rope.
- L: Oh, thank heavens for that.

2

#### P = Presenter, E = Eddie, C = Claire

- P: Right, Claire, Eddie. After three, open your eyes. One, two, three. Surprise! We've given this boring old cottage a bright new makeover. ... OK starting in here, we've had the original fireplace taken out and a new gas fire put in. And we've had new lighting installed, so it's much more modern.
- E / C: What? Why?
- P: And our very own Leonardo da Vinci, decorator Mike, has painted a lovely mural on the wall. Look, it shows the view out of your kitchen window.
- E: Why do we need to have the view inside the house?
- P: Oh, it's just a design feature.
- C: And what have you done with our lovely wooden floors? They're all different colours.
- P: Well spotted! Yes, the floor of each room has been painted so we have green, blue, red ...

- C: Stop, stop, I can't stand it. You've ruined our home. Eddie, we're going to have to change it all back.
- P: So, a few small changes maybe needed here for Eddie and Claire. That's it from 'Home is where the heart is'. Join us again next week when we'll be ...

#### 2

#### H = Helen, M = Magda

- H: Hi Magda, have you just finished your shift?
- M: Oh, hi, Helen. No, not yet. It's been really hard work today. It's taken me an hour and a half to do just one room.
- H: Sorry to hear that. Had the guests left the rooms in a bit of a mess?
- M: You could say that. It looked like the couple in room 129 had had a huge party. There were bottles and glasses everywhere. And half-eaten food from room service. Half of it was trodden into the carpet.
- H: Oh what a nightmare. Considering that this is a five-star hotel, we get some very demanding guests.
- M: Well, money doesn't buy you good manners, I suppose.
- H: You're right there, Madga! Listen, go and have a break now.
  I'll ask Gita to come and help you with the rest of your rooms.

M: Thanks, Helen. That's great.

#### \$ 6.2

/e1/

/10/

/aɪ/

#### \$ 6.3

- 1 boy, nowadays, spoilt, employment
- 2 site, fixed, quite, height
- 3 liar, weird, idea, beer
- 4 leader, self-catering, breakdown, training

#### 671

#### E = Eddie, J = Jan

- E: Hey, Jan, did you hear about that guy who thinks he's found a new type of cloud?
- J: A new type of what?
- E: Cloud. You know, those things that are up in the sky. They're usually black and full of rain in this country.
- J: OK, no need to be sarcastic.
- E: Sorry. I just thought it was really interesting. Apparently, this guy can't remember his name now was sent photos from around the world showing these clouds in really weird shapes. They're not like anything people had really seen before.
- J: Eddie, are you winding me up? It's not April Fools' Day, is it?
- E: No, look, I'll show you on my laptop. Here it is, Gavin Pretor-Pinney – that's him. He set up the Cloud Appreciation Society.

- J: No way! You're kidding. ... Let me see that. Wow! You're right. Those photos are amazing. They look like they've been created on a computer. In this one, it looks like there's a huge storm about to break. Look at all those dark shapes.
- E: Apparently, they aren't necessarily storm clouds. Sometimes they just break up without actually turning into a storm.
- J: Really? Look, this one's a bit like the surface of the sea when it's really rough and choppy.
- E: I know. In fact, that cloud guy is suggesting they call the new formation 'asperatus', which is Latin for 'rough'.
- J: Wow, you've really got in to this, haven't you? So, who is this cloud guy? Click on that link to his society. I've never heard of it before.
- E: OK, 'Cloud Appreciation Society' ... hmmm ... Seems like he's set it up just because he enjoys looking at clouds. He just loves the beauty and the variety.
- J: Well, as hobbies go, it's quite unusual but people must be interested if he's set up a society. So, what happens now with this new cloud?
- E: I'm not sure. Let's have a look ... erm ... well, apparently the Royal Meteorological Society is collecting evidence of the weather patterns that produce asperatus clouds.
- J: Right. Who would've thought a cloud could create so much interest? It's incredible.
- E: I know, really amazing. You were a bit sceptical at first but I'm glad you've found it interesting. I showed the pictures to my family but it left them cold.
- J: Ah, well. You can't please everyone.

#### \$7.2

#### 1

A new type of what?

#### 2

Eddie, are you winding me up? It's not April Fools' Day, is it?

#### 3

No way! You're kidding. ... Let me see that.

#### 4

Wow! You're right. Those photos are amazing.

#### 5

Wow, you've really got in to this, haven't you?

#### 6

Who would've thought a cloud could create so much interest?

#### \$8.1

#### M = Marcus, V = Victoria Part 1

M: Good afternoon and welcome to Bookmark, our weekly look at the world of books and literature. Today we have a special feature on that perennial favourite of many of our listeners — crime fiction. The genre has moved from quite humble beginnings to a multi-million pound industry. Gone are the days when to write about crime was to be a second-class

author and reading crime fiction was seen as something less than challenging. Our special guest is Victoria Marshall, director of Black Orchid Publishers, who specialise in crime fiction. Victoria, welcome.

#### Part 2

- V: Thank you, Marcus. Great to be here.
- M: So, Victoria, just how popular is crime fiction today?
- V: Well the latest figures show that crime books and thrillers represent 59% of the general fiction market that's a staggering 22 million books.
- M: Wow! That's a lot more than I would've guessed. Is that why you decided to set up a publishing house just for the crime genre?
- V: Well, in fact, we didn't. Initially, we were a general fiction publisher who did a bit of everything really you know romance, science fiction, even horror and ghost stories. But it was clear in the first few years that the crime writers were by far the most successful. So, slowly but surely we started to focus on just crime and detective stories. And it's paid off. Two of our authors, Leo Hunt and Belinda Warraner, have won the coveted 'Page-turner of the Year' award, so that has helped to put us on the publishing map.
- M: It sounds like it was a good move. But what actually is it about crime fiction that we love so much? Why do people continue to buy books year in, year out?
- V: Of course some people enjoy being scared, in a kind of 'safe' way. But the one thing all readers love is a good plot. It's the aspect of having a puzzle to solve that gets people coming back time and time again. Even if a reader has a favourite detective like Hercule Poirot or Inspector Rebus, a plot that is full of twists and turns will keep them turning the pages and picking up the next novel in the series.
- M: So, crime fans are among the most dedicated, then?
- V: Yes, I would say so. Another important thing, of course, is the sheer variety of characters, settings and plots. I had a quick look at some of the newly-published titles and they are literally set in countries all over the world from green and leafy cities like Oxford and Edinburgh, to the sultry and gritty streets of Havana, even rural parts of Scandinavia. The genre is also very diverse in terms of timing of the plots we're all familiar with Agatha Christie's portrayal of England in the 1920s, but crime novels can take you much further back in time to Renaissance Italy, 11th-century Japan, Ancient Rome, even Ancient Egypt.
- M: Amazing. But would you say there's a gender split in the readership? I mean do more men read or write crime fiction?
- V: Mmm, well I don't have any up-to-date figures on the readership but I'd say that the genre has something for everyone. There was a time when it was thought of as more of a male area of interest, but there are plenty of female writers, and readers of course.
- M: And is the debate still on as to who makes better crime writers, men or women?
- V: Oh, that one will never go away. As a publisher, it's our job to encourage talent wherever it comes from, so I don't tend

- to worry too much about the gender side of things. A good story is a good story, after all.
- M: Very diplomatically put! ... Well, thanks, Victoria, great to see you. And you can go to our website for a list of Victoria's all-time top 10. See if you agree with her choice and let us know about ...

\$8.2

/au/

/20/

/eə/

/ua/

#### \$8.3

- 1 know, crown, thousand, surround
- 2 although, promote, court, throat
- 3 plural, tour, cure, sour
- 4 dreadful, wear, millionaire, prayer

\$9.1

#### A = Alice, M = Martine, G = Greg, W = Wendy

A: Hello and welcome to Education Matters. A look at the packed schoolbag of the average teenager will tell you that the national curriculum is crammed with different subjects. There is often talk of streamlining the number of subjects, so let's get some opinions from those who attend school every day ... but we're not asking the students, this time it's the teachers' turn. So, Martine, Greg and Wendy, all teachers at a local secondary school, which two subjects would you cut? Martine, let's start with you.

M: I think PE and RE.

- A: So that's physical education and religious education.
- M: Sorry, yes. I think sport is best done in after-school clubs the sporty students can choose what they like best and become good at it. And I think religious education is best left to the family. It shouldn't have anything to do with state education, like the system we have in France.
- G: I agree about cutting RE but not PE. A lot of our kids are already pretty unfit. For some of them, an hour's PE is the only exercise they get. And it teaches them about winning and losing. I think it can also help with behaviour problems you know, doing something active gets rid of excess energy and just breaks up the day.
- A: So, Greg, which subjects would get your vote?
- G: As I said, I agree with Martine about RE if students want to find out about a religion, they can do so outside school. Erm, my other choice would be ICT, that's information and communications technology.
- A: Wow! That's a mouthful basically computer studies, yeah?
- G: More or less, yes. My feeling is that there's no need to teach it as a separate subject. In a well-equipped school, ICT should be part of every lesson. And most kids have computers at home and are pretty proficient at using them anyway.

W: Can I come in here?

A: Wendy, you've been waiting patiently ...

- W: Yeah, I have to say I'm not with Greg on ICT. There's more to computers than just playing games or chatting on MSN and that's what kids use their home computers for. Wide-ranging computer skills are essential for our future economy.
- G: I'm not saying that we shouldn't teach computer skills, I mean we should integrate them across other subjects.
- W:I just don't see it that way. It's too important not to cover properly in the syllabus.
- A: So, Wendy, what would you lose from the current list of subjects?
- W: Personal, social and health education, PSHE for short, and – sorry Martine – modern foreign languages
- M: But learning a language is ...
- A: Just a second, Martine. Let Wendy have her say and we'll come back to you.
- W:I just think that a lot of time is dedicated to foreign languages and quite a lot of students still struggle to come up with one or two sentences. I'm not saying get rid of languages altogether, but just make them optional so that the kids who have aptitude are the ones who take them up.
- M: I agree with Wendy up to a point my job would be much easier if all my students were good at French that's obvious, but even weaker students can make progress if they have help. And it is not just about the words. Learning a language gives students the opportunity to find out about other cultures and societies and that's so important in today's global economy.
- A: OK, we're running out of time, so your other subject, Wendy? W:I would do away with PSHE. A lot of it can be integrated into other subjects, like covering drug and alcohol education in science lessons.
- M: I'm with you on that, Wendy, It's not an essential subject in its own right.
- G: Yes, I'd also agree with that. A lot of the kids think PSHE is a bit of a waste of time. We might as well cut it.
- A: So, some consensus here at last. Thanks to Martine, Greg and Wendy for their opinions and ...

#### \$9.2

- 1 I think PE and RE.
- 2 I'm not with Greg on ICT.
- 3 I would do away with PSHE.

#### \$9.3

BBC

UCLA

ATM

VAT

UN

FBI IMF

PC

SMS

ISP

#### \$10.1

#### E = Emma, M = Mikel

- E: Oh, what's this now? I was about to go for lunch. ... Oh it's from my friend Abigail. ... Let's have a look. ... Oh, she's having a party. Not *another* one.
- M: Don't sound so enthusiastic, Emma! I thought she was a good friend of yours.
- E: She is and I don't mean to sound horrible, but there have been so many parties and get-togethers recently. I had my cousin's hen do last month. Well, it was more of a hen weekend, not just a few drinks out with the girls the night before the wedding. She'd booked a spa weekend in Portugal. She paid for the hotel but we had to cover our flights and all the treatments. It cost a fortune, much more than I hoped. Then we had the wedding itself, of course. And this month, I've been to six kids' parties already. Six!
- M: Well, all kids have birthday parties.
- E: Yes, I know, but it's not like the old days. You know, when you turned up, dropped the kids off and picked them up a few hours later. Modern mums like to organise an event or a function swimming pool parties, haunted house parties and these places are so big, it means the parents have to go along too. So you have to dress up in your party gear, make polite conversation for hours, and help to clear up. It's exhausting.
- M: I know that some parents do go over the top!
- E: Tell me about it! My sister's the same. Her husband retired so I was expecting a nice family meal in the local pub, just for the adults. But no! She booked the four-star place down by the river and invited 75 people I didn't know they knew 75 people! And I wouldn't mind but my brother-in-law, Keith, hates being the centre of attention. Why organise a big party for someone who won't even enjoy it?
- M: That does sound a bit silly.
- E: And the next thing is my niece finishing university. Gone are the days when students celebrated down the pub when they'd got their degree. She's insisting on a fancy dress do and the whole family has to be there. And she's actually posted a list of graduation presents on her Facebook thing. It's getting out of hand. Soon we'll be buying people presents for getting up in the morning and turning up at work or school!
- M: Now you're just being silly! Some people would love to have a busy social life like yours.
- E: I know. I'm sorry. I must sound really mean. I just wish things would calm down a bit.
- M: OK, let's go for lunch and get some fresh air. I can tell you about my plans for my 40th ...
- E: Now you're just winding me up. Please don't ...

#### S 10 2

I know that some parents do go over the top.
Why organise a big party for someone who won't even enjoy
it?

#### \$10.3

1

She is and I don't mean to sound horrible.

2

Modern mums like to organise an event or a function

3

It means the parents have to go along too.

4

Tell me about it!

5

She's insisting on a fancy dress do and the whole family has to be there.

6

Now you're just winding me up.

#### \$ 11.1

#### Speaker 1

I couldn't believe my eyes. I was driving along quite happily and the usual boy racers were overtaking and speeding past when I looked over to the left and saw this old man in a mobility scooter crawling along the hard shoulder. Goodness knows how he got there. I guess he must have taken a wrong turning and he ended up on the motorway by mistake. Anyway, I turned on the traffic news and they said there was a lot of congestion in the area and that the police were on the scene. The next day, I checked online and luckily there hadn't been an accident or anything. The police had managed to get to the man and pick him up before anything went wrong. He seemed really confused, apparently ... the poor guy. What really surprised me was the top speed of his scooter — only 8 miles an hour!... when everyone else was doing 70!

#### Speaker 2

The landing is always the worst bit of the flight for me but what made it worse was having to circle in the skies above the airport for more than half an hour. The weather was fine so we couldn't work out what the problem was. The crew tried to keep everyone calm and we eventually touched down about 45 minutes late. We asked the ground staff what had happened but we couldn't get an answer. It wasn't until we got home that we found out what the problem was. It turned out that the air traffic controller had fallen asleep! The pilot kept calling the control tower but couldn't get an answer. Can you believe it? Actually falling asleep while a pilot is trying to land a plane? Apparently, the controller was suspended from his job for not being alert during working hours.

#### Speaker 3

I was at home killing time and just surfing the net when I came across a funny story. I'm a bit of a train fan so it caught my eye. It was about this group of engineers who have been

left with a lot of explaining to do because the tunnel they built was too small for the trains. Can you imagine the inspectors turning up and measuring the roof only to find it was too low to let any trains through!? It was in eastern Europe somewhere — can't remember exactly where — but it was in a big city. Apparently, the team that was laying the new track and the guys that were building the tunnel didn't communicate very well. The ground under the tracks had been raised and so the distance between tracks and the roof was shortened. It's bound to cost a fortune to put it all right.

#### Speaker 4

You hear a lot of disaster stories about people buying houses and then finding loads of problems with them, but a friend was telling me about a guy who bought a property you can only reach by helicopter! Apparently, he was a first-time buyer and he bought this old tower at auction to convert into a house. The thing he didn't realise was that the land around the house is private and there's no access – you can't drive or even walk to it from the main road. His only access is by air! What a nightmare! It seems that the house was a bit of a bargain, but the guy didn't check the legal position before he paid for it. So, now he's got a huge old tower that he can't do anything with unless he gets his own helicopter and pilot. The silly thing is the house only cost about £30,000 in the first place.

#### Speaker 5

I drive a lot for work so I rely on my sat nav to help me get around. I think they're brilliant gadgets. Mine has saved me from getting stuck in the middle of nowhere on more than one occasion, but the navigation is only as good as the map, so you have to update pretty regularly. And you have to have a bit of common sense. I heard about this taxi driver who followed the sat nav's instructions so fully that he ended up in a river! He had to ring his boss and ask for help and they found him still in the taxi, right in the middle of the water. Apparently, the sat nav had said 'go straight on' and so he did. It's unbelievable what some people will do. I heard that people are now calling the taxi company and asking to book river cruises!

#### \$ 11.2

1

He must have taken a wrong turning. What made it worse was having to circle in the skies.

2

The air traffic controller had fallen asleep. The usual boy racers were overtaking.

3

The pilot kept calling the control tower. He ended up on the motorway by mistake.

4

People are asking to book river cruises.

The tunnel they built was too small for the trains.

5

The navigation is only as good as the map. The sat nav had said 'go straight on'.

6

He's got a huge old tower.

The guys building the tunnel didn't communicate very well.

#### \$ 12.1

#### S = Sam, K = Kate

- 5: Here we go. The barbecue is getting going now.
- K: Be careful, Sam, it looks like it's getting very hot.
- S: Don't worry, it's fine! We've had hundreds of barbecues and I've never burnt myself, have I?
- K: No, I know. It just makes me a bit nervous.
- S: Kate, relax, it's all under control. I'm going to head in and finish preparing the food.
- K: You will wash your hands, won't you? We don't want anyone getting an upset stomach.
- S: Yes, of course, I will. Why don't you go and get changed and leave the food to me?
- K: OK, I think I'll just take a painkiller. I'm getting a bit of a
- S: Oh, dear. You'll be OK for the party, won't you?
- K Yes, I should be fine.
- S: A-choo!
- K: Sam, you're not getting a cold, are you? I've got a new herbal remedy you can try. Let me go and ...
- S: Don't worry, I'm fine. It's just this pepper I'm using it went up my nose.
- K: Oh, OK. But you look a bit hot. Are you sure you feel OK?
- S: I've just been standing over the barbecue, that's all. I feel fine. People will be here soon, so why don't you open some wine? You can pour me a glass if you like.
- K: You're not going to drink too much tonight, are you?
- S: No, of course not! I've got loads of food to barbecue and my new boss is coming tonight.
- K: Your boss ...??!
- S: Yeah, you haven't forgotten, have you?
- K: Erm, well, it did slip my mind! I wish you'd reminded me, Sam. I'd have given the house a really good clean.
- S: Kate, our house is spotless. No bacteria could survive anywhere in our place. ... Ooops! ... Chuck me that piece of cheese, Kate. Waste not, want not.
- K: You're not going to eat it, are you!? It's been on the floor.
- S: Well, it won't kill me, will it? A few germs never hurt anyone.
- K: Well, don't complain to me if you start throwing up later. ... Oh, the guests are arriving. I'll go and let them in.
- S: Thanks, darling. ... Thank goodness for that.

#### \$ 12.2

1

We've had hundreds of barbecues and I've never burnt myself, have I?

#### 2

You will wash your hands, won't you?

3

You'll be OK for the party, won't you?

4

Sam, you're not getting a cold, are you?

5

You're not going to drink too much tonight, are you?

6

Yeah, you haven't forgotten, have you?

7

You're not going to eat it, are you?

8

Well, it won't kill me, will it?

#### \$ 13.1

#### J = James, E = Emily

- J: Er, hello. I don't think we've met. I'm James Burford.
- E: Emily Walker. Nice to meet you.
- J: Yes, you too. ... I thought it was a lovely service, didn't you? And wonderful to see all these people here.
- E: Yes, Helen was obviously very well thought of.
- J: Yes, everyone loved her here in the village. She was such a character. Did you know her well?
- E: Actually, she was my great aunt but I hadn't been in touch for years. I can't say we were very close but I wanted to pay my respects. I'm now wondering where all these people have come from. She never married or had children so it's a bit of a surprise.
- J: Well, those ladies over there are from her writing group. She set it up last year. But I knew her from long before that, when she taught me French.
- E: Aunt Helen spoke French?
- J: Yes, she was head of French at my school. She joined the school when she came back from Africa.
- E: Er, what was she doing in Africa?
- J: As far as I know, she was volunteering in Senegal. After she graduated, she wanted to travel and she ended up there. She set up a teaching programme with local teachers.
- E: This is amazing. Why didn't anyone ever tell me?
- J: ... So I guess you don't know about Helen's environmental campaign either?
- E: No! What was that?
- J: Now, let me get this right. ... She retired from my old school about five years ago and found herself at a loose end and so she started touring the area on her old bike. She was disgusted at the amount of damage to the local environment and so she set about putting it right. I was told she won an award from the local council.
- E: This is such a revelation. I'd imagined Helen as an elderly lady living out her retirement in a quiet English village.
- J: Oh, no, not Helen. Apparently, she's always 'done things different', so to speak. Did you know about the student strike she led at university?

- E: I knew she was the first female in her family to go to university and that education was very important to her. But what's this about a strike?
- J: Well, she decided that the tuition that the female students were getting wasn't as good as the males, and so she and hundreds of other girls went on strike. Unsurprisingly, things got better quite quickly.
- E: I had no idea she'd had such an interesting life. She sounds amazing. But I'm a bit sad now. I wish that I'd seen her more often. There are lots of questions I'd like to ask.
- J: Well, it's difficult to stay in touch sometimes. But you'll be glad to hear that she's written her life story. It isn't published yet but she's left that with me to organise.
- E: Really? That's fantastic. I'm sure it'll be a fascinating read.

#### \$13.2

1

I wish that I'd seen her more often. No, what was that?

#### 2

I'm now wondering where all these people have come from? Those ladies over there are from her writing group.

#### 3

Nice to meet you.

Did you know about the student strike?

#### 4

There are lots of questions I'd like to ask. She ended up there.

#### 5

Education was very important to her. But I knew her from long before that.

#### 6

Helen was obviously very well thought of. She was head of French at my school.

### \$ 14.1

1

#### C1 = Customer, C2 = Cashier

- C1: Why are things taking so long? I've been trying to pay for over half an hour.
- C2: So sorry to have kept you waiting. We're having problems with the computers.
- C1: Does that mean I can't pay by credit card?
- C2: I'm afraid so. It's cash only at the moment.
- C1: What about a cheque?
- C2: I'm afraid we don't take cheques anymore.
- C1: Well, that's great! I haven't got any cash on me, so I'll have to leave it.

### 2

### K = Kelly, M = Marcus

K: Did Eric tell you he'd applied for a mortgage? M: You're joking! He's already up to his eyes in debt.

- K: Not any more. His parents found his bank statement and went through the roof.
- M: What do you mean?
- K: They saw how big his overdraft was and so they paid the whole lot off.
- M: Oh, it's OK for some. You and I have to pay our own way.
- K: No, no, it's only a loan. Eric will have to pay them every penny back.
- M: Oh, well, I suppose it makes sense not to have to pay interest to the bank.

#### 3

Join us on November 28th for Buy Nothing Day. Anyone planning to go shopping then, do yourself a favour and have a day off from the things you really don't need. All those clothes that will hang in your closet for months unworn. Why not enjoy a whole 24 hours of freedom from shops? Come on, support our campaign and say no to consumerism and the effects of globalisation. Buy nothing for just one day on November 28th.

### 4 M = Millie, F = Frank

- M: You should have seen me on Saturday night, Frank, I was on the edge of my seat.
- F: Why, what happened?
- M: I was checking the lottery tickets and I thought I'd got the big one. I was about to go out and buy some champagne.
- F: So ... did you win?
- M: No, I was looking at the wrong ticket.
- F: What, not even a small prize?
- M: Not even a tenner. And the jackpot was over five million. Just imagine.
- F: Oh.

#### 5

What a nightmare! I checked my account online and found loads of purchases I hadn't made. Someone must have got hold of my card details and bought tons of stuff. I went straight to the bank to sort it out and they made me feel a bit like a criminal, like I was the one who'd been on a spending spree. Of course, I'm hugely overdrawn now and on top of that there are £50 worth of bank charges. It makes me feel like closing my account altogether.

#### \$14.2

1

I've been trying to pay for over half an hour.

2

Did Eric tell you he'd applied for a mortgage?

3

He's already up to his eyes in debt.

#### 4

They paid the whole lot off.

**5** Come on, support our campaign.

**6** I was looking at the wrong ticket.

**7**I went straight to the bank to sort it out.

#### \$151

### P = Presenter, G = Gina, A = Amy, L = Lisa, B = Brian, B2 = Bella, F = Frank, D = Darren

- P: And now for our regular feature 'Food heaven, food hell'.

  Today our roving reporter, Gina Eriksson, is on the streets of Brighton to ask people what gets their tastebuds tingling, and what attacks their appetite. Over to Gina ...
- G: Yes, I'm here in The Lanes, Brighton's famous shopping and eating area. So let's see what the locals have to say ... Excuse me, can I just ask What's your idea of food heaven and food hell?
- A: My food heaven is anything veggie salads, stir fries, anything without meat, really. But food hell has to be tofu. Although people think it's great for vegetarians, I think it's soggy and bland.
- G: And what about you?
- Er, for me, food heaven is a really gooey chocolate cake my mum has a brilliant recipe. And food hell is fish. I just can't stand to see a whole fish with its head on looking up at me. Yuck!
- G: OK, thanks, ladies. And you, sir? Food heaven and hell any thoughts?
- B: Well, as you can probably hear, I'm from the US, so I'd have to say the good old American burger and fries are my food heaven. And food hell, sorry to say this, is English tea. How come you guys drink so much of the stuff?
- G: It's a great British tradition. You can't beat a cup of tea. Thank you and enjoy your stay in the UK. ... Now, there's a group of people sitting at a street café. Ladies and gents, do you mind if I ask about your food heaven and hell? This lady here, what would you say?
- B2: Food heaven, let me think ... oh, there's nothing better than English strawberries and cream, but only in season. I don't understand people who buy summer fruits at Christmas.
- G: I'd agree with you there, and your food hell?
- B2: Garlic. I just can't get on with it. No matter how little people put in, I can taste it. My children just think I'm old-fashioned, but it's not for me.
- G: That's fair enough. And you, sir?
- F: Well, I'm just the opposite of my wife here. I love a good curry and rice. The hotter, the better. I got the taste for spicy food when I was in the army. A group of old mates and I meet up for curry about once a month. And I don't really have a food hell. I'll eat pretty much anything.
- G: Wonderful that you can agree to differ on your tastes. ... And a group of schoolkids here. Let's have a chat with them. ... Excuse me, what's your name?
- D: Darren.

- G: Hi, Darren. Can you tell us about your ideas of food heaven and hell?
- D: Well, my favourite thing is meatballs and spaghetti in tomato sauce. I cook it every week. But the one thing I hate is cauliflower. I like lots of other vegetables but my mum keeps trying to get me to eat cauliflower. It's disgusting.
- G: Sounds like we have a budding chef here in Darren. Let's hope he keeps it up. That's it from me and the people here in Brighton. Thanks to all of them for their ideas on food heaven and hell.

#### \$ 15.2

#### 1

What's your idea of food heaven and food hell?

#### 2

So I'd have to say the good old American burger and fries

#### 3

My children just think I'm old-fashioned, but it's not for me.

#### 4

I got the taste for spicy food when I was in the army

#### 5

My favourite thing is meatballs and spaghetti in tomato sauce.

#### 6

That's it from me and the people here in Brighton.

#### \$16.1

### Speaker 1

Most people think that you go into business to make a fortune but for us it just wasn't like that. Don't get me wrong, it's good to make money but that wasn't our main motivation. It all started fifteen years ago when I came back to the UK with my Spanish husband after living in Seville for a few years. I found that I really missed all the wonderful food - of course I missed the people too – but getting Spanish ingredients was surprisingly hard, especially outside London. After networking online with Spanish people living in the UK, I did some market research on the availability of Spanish food over here. I found that apart from in a few specialist shops, you couldn't get stuff like good chorizo, saffron, or proper paella rice for love nor money. So, I thought 'why not set up a Spanish food business online?' and that's just what we've done. We've just redesigned our first fairly rudimentary website, and things are going from strength to strength.

### Speaker 2

Some people thought I was mad when I left my job. I'd worked my way up from junior designer to creative director in a well-known advertising company and I suppose you could say I'd been very successful. But the higher I moved up the company, the more stressful it became. I spent more time travelling on planes than I did with my kids. Then while I was catching up on paperwork on a flight, I started thinking about the creative side

of the job. I picked up a pen and started doodling on my paper napkin. Before I knew it, I'd done about 50 different designs and I suddenly realised that I didn't want to be a director any more but a designer. So, after persuading my wife this was the right thing to do, I resigned from my job and set up my own design agency — just me and two other talented youngsters. Sure, I don't earn half as much as I used to but I really enjoy working for myself.

#### Speaker 3

I had always sworn that I would never do it. I come from a long line of farmers but I was completely adamant about working in a different sector. My great-grandparents bought and developed the land in the 1920s and it's been passed down across the generations. While my older brother and sister took an avid interest in the animals and farm work, I ran off to college as soon as I could. After I graduated in medicine, I chose to work as a GP at an inner-city surgery as I wanted to keep as far away from the farm as I could. Then things started to get very tough for farmers. I saw my parents age from the work and responsibility and I felt bad about leaving all the admin to my brother and sister. So, eventually I took early retirement, moved back to the old farmhouse and I've taken on some of the behind-the-scenes work. I'll never be a country girl at heart but, you know what they say, blood's thicker than water.

#### Speaker 4

I suppose you could say I fell into business. I didn't do particularly well at school and so ended up doing nine-to-five or just temporary work. It wasn't very stimulating but I didn't mind too much because I never had to work late or give up my weekends. I'd always been interested in fashion and was pretty good at designing and making my own clothes. Then my friends starting asking me to make things for them. I did this as a favour or gave them away as presents. Then one day a group of friends and I were out in town, wearing some of my designs. I couldn't believe it when this guy walked up and asked where we'd bought them. I explained that they were all hand designed and the next thing I knew he was offering to help me set up a small business. It turned out he ran an enterprise scheme for young clothes designers. He helped me find a workshop, get funding for equipment and materials, and now the orders are rolling in.

#### Speaker 5

I never expected to have a career in business, let alone be running my own company. It all started when I was teaching English as a foreign language in Berlin. A friend of a friend asked me to do some one-to-one classes with a businesswoman who wanted help with presentation skills. She had such a busy schedule that we met at very odd hours of the day – 5.30 in the morning before she went to work, or late in the evening when she'd finished. I ended up getting quite a can-do attitude because I was willing to give classes anytime and anywhere, within reason. Most of the other language schools and tutors weren't available much outside general working hours, which wasn't much use to people with a packed schedule. Word spread and then a few colleagues and

I went freelance and set up a network of tutors. Five years later here I am with an agency of language teachers in 20 different cities, all of whom cater their timetable and tuition to the exact needs of the client.

#### \$ 16.2

#### 1

Why not set up a Spanish food business online?

#### 2

We've just redesigned our first fairly rudimentary website.

#### 3

I spent more time travelling on planes.

#### 4

I'd done about 50 different designs.

#### 5

My older brother and sister took an avid interest in the animals

#### 6

After I graduated in medicine, I chose to work as a GP.

#### 7

Eventually I took early retirement.

#### 8

I ended up doing nine-to-five or just temporary work.

#### 9

We worked late in the evening when she'd finished.

# UNIT 1 1 e

### **GRAMMAR** Habits

5 d 2 f 3 a 4 b 6 c

- 1 As a rule, I go out once a week, usually on Saturday evenings.
- 2 I don't read for pleasure as much as I would like to.
- 3 I tend to see my family just on birthdays and at Christmas.
- 4 We used to go to the cinema about once a week before they put the prices up.
- 5 I check the BBC website all the time, I rarely use any other sites.
- 6 She must be really busy. She hardly ever comes to the badminton club anymore.
- 7 I enjoy going to the theatre but we only go once in a while.
- 8 We used to go walking every weekend. We would get up early and be out on the hills to see the sunrise.

5 commercial

# VOCABULARY Describing films, music and books

3				
1	uplifting	3	awful	
2	gripping	4	over-the-top	

1 hilarious 3 disturbing 5 catchy

2 dull 4 weird

# **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS** Disagreeing politely

# 5

- 2 It didn't really do anything for me, I'm afraid.
- 3 Er, I'm not that keen on jazz.
- 4 Thanks, but I'm not very keen on musicals. I prefer something a bit more serious, more realistic.
- 5 To be honest, I'm not **really** interested in fiction.
- 6 Really? I'm not that fond of action movies.

### LISTENING

6 1 b 2 c 3 a 4 c 5 b

### **PRONUNCIATION** Strong and weak forms

# 7

I wish they wouldn't do that! /æ/

I just think that they should be true to the original story. /ə/

People used to go out to have fun. /ə/ People don't socialise like they used to. /u:/

You used to be a really keen theatre-goer. /ə/

Not as much as I'd like to. /u:/

It's the teenagers I feel sorry for. /o:/ I mean, there really isn't much for them to do. /ə/

I'm not asking you, I'm telling you! /u:/ I don't want you to watch any more TV. /ə/

When the function word is at the end of the sentence the pronunciation is usually strong. When the function word is at the beginning of the sentence

the pronunciation is usually weak.

### Vocabulary Talking about pictures

1			
1	interpretation	4	conventional
2	atmospheric	5	ambiguous
3	dramatic		

	didiliacie				
2					
1	abstract		3 bold		5 intimate
2	realistic		4 subtle		
3					
1	d	3 0		5 b	7 a
2	g	4 f		6 h	8 e

# **GRAMMAR** Adjectives and adverbs

- 1 correct
- 2 She said it was an absolutely dreadful film.
- 3 If you arrive lately for work again, you'll be in real trouble.
- 4 Don't forget to check your work really carefully.
- 5 She looks very sadly. Do you think she's been crying?
- 6 Funnily enough, I was thinking exactly the same thing.
- correct
- 8 Look directly at the camera and give a big smile!

	1 badly injured	4	absolutely amazing
1	2 completely rebuilt	5	wrongly arrested
	3 terribly sad	6	unusually chilly

#### DEVELOPING WRITING

A review - making recommendations

Quest - the next big thing? / Triumphant return of Quest

Quest – the next big thing?

0			
1	expertise	4	downside
2	singing along	5	following
3	worth	6	encores

1 b 2 d 3 a 5 e 6 c 4 f

# 10

Student's own answers.

#### READING

1 C

> 2 2 b 5 g 6 c 7 f 1 e

- 5 who benefits from Secret
- the overall role of Secret
- 1 how Secret works
- 3 who made a good investment from Secret
- 2 who has taken part

1	heard	3	viewing	5	auction
2	snap		captured	6	raise

### VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 1

1					
1	inspiring	4	disturbing	6 1	
	subtle		gripping	7 i	
3	ambiguous		0 11 0		

nilarious ntimate

3 ambiguous

2 challenge 2 disguise

3 revenge 4 reward

3

1 minimal 2 experimental moral

psychological 6 fatal 7 conventional

commercial

4

If I pass the exam, it will enable **me** to get a better job. The message in the poem is open to interpretation.

3 I never tire of reading this book.

4 They are bound to get together in the end.

5 I used to spend hours online, until my dad banned me.

6 Do you think they will get away with the robbery?

7 His reasons for leaving struck me as odd.

### UNIT 2

# Vocabulary Buildings and areas

1		
1	up-and-coming	trendy
	historic	grand
3	rough	run-down
4	affluent	stunning
5	deprived	residential

6 high-rise

hideous

2

1 A: dominates B: dates back

has been renovated

2 A: to steer clear

B: knocked down have soared

3 B: were based

A: has been cleaned up

### **GRAMMAR** Relative clauses

1 We'd walked round the same streets five times, at which point I decided it was time to buy a map.

The local people, who had at first appeared rather unfriendly, couldn't do enough for us.

3 Our hotel turned out to be in a pretty rundown part of town, which really spoilt the trip.

4 Most of the old town, where my parents had lived for many years, had been knocked down and completely rebuilt.

5 We booked several day trips to the surrounding areas, all of which were really good value for money.

The first day of the festival, when everyone dresses up in amazing costumes, is the one not to miss.

2 The tour didn't finish until 10pm, by which time we had missed dinner. B

3 We spent a week exploring the coastline, which was completely amazing. A

We couldn't have managed in Beijing without Nicola, who had done a course in Mandarin Chinese. C

5 My old boss, whose family is from South Africa, gave us a lot of travel tips about Cape Town. D

6 We spent ages planning our visit to different vineyards, none of which were open when we actually got there. F

### DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS

Agreeing using synonyms

5	e a			
1	e	3 g	5 c	7 h
2	a	3 g 4 b	5 c 6 f	7 h 8 d

6 (possible answers)

2 Yes, it's quite trendy.

l agree. It's awful.

4 I know. It's a really run-down area.

5 You're right. It's strange.

6 Yes, it's beautiful, isn't it?

Yes, they're wonderful old buildings.

8 Yes, it does look very wealthy.

#### LISTENING

the annual parade the street market old Merchant's House

1 the street market

old Merchant's House

3 the annual parade

# PRONUNCIATION Connected speech

2 The city museum has one of the best collections of modern and abstract art in the country.

It's not the kind of place you can see in just a short time. Take a trip into the past and soak up the atmosphere at

the street market. So, we spend the morning at the market and we

end <u>up</u> at the <u>parade</u>. We need to be up there for the parade anyway.

# Vocabulary Festivals and carnivals

<b>1</b> 2 i, e	3 a, f	4 b, h	5 d
2 light 3 play 4 record 5 look		6 carry local 7 sit 8 get dressed 9 spray	
READING			

3 thing

KEADING				
<b>3</b> 1 f 2 b	3 e	4 a	5 d	6 c
<b>4</b> 2, 3, 6, 7				
5 1 go 2 all		4 odd 5 take	s	

6 treat

# **GRAMMAR** Talking about the future

1

2 do you do 3 bound to 6 plans to start 7 hoping to 8 I take

4 We drive 5 do we meet

2

1 You're bound to get the job.

2 When's your train due?

3 The festival is likely to be cancelled.

4 The weather is unlikely to improve (at all) this week.

5 The taxi is due to get here in about 10 minutes.

6 There is bound to be a delay at the airport.

# DEVELOPING WRITING An email - making a request

**3** 

4

Hi Kati,

How are things? I hope all the family are doing OK.

I wanted to drop you a quick line to ask you a favour. As you know, I'm finishing uni at the end of this term and I'm going to do some travelling with a friend over the summer. We're planning to visit Hungary and I was wondering if I could ask you for some local info. We won't have a huge amount of spending money so can you recommend any bargain hotels and places to eat in Budapest? Also, when would be the best time to visit in terms of the weather and things to do? Apart from the capital, where would you recommend we go? A friend of mine suggested Lake Balaton. Do you think it's worth a visit? Any advice you can give us on transport, sightseeing and local customs would be very welcome.

I'm really <u>looking forward</u> to the trip but I've got to <u>get</u> <u>through</u> my finals first! There's no rush for a reply as I know you're really busy, too. <u>Just get back to me when you can</u>.

1 Cheers 2 OK 3 drop you a quick line 4 There's no rush

5

1 put us up 5 eat out 2 picking me up 6 drop off 3 get around 7 put on 4 booked up 8 hang out

6

Student's own answers.

### VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 2

1

1 up-and-coming 4 put ... up 2 shot up 5 run-down. 3 knocked down

2

1 glimpsed 4 stunning 2 hideous 5 transformed 3 showered with 6 soared

3

1 permission 4 proposal
2 extension 5 innovative
3 opposition 6 development

4

1 erect 5 residential
2 grand 6 spin
3 tombs 7 expansion
4 steer 8 sweep.

### UNIT 3

### VOCABULARY Useful things

1

2 needle and thread3 bandage, plaster

6 charger 7 glue, sticky tape

dustpan and brush

8 cloth, mop and bucket

5 step ladder

2

1 pegs 7 hammer
2 washing powder 8 nails
3 iron 9 tin opener
4 scissors 10 torch
5 string 11 bowls
6 an adapter 12 screws

# GRAMMAR Explaining purpose using so, if and to

3

2 I popped round to my neighbour's house to borrow her stepladder.

3 I need a plaster to cover this cut.

4 I went to the DIY store to get some paint.

5 I bought some files to organise all the papers from my course.

6 I'm looking for the dustpan and brush to sweep up this broken glass.

4

1 This cream is great if you need to treat a bite or sunburn.

2 I found some really nice paint to decorate the bedroom with.

3 Wipe up that juice quickly so it doesn't stain the table.

4 Here's the corkscrew to open the bottle with.

5 The plasters are in the cupboard if your finger's bleeding.

6 Please turn off all appliances when leaving **in** order to conserve energy.

7 Keep the iron on low so you don't burn your silk scarf.

8 Here's a needle and thread so you **can** repair the hole in your top.

# **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS** Explaining and checking

5

1 What 6 stuff 2 made 7 like 3 sort 8 What 4 thing 9 use 5 mean 10 mean

6

1 Can't 5 use 2 something 6 should 3 do 7 happen 4 enough 8 it'll

#### LISTENING 5 jams to choose from 6 time to pick a sofa in IKEA Speaker 1 e 6 Speaker 2 b 1 popped 5 got round to Speaker 3 f 2 range 6 dissatisfied Speaker 4 d 3 choose between 7 choice Speaker 5 c 4 overwhelming 8 missed out on PRONUNCIATION Intonation and lists VOCABULARY How things go wrong 1 They think they really must have that bigger house, the 1 missing 5 ripped 2 fall apart 6 fit latest mobile phone, a designer top, or some luxury food. 3 gave 4 leak 7 came off 2 We all only really need somewhere to live, food and water, 8 scratched GRAMMAR should and should have (should've) basic health and hygiene products, and 2 clothes for different situations. 1 We should to try and sell some of the stuff we don't need on eBay. 3 I remember in one weekend I bought six pairs of trousers, You really should've have cleared all this mess up. They shouldn't be have been allowed to get away with it! eight shirts, around 20 CDs and a new mobile phone. You shouldn't not buy things just because they're half price. 5 You really should have been asked before borrowing my 4 In fact, just yesterday I bought a bag, a pair of sandals, a stuff. pair of jeans and two white shirts. You do should try and get your camera repaired - don't just buy a new one. 5 It didn't matter if it was in a shop window, in a magazine or 1 should cut down on catalogue, on a website, or even in an auction. should have sorted ... out should have tried ... on 6 Our economy would suffer, workers 4 shouldn't sign up for in the developing world would lose their jobs, and 5 should ... check out 6 should have filled up life would be very dull. DEVELOPING WRITING An anecdote - complaining **UNDERSTANDING VOCABULARY** Word families c to tell a story about something that went wrong 1 optimism 5 criticise 5 2 cautious 6 economical 1 b 2 a 3 b 3 pessimistic 7 abilities 4 fears 8 happiness 6 Student's own answers. The anecdote: contains direct speech. 2 is addressed to a specific person. 1 harmless 6 homeless includes short sentences to keep the reader interested. 2 obsession 7 advertise uses a fairly formal style. 3 achievements 8 rainy describes how different people felt. 4 intentions 9 mysterious uses full forms, rather than contractions. 5 eviction READING customer 5 sort out 2 keep 6 wrong 3 refund c to highlight the amount of consumer choice 7 insist on 4 waste of 8 fall 4 1 f 3 t 5 t 7 Student's own answers. 2 f 4 f 6 t 8 f 5 VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 3 1 styles of jeans 2 flavours of jam compensation 3 more products every year 4 intentions 2 protection 4 hits to an internet search 5 Admission 3 caution 6 obsession

2		LISTENING		
To the source of	5 apart	LISTENING		
	6 optimistic	7		
	7 settled	C		
4 rub	8 good	8		
3		1 t 3 f	5 t 7 t	
	3 hazard	2 t 4 t	6 f 8 f	
	4 tie			
The state of the state of the state of the	The solution of all and the state of	PRONUNCIATION Sam	e sound or different?	
4	- 4	9		
	5 implications	1D 25 3D	4 S 5 D 6 S	
	5 embarrassing 7 admission		1 3 3 5 0 3	
4 obsessed	autilission	VOCABULARY Big issue	es	
		1		
		1 school dropout rates	4 racism	
UNIT 4		2 family breakdown	5 drug and alcohol abus	e
VOCABILIARY The govern	nment, economics and society	3 family size	5 drug drid diconor abd	
TOCABOLARY THE BOYCH	inneric, economics and society			
1		2		
1 made a difference	have gone bankrupt	1 c 2 e 3 a	4 b 5 d	
2 recession	struggling	READING		
3 booming 6	5 too soft on			
2		3		
1 bureaucracy e		what society gets from le	arning about citizenship	3
2 shot d		what you might do in a ci	tizenship class	4
3 undermine c		a definition of citizenship reasons for teaching citiz		1
4 shortage a		- Committee of the Comm	ensnip	2
5 boost b		5		
GRAMMAR so and such		1 c 2 b 3 a	4 c 5 a	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		6		
3		1 topical	4 discussions	
close the road.	nonstrators that the police had to	2 behaviour	5 knowledge	
	run-down that no-one wants to	3 involvement	6 politics	
move there.	run-down that no-one wants to	C	* 01 11 11	
	badly that people are struggling	GRAMMAR Comparat	ives with the, the	
to make ends meet.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1		
	ch serious debt that it will take	1 more, easier	5 more, less	
years to pay it off.		2 simpler, successful	6 faster, more	
6 The government have w	asted so much money that no-one	3 aggressive, confident	7 more, less	
will vote for them again.		4 younger, faster	8 better, popular	
4		2		
1 The factory closing cause	ed <b>such</b> lasting damage to the local	1 the sooner, the better	4 the simpler, the better	
economy.		2 the more, the merrier	5 the smaller, the better	
	e nowadays, they are thinking of	3 the faster, the better	6 the bigger, the better	
making it compulsory.  3 correct		DEVELOPING WRITING	An account giving your	aninian
	paces, it's hard to find somewhere	DEVELOPING WRITING	An essay – giving your	ориноп
to sit and relax.	paces, it's hard to find somewhere	3		
	reat success that the city decided	The writer agrees with th	e statement.	
to hold one every year.		4		
6 correct		1 this	5 as	
7 correct		2 not	6 Furthermore	
	ositive things that he's done for	3 who	7 for instance	
the city.		4 Finally	8 In	
DEVELOPING CONVERSATI	ons Showing understanding	5		
		1 take	4 introduce	
5	1 5 7 7 7	2 consider	5 share	
1 e 2 g 3 a 4	1 h 5 c 6 d	3 take part in	6 bring	
6		6		
Student's own answers.		Student's own answers.		
	1	Judenie J Own answers.		

VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 4	Vocabulary Sport		
1	1		
1 e 2 f 3 a 4 b 5 c 6 d	A Branch Commence		
	1 division 7 judges 2 post 8 track		
2	3 bar 9 overtake		
1 homelessness 4 undermined	4 shoot 10 time-out		
2 multinationals 5 unprecedented	5 card 11 tactics		
3 shortages	6 tries		
3	to the same and a second second mean through the many		
	2		
1 They're threatening to put car tax <b>up</b> this year. OR They're	1 promoted 5 sack		
threatening to put <b>up</b> car tax this year.	2 substitute 6 close		
2 Why do you think their marriage broke <b>down</b> ?	3 served 7 fixed		
3 How long have the police been carrying <b>out</b> the investigation?	4 scored 8 tackle		
4 He comes <b>across</b> as a serious and responsible person.			
5 That shop only started <b>up</b> last year, and now it's closing down	GRAMMAR should(n't) have, could(n't) have, would(n't)		
The shop only started up last year, and now it's closing down	· have		
4	3 and sew and of the contines mad be true on a		
1 fear 3 rule			
2 abuse 4 yield	1 We should have scored in the first half.		
	2 I shouldn't have missed so many sessions.		
5	3 They should have set off earlier.		
1 is too soft 4 excessive	4 I shouldn't have given up the gym.		
2 is stable 5 bleak	5 We shouldn't have taken on so much work. 6 They should have applopised for swearing at the referee		
3 widespread	6 They should have apologised for swearing at the referee.		
	4		
UNIT 5	a 6 b 4 c 5 d 3 e 2 f 1		
ONITS			
Vocabulary Health and fitness	5		
	1 could have, could have		
1	2 would have, should have		
1 junk, healthy lifestyle	3 would have		
2 flexibility, strength	4 wouldn't have		
3 stamina, hand-eye coordination	5 could have, could have		
4 demanding, sweat	6 wouldn't have		
5 shape, uncoordinated	DEVELOPING WRITING A conort audication		
6 breath, speed	<b>DEVELOPING WRITING</b> A report – evaluating proposals		
DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS	6		
Checking what you heard	passive forms		
Checking what you heard	clear language and layout		
2	headings		
2 They cost how much?	numbered points		
3 You didn't get home until when?	fairly impersonal style		
4 You'll be teaching what class?	7		
5 Your parents are going where?			
6 You've just heard from who/whom?	1 Currently 7 bring 2 nor 8 advantages		
7 It took your sister how long?	2		
8 You ran how far?			
Property of the control of the control of	4 benefit 10 attract 5 allow 11 to		
READING			
3			
b and a manufacture of the second sec	8		
	1 The leisure centre will provide the city with more options		
4	2 A state-of-the-art theatre would allow people to see a		
a Valeria/Helen	range of shows.		
b Marcus	3 The sports centre will appeal to the majority of people.		
c Ricardo	4 A theme park is worth building.		
5 and set and the	5 Building a new library would be an improvement to the area.		
2.44.0	6 Conferences can be held at the leisure centre.		
	9 - A STEEL		
0 111,111	Student's own answers.		
3 M 6 R 9 R	Stadents Own answers.		
6	the Billian and Bell in Mile agents are to the are been a		
1 a 2 b 3 a 4 a 5 b	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		

#### **GRAMMAR** Present perfect continuous and simple 2 1 breath 3 shape 1 2 fitness 4 fool 1 a 2 b 3 2 1 coordination 4 committed 1 A: I didn't know you were keen on horse-riding. How long 2 self-conscious 5 pointless have you been doing that? boredom 6 odd B: For a year on and off. I'm not very good but I enjoy it. I've just signed up for classes at the Miller Stables. 4 A: You're kidding! I've been working there part time since 1 back 2 out 3 into 4 up March. 5 2 A: You're into windsurfing, aren't you? I've never tried it in sweat 3 close 5 sack my life. What's it like? wandering 4 fixed 6 drowning B: Amazing. I've already been going to the coast twice this month. Come with me next time if you like. A: I need to get back in shape first, I think. I've joined the UNIT 6 gym and I've already lost a few kilos. 3 A: Sorry, have you been waiting long? My bus was late. VOCABULARY Where you stayed B: No, don't worry. I've only just got here. A: OK, have you ever decided which film you want to see? 4 A: Where have you been? I've been trying to call you for all 1 facilities, incredible, weather, unbearably hot middle, nowhere, a bit of a dump B: Sorry, I've been at the dentist's for hours. 3 overlooked, muddy, filthy 4 stunning views, beaches, deserted A: Oh, are you OK? B: Yes, but my tooth has been hurting since last night. 5 incredibly welcoming, whole, spotless Vocabulary Injuries and accidents 1 b 2 c 3 e 4 f 5 a 3 2 lost consciousness, could have drowned **GRAMMAR** Modifiers 3 cuts and bruises, might have broken it/could have broken it 4 had several broken ribs, could have been killed 1 The room was quite spacious, considering the price we paid. 5 banged her head, might have knocked herself out I've never met him but people say he's a bit of a joker. 6 twisted my ankle, might have broken it/could have broken it The main square was absolutely packed with tourists all weekend. The tenants left a bit of a mess everywhere. The food was a bit too spicy for my liking. 1 mixed 8 fitness Rents in this area are very high just now. 2 around the world 9 stamina The trip was a complete disaster from start to finish. 3 Australia 10 hand-eye 8 I thought the area around the flat was quite nice. 4 warm-up 11 ages 5 space to play 12 level What's the matter? You're in a bit of a bad mood today. 6 opposition 13 shape There was hardly anything to do at the resort. The kids 7 Fast 14 her husband were really bored. **PRONUNCIATION** Not pronouncing sounds The place was deserted. There was hardly anyone staying at the hotel. I'm going to be a bit late, but only about five minutes. You can play in men's, women's and mixed teams. 5 I'm going to send this steak back. It's not very nice. 2 It's similar to rugby but without the tackling. There are hardly any vacancies during the summer. 3 We get people of all shapes, sizes, and ages. Turn the TV down. It's a bit too loud. It's so simple that after two to three games you get the 5 basic skills. The hotel was a bit too expensive. It's up to you to keep playing and develop your game. I used to travel a lot for work. The campsite was a bit of a nightmare. The hotel room was not particularly big. I couldn't find the time to exercise. The food was absolutely delicious. 8 I wanted something my husband and I could do together The weather was completely awful. VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 5 The campsite was a complete dump! 8 The view was really interesting. 1 knitting, others to do with any hobby **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS** Negative questions shoot, others to do with tennis 3 replace, others are people 4 sack is a verb, others are things used in sport 1 g 2 a 3 c 4 f 5 h 6 d 5 disallowed, others are physical problems

LISTENING						
LISTENING		2				
7		1 doesn't say	6 f			
1 in a field, tent		2 t	7 t			
2 their own home, a	TV presenter	3 doesn't say	8 doesn't say			
3 a chambermaid an	d a manager, posh hotel	4 f	9 t			
	0 //	5 doesn't say				
8		3				
1 t 3 t 5 f	7 f 9 f	where = East London				
2 f 4 t 6 f	8 t	which piece = which	piece of art			
PROBLEME ATION DE	phthana	They = the researcher	S			
PRONUNCIATION DI	prichongs	Her = Dr Kanwal Man	nd -			
9		those = images				
1 /ai/ 2 /ɔi/	3 /1ə/ 4 /eɪ/	there = Bangladesh				
	- //	them = the children				
10		its = Bangladesh's				
1 n <b>ow</b> adays	3 liar	those = the people				
2 fixed	4 l <b>ea</b> der	that = Bangladesh				
GRAMMAR have/ge	t something done	4	uniform 2 min highligh			
1		1 with	4 into			
	to get her shoe repaired.	2 up	5 out			
2 She wants to get he	er ears nierced	3 in				
3 They're getting a ta	ttoo done of each other's names.	VOCABULARY BUILD	ED OUIZ 6			
4 He needs to have ce	entral heating installed.	VOCABOLARY BUILD	ER QUIZ 6			
5 They should have h	ad the roof checked before they	1				
bought it.	ad the loor effected before they	1 N 2 N 3 I	N 4 N 5 N 6 P			
6 He's just had his mo	otorbike stolen					
		2				
UNDERSTANDING VO	CABULARY Idioms	1 account	4 pocket			
		2 enough	5 lag			
2		3 down	6 away			
1 the ball is in his cou	rt	3				
2 in small doses		1 over	4 ence			
3 make ends meet		2 mis	5 ally			
4 through rose-colou	red glasses	3 ists	6 ation			
5 costs an arm and a	leg	5 ists 6 attori				
6 finding my feet		4				
7 taking the mickey 8 out of pocket		1 ridiculous	4 isolated			
8 out of pocket		2 soaked	5 gorgeous (OR stunning)			
DEVELOPING WRITING	An email – giving news	3 enormous	6 filthy			
	All citiali giving news					
3		LINUX W				
1 b 2 e 3 a	4 d 5 c	UNIT 7				
4		Vocabulary Weat	her			
4			THE THE SALE WINDS			
the journey		1				
getting to know people		1 storm, loud, flashe	s, soaked			
accommodation		2 froze, lost, turned				
work		3 thick, lift				
5		4 heat, humid, blowi	ng, strong			
1 we get on	5 locals	5 pouring, eased, spi	tting			
2 feel homesick	6 break the ice	6 hail, skid, settle				
3 hectic	7 It was a relief	7 blown, non-stop				
4 missing	8 find our feet	8 flooded, stuck				
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Constitution of				
6		GRAMMAR Narratio	ve tenses			
1 g 2 f 3 a	4 b 5 d 6 e 7 c	2				
7		1 watched	8 had worked			
Student's own answers		2 I'd never seen	9 didn't believe			
Judent's Own answers		3 was filmed				
READING		4 showed	10 were speeding 11 was moving			
THE STATE OF THE S		5 had formed	12 was moving			
1		6 hadn't realised	13 managed			
C		7 was coming	14 died			
		30111118	a.r dicu			

<b>3</b> 1 d 2 a 3 f	1 h F c 6 c	1 had been appeared started		
1 d 2 a 3 f	4 b 5 c 6 e	1 had been, appeared, started 2 had been walking, realised, had remembered		
DEVELOPING CONVERSA	ATIONS	3 had just settled, heard, didn't dare		
Making stories more of	Iramatic	4 turned, seemed, had never needed		
4		5 falling, dawned, hadn't told		
1 f 2 c 3 e	4 b 5 d 6 a	6 was strolling, heard, had ever seen		
1, 20 30	70 30 00	7 became, could, was going to be 8 had explored, had never experienced, would never		
LISTENING		o mad explored, mad never experienced, would never		
5		6		
c		Student's own answers.		
· Onythe White Mills		VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 7		
6 1 E 2 J 3 E	4 J 5 J 6 E	The state of the second		
11 21 31	4,1,3,1,0,0	1 hit others are improvements in weather		
GRAMMAR Participle	clauses	1 hit, others are improvements in weather 2 freeze, others are nouns for weather		
1		3 extremist, others are things extremists do		
1 cutting down	5 invested	4 breed, others are parts of plants		
2 recycling	6 polluted	5 water, others describe plants		
3 reached	7 affected	2		
4 becoming	8 living	1 thunder 4 lift		
2		2 settle 5 spark		
1 going	4 living	3 lightning		
2 built	5 invested	3 Varianting better block of the state of th		
3 created Student's own answers.	6 visiting	1 over 5 dare		
Student's Own answers.		2 with 6 invaluable		
READING		3 was deemed 7 off 4 member 8 bravery		
3		4 member 8 bravery		
b		4		
		1 exaggeration 5 resumption		
16 24 45	F DIST	2 aging/ageing 6 subsidised 3 harassment 7 violation		
1 C 2 A 4 D	5 B	4 intimidation		
5				
1 D 3 B	5 D 7 C	LIMITO		
2 A 4 C	6 A 8 B	UNIT 8		
6		Vocabulary Crimes		
1 look	4 surrounded	1		
2 boasts 3 take	5 catch 6 provide	1 robberies 4 speeding, murder		
June	o provide	2 disappearance 5 bombings, riots		
UNDERSTANDING VOCA		3 fraud 6 raided, seized		
The different meaning	gs of words	1 2 was week		
1		1 missing wheather the lighter and properties of the properties of		
1 storms, stormy	5 planted, planting	1 had set fire 3 was killed		
2 stems, stems	6 seed, seeds	2 had just gone off 2		
3 floods, flooded	7 roots, root	1 got caught 3 was only doing		
4 to blossom, blossom		2 've gone		
DEVELOPING WRITING	A story – using the first line	3		
		1 found murdered 3 vanished		
2 1 when	5 later	2 came back 4		
2 before	6 Within seconds	1 'd never been broken into		
3 On this particular nigh		2 'd smashed		
4 While	8 just	3 hadn't stolen		
3		1 never comes back 2 'd been beaten		
1 fright 3 dear	th 5 fear	1 never comes back 3 'd been beaten 2 's found dead		
2 scared 4 pan	ic	6		
4		1 came up to 3 attacked		
1 f 2 d 3 c	4 e 5 b 6 a	2 'd grabbed		
		t		

#### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS** GRAMMAR Nouns and prepositional phrases Comments and questions 3 respect for 6 quality of 1 A: We had our car stolen last weekend. 3 need for 7 damage to B: What a shame! excuse for 8 involvement in 2 A: My dad has been a victim of identity theft. 5 risk B: Oh, you're joking! 3 A: We had to come back off holiday early because there were riots in the capital. 1 a with b for B: You must have been a bit scared. 2 a on bin 4 A: They closed the airport due to a bomb scare. 3 a for bof B: That's very dreadful! 4 a on bof 5 A: The band's singer was caught speeding on the motorway. 5 a for b with B: That's awful! 6 A: Some kids broke into the local sports centre. DEVELOPING WRITING B: Oh, not! An online forum – giving opinions 4 5 1 f 2 b 3 a b 4 h 6 e GRAMMAR 6 Showing degrees of certainty with modal verbs 1 to 6 to 2 being watched. 7 to 5 about 8 chance 1 can't 5 can't would 9 freedom 2 should have 6 been investigating 5 truth 10 done 3 must 7 might 7 4 be feeling 8 doing 1 nothing 5 role 2 Research 6 go on You must have been shocked by the robbery. 2 3 far case He might have been at the scene of the crime. 4 lack 8 drop 4 You should have protected all your personal information. 8 5 She can't be guilty of fraud. 6 She might not be living in this area anymore. 1 pro 5 pro There could have been a nasty accident. 2 anti 6 anti 8 The burglar couldn't have been more than 15 years old. 3 anti pro 4 anti 8 pro LISTENING 9 7 Student's own answers. a READING 1 3 t 5 t PRONUNCIATION Diphthongs 10 Shaun Greenhalgh 1 /00/ Shaun Greenhalgh's father, George 3 /au/ 2 /20/ expert from the British Museum 4 /ea/ Shaun Greenhalgh's father, George and his mother, Olive 11 Shaun Greenhalgh 1 know 6 Shaun Greenhalgh 3 sour 2 court 4 dreadful experts from the British Museum and auction house Christie's Vocabulary Crime and punishment 8 Shaun Greenhalgh 3 1 from good behaviour 4 only a small 1 conspiracy 5 forgeries good 5 are released from defraud 6 imprisonment 3 underwent 6 live 3 accomplished 7 enquiries 4 unassuming was released VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 8 2 was convicted of 3 launching an appeal got a one-thousand-euro burglary 5 robbery served 18 months of a two-year disappearance 6 suspiciously

fraudulent

4 addiction

7 appeal

8 rehabilitation

8 2 1 b 2 b 3 a 4 a 5 b 4 decline 1 cited correlation 5 accounted for 2 **PRONUNCIATION** Stress on abbreviations 6 literacy plunged 3 1 I think PE and RE. 2 f 5 b 6 e 1 d 3 c 4 a I'm not with Greg on ICT. 4 3 I would do away with PSHE. The house has been broken into three times in a year. 1 2 I don't think he should ever be let out of prison. **BBC British Broadcasting Company** 3 I couldn't believe I'd gone overdrawn by £500. UCLA (The) University of California, Los Angeles 4 Prisoners are locked in their cells 23 hours a day. ATM Automated Teller Machine 5 He was convicted of fraud earlier this year. VAT Value Added Tax **UN United Nations** FBI Federal Bureau of Investigation UNIT 9 IMF International Monetary Fund VOCABULARY Working life PC Political Correctness/Personal Computer SMS Short Message Service ISP Internet Service Provider got made redundant 've got the hang of everything 2 **GRAMMAR** Conditionals with past tenses 3 don't get a pay rise 4 're getting on-the-job training 1 5 haven't been promoted give up / didn't have to was made / wouldn't bother 'd get / pushed herself 3 7 d 3 f 4 h 5 c 2 e 6 a 1 g didn't work / might sign up 5 had / would lend **GRAMMAR** Conditionals with present tenses would make / were delegated / 'd get 1 If you haven't taken all your holiday by the end of the year, could drop / 'd choose you can't carry it over. 2 Staff get promotion if they have achieved all the goals 2 If I'd been good at music, I wouldn't have dropped it when outlined by their line manager. I was 14. 3 If employees are feeling demotivated, we give them If I'd worked for them for more than one year, I'd have got on-the-job training. some redundancy pay. 4 The reps get a bonus if they will reach their sales targets. 4 If my parents had had the opportunity, they would have 5 If you don't-miss a deadline, you lose ten per cent of your gone to university. 5 If I had been able to get a job in my field, I wouldn't be 6 Students get better results if they have control over their working in a factory. work. If the boss had helped her, she would have got the hang of the job quickly. 4 I wouldn't have got ill if I hadn't been working really long are you going, don't pass goes, 'll start 2 I would have taken up Spanish if my school had taught 3 don't get, 'll hand 4 fails, 'll have to modern languages. 5 can give, have READING 6 might look, don't get comes, 'll be made 3 8 should report, 's been bullying b **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS** 4 Feelings about the future 4 h 5 d 6 c 2 f 3 g 1 a 5 5 1 Probably not. 4 Definitely. applicants for the job 1 2 Definitely. 5 I'm bound to contract for the job cost in Australian dollars of marketing campaign 3 I doubt it. 4 finalists 5 countries the finalists are from Student's own answers 6 species of fish that live around the island LISTENING adventurous 7 articulate bright 2 b 3 a 1 c outgoing

7			Topy of				L	INIT 10			
1	e 2 f	3 c	4 d	5 a	6 b		V	Vocabulary Celebrating			
V	CABULARY	Present.	ations								
1 tell, overview, make 2 talk to, outlining, consider 3 summarise, reviewing, highlight 4 take, commenting, focus							2	1 get-together 7 went clubbing 2 bunch 8 rented a Karaoke booth 3 really up for 9 treat myself 4 a romantic dinner 10 a weekend break 5 posh 11 a big do 6 gone mad 12 throw me a surprise party			
2	b 2 d	3 a	4 c				G	RAMMAR The futu	re perfect		
3							2		a spontage s		
2	<ol> <li>What I'm going to try and do today is tell to you about the best ways to look after your collection. I'd like to begin by showing you a short video and then after that I'll move on to the main do's and don'ts.</li> <li>What I'm going to try and do today is summarise about the changes in sales patterns in our new markets. I'd like to begin by reviewing of the main trends and then after that I'll move on to make up some recommendations for future growth.</li> <li>What I'm going to try and do today is take a looking at the history of the car industry in the area. I'd like to begin by commenting on why this area has always been synonymous with cars, and then after that I'll move on to</li> </ol>					o begin by I'II move of ise about ets. I'd like in after that is for futur bking like to vays been nove on to	e 12200	1 'll have made 5 will have got 2 'll have become 6 'll have met 3 'll have got 7 won't have set 4 'll have found 8 should've been  3 Student's own answers.  DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS Arranging to meet			
DE	highlight on		tne mos	t success	stul mod	els.		Any chance we can in have got back from	make it the following week? We won't		
A	personal sta	tement	– varyi	ng sent	ence st	ructure		cash just now.	belong the second control of the second cont		
<b>4</b>							5	Could we make it so is still hurting after	mething a bit less strenuous? My wrist that accident.		
5		2			- 1	under	D	EVELOPING WRITING	A web page – do and dont's		
1	c 2 g	3 e	4 b	5 f	6 d	7 a	5		1000		
6	- 6		4 1-1-				С				
	c, f		4 b, h				6				
	d, i e, j		5 a, g				1	. shake	8 turns		
3	۲, ا							! Making	9 code		
7								uncomfortable	10 norms		
Stu	udent's own a	nswers.						unless	11 round		
1/0	SABIII ABV B		0					space initiate	12 be		
VC	CABULARY B	UILDER	Oniz a					awkward	13 assume 14 mind		
1							_ ′	avvkvaiu	14 minu		
	c 2 a	3 b	4 e	5 d			7				
-								Out and about			
2	J			10				The home front			
1	draining		4 rew					The art of conversati	ion		
	responsibility	y	5 nove					Out and about			
2	rest <b>less</b>		6 <b>re</b> st	ocking				Meet and greet			
3							6	Out and about			
1	misundersto	od	4 miss	uses			8				
2	misleading			behaves				smoke			
	misinformed							that you will chat du	uring the meal		
								taking a gift			
4	band	2 .						using your chopstick	ks correctly		
1	hand	2 role		3	way			to take off your shoe			
5								don't drink too much			
	hand	3 inte	rfere	5	stock						
	exploited	4 ranl			tray		9	1			
1000							St	udent's own answers.	eparlament te dument it		

		***					
V	OCABULARY Making	mistakes	4 went to waste 5 got a bit out o				
1			6 break it up	riand			
1	organising a surprise p	party	7 burst into tear	rs			
	sending a private emai		6				
	copying in everyone		1 g 3		7 f		
2	hurst out spring	3 purtureur foot in th	2 b 4	a 6 d	8 c		
2	burst out crying hadn't realised	3 put your foot in it	LISTENING				
3		ANSIN CAR DESIDENTIA	7				
	top politician turned up	3 dressed casually	hen do	children's par	rty		
4	turricu up		graduation party	retirement p			
	is due	3 made a stupid joke	wedding				
5	isn't actually pregnant		8		and england the		
	live on air	3 meant to be a joke	a 3 b 6	c 4 d 1 e	2 f 5		
2	didn't have a clue	4 didn't see the funny side	PRONUNCIATION	Linking vowel	to vowel		
RI	ADING		9	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF			
2			1 She_is, and I do	on't mean to sound	l horrible.	(/j/)	
a				s like to_organise a	n event or a	(/w/)	
3			function.  3 It means the p	arents have to go	along too.	(/w/)	
	t 3 f	5 f 7 t	4 Tell me_about	it!		(/j/)	
2		6 f 8 t	5 She's insisting on a fancy dress do and the whole				
4			family has to be there.  6 Now you're just winding me_up.				
	Maddie's father and me	other					
2	police Maddie's father and mo	other	VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 10				
	Maddie	other	1				
	gatecrashers		1 unfortunate 2 versatile	4 geologi 5 slippery			
	neighbours Maddie		3 awkward	3 suppery			
	police		2				
			1 resigned	4 caught	out		
u	RAMMAR Question to	182	2 at ease	5 frowner			
1	(compared to		3 on air	6 got out	of hand		
	haven't I shouldn't it	5 didn't they 6 doesn't he	3	4 10 1			
	aren't I	7 isn't she	1 slapped 2 moaning	4 publicis 5 impact	ed		
4	aren't you	8 have you	3 taken over	6 sympat	hy		
2			4				
2	The new CD wasn't wo We'll meet at 12.30, sha	rth it, was it?	1 bunch	5 burst			
		n playing very well, have they?	2 get 3 safe	6 charity			
5	The food isn't very tasty	y, is it?	4 end	7 break 8 sneak			
6	You couldn't close the v They didn't play well, di	vindow, could you?		The state of the s			
	Turn the light on, will yo		UNIT 11				
3				ablame when so	ation		
	hasn't she? 3 aren'	t you? 5 hasn't it?		oblems when re	nung		
2	can't you? 4 has s	있다면 있다면 하는데 # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	1 1 ture	r donosit	0 -1-1-		
Vo	CABULARY Taking ab	out parties	1 tyre 2 engine	5 deposit 6 rental	9 chain 10 gears		
4		Although and ballette and a second	3 leak	7 dents	11 brakes		
	dragged, left	3 chat, lost	4 safety	8 small print	12 insurance		
		4 burst, waste	DEVELOPING COM	NVERSATIONS			
5			Expressing surp				
1	throwing a surprise par	ty	2				
	spent a fortune setting up a marquee		2 At 2.30 in the n	morning? Isn't there	an earlier flight	?	
3	secting up a marquee	4	3 Six weeks? Isn't	t there another roo	m available soon	er?	

- 4 An extra €150? Why do we have to pay that?
- 5 160kph? Why was he going so fast?
- 6 An hour and a half? Can't he get here any quicker?

# **DEVELOPING WRITING** A story – using the last line

# 3

#### Five:

- a flat tyre
- Fitting the spare took over an hour.
- 3 He got filthy and had no time to stop and change.
- 4 He put petrol in a diesel car.
- 5 He got to the wedding in dirty jeans and a T-shirt. Putting petrol into a diesel car was his own fault.

When I set off I had no idea how difficult a simple trip would become. My best friend had asked me to be the best man and of course I'd said yes. I decided to hire a car to get to the wedding, as I wanted to be there nice and early. After checking I had my suit, the rings and my speech, I picked up the car. The journey through town was fine, but no sooner had I reached the motorway than things started to go wrong. Suddenly the car felt very bumpy. I pulled off the motorway and realised I'd got a flat tyre. Fitting the spare was a nightmare and took over an hour. I also got filthy but had no time to stop and change.

While I was trying to make up time, I suddenly realised I needed fuel. I stopped, filled up the tank, set off again but a few metres up the road the engine just stopped. I had put petrol in a diesel car. I couldn't believe how stupid I'd been. ifinally <u>hitched</u> a lift with a lorry driver and <u>got</u> to the wedding in dirty jeans and a T-shirt. I can safely say it was the worst

journey I've ever had.

# 5

- Not only did we catch the wrong train but we also left our 2 bags on the platform.
- 3 At no time did they explain that we had to return the car by midday.
- 4 Hardly had we set off than we ran out of petrol.
- 5 Little did we know how rough the crossing would be.
- 6 No sooner had I got to the check-in than I realised I'd left my passport at home.

# 6

- 1 get 4 miss lose 5 cancel 3 damage 6 turn up

Student's own answers.

# GRAMMAR Uncountable nouns

### 1

- 1 less furniture
- 2 more information
- great deal of experience
- 4 hardly any traffic
- 5 enough money
- 6 plenty of work

### 2

- 1 You've got hardly any luggage.
- There won't be much cheap accommodation left by now.
- 3 Have you had any information on the flight delays?
- 4 The agent gave us loads of advice before we left.
- 5 There hasn't been much progress up to now.
- 6 We had a bit of trouble finding our way here.

#### READING

technology or transport

2 b 3 a

# 5

1 Nico 4 Val Zoltan 5 Val 3 Richie 6 Val

u		
1	commute	4 grumpy
2	keeping	5 feedback
3	across	6 bearable

### VOCABULARY Driving

- overtake the car in front
- doing a hundred and fifty
- drives really close behind them
- go through a red light
- getting cut up by a car coming off the motorway

#### 2 1 d

# **GRAMMAR** Emphatic structures

- What's good is the fact that people are using the trains
- What really gets me annoyed is people speeding in residential areas.
- The thing that irritates me is the lacking of staff on the stations
- Flying everywhere is harmful to the environment.
- 5 What gets me is the amount of empty buses you see on the roads.
- The thing that annoys me about flying is the amount of hanging around.
- It's dangerous when people don't follow the rules of the road.
- What I hate is that people not moving their stuff off the seat on a train.

- It really irritates me when people use their horn for no 1 reason.
- It's much more tiring driving at night.
- 3 What I love about travelling around by train is the freedom.
- 4 What's encouraging is the number of people changing to public transport.
- What was totally unexpected was the fact that the airline gave us a refund.
- The thing that really annoyed me was that they didn't explain the delay.

# LISTENING

- Speaker 1 d
- Speaker 3 f
- Speaker 5 b
- Speaker 2 a
- Speaker 4 e

PF	RONUNCIATION Sa	me sound or different?	6				
6			1 am supposed to be visiting; shouldn't take				
	S 2 S 3 D	4 D 5 S 6 D	2 should feel;	am suppos	sed to be playir pposed to be g	ig oing	
W	SCARLU ARV RIVIRE	011	4 is supposed	to be givin	g; shouldn't be	omg	
V	CABULARY BUILDE	R QUIZ 11			0,		
1			LISTENING				
	fare, others are part pavement, others a		7	12			
	diesel, others are to		Kate: stressed, Sam: easy-goin				
		hing you do when driving		g, comiden	t, good full		
2			<b>8</b> 1 Sam	A Vata	STATE WAY	Vata	
1	c 2 a 3 e	4 b 5 d	2 Kate	4 Kate 5 Sam		7 Kate 8 Kate	
3			3 Kate	6 Sam		Sam	
	dented	5 flash	PRONUNCIATI	ON Inton	ation on aug	ction togs	
	appeal	6 pulled out		ON INCOM	ation on que	stion tags	
	rental restrictions	7 pavement	9 1 falling	A sistema	all mentals	· September of the same in	
			1 falling 2 falling	4 rising 5 fallin		rising Falling	
4	chain 2 b	ond 3 spots	3 rising	6 rising			
	2.0	3. 35003	VOCABULARY	Parts of t	he hady and	oppositions	
5	rental	4 independently		raits OI E	ne body and	operations	
	spiritual	5 mythical	1 lung	enlas	F 1-4	•	
	humanity	6 remarkable	2 skull	spine hip	5 big toes 6 elbow	fingers knee	
			3 brain	liver	7 kidneys		
U	NIT 12		4 <u>ribs</u>	wrists			
Vo	CABULARY Health	problems	2				
		, presiding	1 e 2 c	3 f	4 a 5 b	6 d	
1	suffer from 3 g	et 5 use	READING				
		ave got	3				
2			1 c 2 d	3 a	4 b		
	faint	4 high blood pressure	4	at at hinter	s selfanininger.		
	bump	5 bruises	2 t 3 t	6 t	8 t		
3	pin	6 scratches	5				
DE	VELOPING CONVER	SATIONS Passing on messages	1 nap		6 like a baby		
3			2 snore		5 lying		
1	Give, regards		3 night's sleep		7 awake	Lesson	
2	Give, tell		4 insomnia		8 amount of s	sieep	
	apologies, say Send, love		GRAMMAR D	eterminer	S		
5	Give, congratulation	ns	6				
	Tell her, take		1 another	3 This		many	
/	Say, we're thinking		2 Half	4 All	6	a	
4	a 2 h 2 -	10 50 61 75	7		30		
1	g 2 b 3 c	4 e 5 a 6 d 7 f	1 some, is 2 that, None o		4 another, nor	ne	
	AMMAR supposed out the future	d to be -ing and should for talking	3 other, some		5 any, both		
5			DEVELOPING V	WRITING A	letter – show	wing sympathy	
	I'm supposed to be I	having a check-up tomorrow but	8				
	I've got too much w	ork.	b				
2	I shouldn't to need t	now but it should <del>n't</del> be OK in a few days. to be in hospital for very long.	9				
4	She's supposed to b	e walking with crutches but she just					
	refuses.		makes a promis		6		
6	They're supposed to	ffects of the drugs <b>will</b> last a few days.  be launching a new flu treatment but	asks about futu offers help	ire treatmer			
	it's been delayed.	oc launching a new hu treatment but	onershelp		5		

Overesses summerable.				- 0			
expresses sympathy	1	(	JRAMN	IAR Pa	ast perfect	simple	and continuous
sends a message	8	4	1				
makes a joke	3			ave un	the course of	ter he h	ad been studying for only
asks how Erik is now	2		two	ears.	ine course ar	ici ne na	ad been studying for only
tells Erik about a gift	7		3 Befor	e he st	arted workin I for six mont	g in cate	ering, he had been
10			4 Ryth	e time	he set up bis	husines	s he had have weller to
1 ej 2 ai 3 d	dh 4 cf 5 bg		cater	ing for	five years.	busines	ss, he had been working in
11			5 By th	e time	he married L	ucy they	had already known each
Student's own answe			other	for eig	ht years.	acy, tricy	nad alleady known each
Stadent 3 Own answe			6 He se	t up hi	s own husine	ss ten v	ears after he had left
VOCABULARY BUILD	ER Ouiz 12		schoo	ol.		JJ cen y	cars arter ne mad lete
		12					
1		5					
1 stitch 3	gamble 5 plaster		1 hadn				
2 pin 4	transplant		2 had b	een			
2			3 hadn	t been	getting on		
	ndonondonos F - !- I		4 had s				
1 inconvenience 3 i 2 silence 4			5 had n	learly g	iven up		
2 31101100 4	negligence		6 had b	een livi	ng		
3			7 hadn'		44		
1 remove	4 recuperation		s nad c	ome ac	own with		
2 regaining	5 relief	D	EVELO	DING C	ONVERGATIO	ane Ch	owing uncortaint.
3 revealed			LVLLO	III C	DIVERSALIC	INS SIL	owing uncertainty
		6					
1 6		1	1 far		3 Appare	ntly	5 what
1 fumes	4 itchy	2	2 to		4 As		6 told
2 ligament 3 swell	5 panic						
3 SWEII	6 outsourced	LI	ISTENIA	IG			
5		7					
1 pain relief / medica	ation	a					
2 crutches		a					
3 put leg in plaster /	put a pin in it	8					
4 surgery / an operat	ion and the second second	W	as a tea	cher of	French 4		
a pita linii amee risse					ental campa	ign 6	
244		10	rganised	d a strik	e 2	*	
UNIT 13		di	d volun	tary wo	ork in Africa 3		
VOCABULARY Life-c	aanging events		tired 5				
TOCADOLARY LITE-CI	langing events	se	et up a v	vriting	group 7		
1		n.				1	
family life: a couple ge	tting together / splitting up, getting	PI	KONUN	CIATIO	N strong a	nd wea	aktorms
married, buying a hous	se, giving birth	9					
education and work: c	hanging careers, dropping out of college.		/ə/	/æ/			
being sacked, getting a	degree / Masters / PhD		/a/	/9/			
results of bad decision	s: being sent to prison, being sacked	12	/u:/	/ə/			
difficult events: seriou	s illness, being sacked		/3:/	/ə/			
2		5	/o/	/ə/			
1 a couple getting to	gether						
2 changing careers	gettiei	G	RAMM	AR be	always / co	nstantl	ly -ing, wish and would
3 buying a house							
4 serious illness		1	wich .	المانيسين			
5 being sacked		2	wish, wish, wish	would b	ina		
6 being sent to prisor			is cons				
7 getting a degree / N		4	wish, v	wouldn	yerring 't he		
8 dropping out of col			's alwa				
	and the state of t		wish, v				
3					y borrowing		
1 spread	5 been, knocked		wish, v		, borrowing		
2 rough, retrained	6 out		, ۷				
3 bribes, get	7 call	2					
4 labour			d		a	5 c	7 f
		2	g	4	h	6 b	8 e

READING			4	e in the second		
3			1 bad-tempered	5 counsellor		
a			2 upbringing 3 defensive	6 underlying 7 commuting		
			4 confrontation	7 commuting		
4	0-1-1 2.4.5		T commontation			
Facts – 1, 2	Opinions – 3, 4, 5					
5			UNIT 14			
1 b 2	c 3 a 4 c 5 a		VOCABULARY MO	nev problems		
6						
1 faded	3 of	5 went	1	C loop		
2 constant		5 fit	1 cash	6 loan 7 extend		
			2 gone 3 got	8 budget		
VOCABULA	RY Values and concepts		4 paying	9 borrow		
1			5 up	10 go		
1 courage	5 honesty		2			
2 integrity	6 justice		1 up	5 by		
3 responsi		TO SERVICE PROPERTY OF STREET	2 by	6 out		
4 love	8 compromis	e	3 on	7 into		
2			4 off	8 back		
1 a -	3 a the	5 a an	3			
ba	b -	b -	1 make good mon	nev		
2 a the	4 a a/the	6 a –	2 withdraw some			
b -	b -	b the	3 get into debt			
DEVELOPIN	G WRITING		4 take out a loan			
A descripti	on - using vivid languag	e	5 buy, on credit	Thirties I		
3			6 run out of mone	ey machine this is		
b			DEVELOPING CON	VERSATIONS		
0				offering explanations		
4				and thinks I		
1 incredibl			1 1 1 1	AL CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO		
2 demande 3 chattere				the wrong credit card. For. There must have been some kind of		
4 gulped	d 9 deafening 10 identical to		mix-up.	. Tot. There mase have been some kind of		
5 weary	11 enormous		2 A: I only need a s	short-term loan.		
6 endless	12 burst into t	ears	B: I'm very sorry. I'm afraid there's absolutely not nothing			
5			we can do.			
1 pride	5 pleasure			ng to get cash for 20 minutes.		
2 embarra			at the momer	y sorry. I'm afraid the system is down		
3 nerves	7 sadness		4 A: I was told I could withdraw all the money today.			
4 disappoi	ntment 8 laughing		B: I do apologise. I'll have a word with my manager about			
6			and see what I can do.			
Student's ov	vn answers.		5 A: I'd like to extend my overdraft.			
				orry. I'm afraid I'm not authorised for to		
VOCABULA	RY BUILDER QUIZ 13		make that de	customer taking so long?		
1				orry <del>about</del> . The computers are being very		
1 b 2	e 3d 4c 5a		slow today.	much about the computers are being very		
1000				ounds has gone missing from my account.		
1 (20)	out this discussion off till I'm	loss tired?	B: I do apologise	e. I'll <del>take</del> -look into the matter at once.		
	out this discussion <b>off</b> till I'm soft, he needs to stand <b>up</b> fo		GRAMMAR Passi	NAS		
	et <b>out</b> to make him angry, it		UKAMMAK PASSI	ACS THEY SEE IN THE SECURITY OF THE SECURITY O		
	wn! Try to step back instead		5			
	er you do, don't resort <b>to</b> pers			d credit rating but the debts were run		
			up <b>by</b> my girlfrie			
3 1 boundar	ies 5 valid			at my bank statement I couldn't believe		
2 handling			what <b>had</b> happe	ganised crime is currently launder <b>ed</b>		
3 courage			through online			
4 for	8 toast			being refused credit in a shop. It was so		
			embarrassing.			

5 I don't know why my loan application was turned down.	5 waste L, waste M				
6 correct	6 odds <b>M</b> , odds <b>L</b>				
7 All customer signatures have to <b>be</b> check <b>ed</b> before any	7 jackpot L, jackpot M				
cash is handed over.  8 correct	8 bets L, bet M				
Section and the section of the secti	DEVELOPING WRITING				
6	An online guide – giving information and advice				
1 is, made b 2 are, stored a					
	2 and 2				
3 be spent c 4 were, first seen b	1 a 2 e 3 d 4 b 5 c 6 f				
5 were used a, c	2				
6 was, recently introduced b	1 e 2 a 3 f 4 c 5 b 6 d				
7 were, launched c					
8 is destroyed b	<b>3</b>				
	1 is often included 5 to haggle				
LISTENING	2 included 6 give 3 fare 7 less				
7	3 fare 7 less 4 to 8 lower				
1 c 2 b 3 a 4 c 5 a	East amoint found the for the second suffer people and				
	4				
Pronunciation Silent letters	Student's own answers.				
8	Vocabulary builded Own 14				
1 I've been trying to pay for over half an hour.	VOCABULARY BUILDER QUIZ 14				
2 Did Eric tell you he'd applied for a mortgage?	1				
3 He's already up to his eyes in debt.	1 stable, others verbs of movement				
4 They paid the whole lot off.	2 sentence, the others are verbs to do with money				
5 Come on, support our campaign.	3 branch, others to do with money				
6 I was about to go out and buy some champagne.	4 mortgage, others to do with gambling				
7 I was looking at the wrong ticket.	2				
8 I went straight to the bank to sort it out.	1 hacked 4 claim				
GRAMMAR Wish	2 suspicious 5 withdrawal				
GRAMMAR WIST	3 transaction				
1	3 Participant Present of Landing Committee Com				
1 c 3 a 5 b 7 d					
2 g 4 f 6 h 8 e	1 vanished 4 peered 2 ushered 5 chuckle				
2	3 concealed 6 dissuade				
2 I wish I'd never taken it out.					
3 I wish I had better job.	4				
4 I wish I didn't have to go to see my bank manager about	1 <b>b</b> ranches. 4 <b>g</b> amble				
my overdraft.	2 cram <b>m</b> ed 5 odd <b>s</b> 3 sparkling				
5 I wish we could have sold it two months earlier.	2 Sharking				
6 I wish we could afford something bigger.	5				
7 I wish my parents would be a bit more understanding about my spending.	1 flow 4 point				
8 I wish my flatmate wouldn't chat for so long.	2 out 5 draft				
and the state of t	3 down				
READING					
3	UNIT 15				
	Vocabulary Food and cooking				
4 Consequent of the same and a second of the same as	1				
1 t 2 f 3 t 4 f 5 f 6 t	1 fennel 4 radish				
5	2 pumpkin 5 raisins				
1 currency 5 worth	3 basil 6 eel				
2 voucher 6 economic	2				
3 bank notes 7 stable					
4 counterfeiting	(Sample answers given in brackets)  1 chickpeas (lentils, kidney beans)				
UNDERSTANDING VOCABULARY Metanhar	2 almonds, peaches, coconut, grapefruit (plums, cherries)				
Understanding Vocabulary Metaphor	3 trout (cod, eel)				
1	4 courgette, parsley (celery, red pepper)				
1 gambles <b>M</b> , gambling <b>L</b>	5 chocolate (cake, biscuits)				
2 stake L, stake M					
3 lottery M, lottery L	3 1 steam 3 Sprinkle 5 crush 7 Chop				
4 earned <b>M</b> , earn <b>L</b>	1 steam 3 Sprinkle 5 crush 7 Chop 2 blend 4 peel 6 Soak				
	O SOAK				

### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS** Vague language

#### 4

- 1 A: What's that smell? It's **kind of** sweet and spicy at the same time.
  - B: It's a spiced fruit punch. It should be ready in ten minutes or so.
- 2 A: I'm not that hungry so just a small**ish** portion for me, please.
  - B: Sure. It's a **sort of** light stew anyway so it shouldn't be that filling.
- 3 A: I love Thai cooking. All those hot and citrusy flavours. B: Mm. It's OK if it's mildish but I can't stand too much chilli.
- 4 A: What's 'mizuna'? Is it sort of like spinach?
- B: Not really. It's a Japanese vegetable with a mild mustardy flavour.
- 5 A: I saw this biggish fruit in the market just now. I think it was called a 'pomelo'.
  - B: Oh, I know. It's **like** a grapefruit but with much thicker
- 6 A: How much sugar do I need to add?
- B: The fruit is sharp so I'd say roughly double the amount of berries.
- 7 A: How's your salad?
- B: Very soggy. They must have used **about** a litre of dressing on it

4 in case

9 during

10 although

# GRAMMAR Linking words

### 5 1 Despite

2	until	5	Otherwis
3	Once	6	Provided
6			
1	once	6	However
2	SO	7	unless

### 3 if 4 then 5 for

### LISTENING

### 7

rea food hell
tea food hell
tea food hell
tea food hell
tea food hell
garlic food hell
garlic food hell

curry and rice food heaven

meatballs and spaghetti food heaven

#### 8

1, 2, 4, 6, 7

# PRONUNCIATION Connected speech

### 9

- 2 So\_l'd <u>have</u> to <u>say</u> the <u>good\_old\_American burger\_and</u> fries.
- 3 My <u>children</u> just <u>think</u> <u>l'm\_old-fashioned</u>, but <u>it's not</u> for me.
- 4 I got the <u>taste</u> for <u>spicy food</u> when I was in the <u>army</u>.
- 5 My favourite thing is meatballs and spaghetti in tomato sauce.
- 6 That's it from me and the people here in Brighton.

### VOCABULARY Prefixes

1				
1 ex	5	multi	9	dis
2 su	iper 6	out	10	mis
3 re	7	pro	11	semi
4 pr	e 8	over	12	non
2				
1 ov	ver 3	non	5	super
2 re	4	mis	6	multi

#### READING

# 3

-			
1	the least appetising	4	the least accessible
2	the most dangerous	5	the most valuable
	the hottest		

8 A

# 2

C

2	D	4 B		6 A	
5					
1	poisonous		4	spiciness	
2	anneticing		5	scarcity	

# 2 appetising 5 scarcity 3 valuable 6 specialist

### VOCABULARY Food in the news

# 1

-			
1	fast food advertising	4	food waste
2	food shortages	5	food production

3 food fraud

#### 2

- 1 tackle rising rates of obesity 2 cut farming subsidies
- 3 abandon weekly supermarket visits
- 4 uncover illegal activity 5 prevent widespread hunger
- 6 prohibit commercial sponsorship

### **GRAMMAR** Patterns after reporting verbs

#### 3

,			
1	to give	5	on adding
2	all our friends	6	trying
3	to get	7	of stealing
4	to eating	8	to divide

#### 4

- 1 Jane denied burning the burgers.
- 2 Mum advised me to send the food back.
- 3 Ellie suggested we order the set menu to be delivered.
- 4 Dad promised not to forget to take it out of the oven.
- 5 The managing director denied using any products that had been genetically altered.
- 6 Mark reminded me to ask Meena about her secret ingredient.
- 7 Lili apologised for not making it on Saturday.
- 8 The health minister threatened to close all the affected premises.

_							
1	e	3	C	5	f	7	g
2	b	4		6	d	8	ga

# **DEVELOPING WRITING** An anecdote – a food experience

#### 1 trying 6 chew 2 prepare 7 cough 3 put 8 spitting 4 hit 9 took 5 brought 10 fade

7		
1	sinking	positive
2	undercooked	negative
3	smothered	positive
4	smeared	negative
5	mouthful	negative
6	succulent	positive
7	crave	positive
8	wrong	negative

Student's own answers.

#### VOCABULARY BUILDER OUIZ 15

	-			200	-	Per			
<b>1</b>	d	2	С	3	a	4	e	5	t
2	dis trans un						in out		
2	lid su <b>b</b> tl ju <b>d</b> ge		ent			5	chuc clash fan <b>c</b> y	ies	
	squee tackle						bid soak	ed	
	flicke						publi alert	city	,

### UNIT 16

3 exclusive

### Vocabulary Reasons for phoning

-			
1	arrange / time	6	let / make
2	check / stock levels	7	see / taking
3	pass on / thanks	8	confirm / booking
4	remind / appointment	9	apologise / mix-up
	chase up / payment		enquire / options

### **DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS**

Using would to show formality

# 2

- 1 If you wouldn't mind, I'd rather give it a miss.
- 2 Would you mind spelling your surname?
- 3 Would you be able to make 3.30 tomorrow at all?
- 4 Would you happen to have the figures with you?
- 5 I was wondering if you'd like to come to dinner? 6 Any time would suit me.
- 7 Would it be possible to email me directions to your office?

# **GRAMMAR** The future continuous

_	
1	won't make / 'll be working
2	'll be travelling / won't be
	'll be finishing / 'll deal
4	going to be taking / 'll send
	won't manage / 'll be finalising

4		
1	Will you be seeing the new recruits later?	d
2	If you'll be popping down to the canteen later	e
3	As you won't be coming to the dinner,	b
4	When will you be leaving for the conference?	f
5	If you won't be using the pool car today,	C
6	Will you be doing any photocopying later?	a

### **DEVELOPING WRITING** An email – chasing an order

•			
1	placed	7	Despite
2	in		over
3	in order to	9	debited
4	due	10	in
-	me	11	would
6	despatched	12	receipt

- I am writing to enquire about an order
- 2 the operator assured me that the package had been despatched and would be with me within 48 hours.
- 3 Despite repeated calls
- 4 As both the price of the item and the delivery charges have been paid in full
- 5 I would be grateful if you could look into the delay and make sure the watch is delivered to me within 48 hours.
- 6 Please acknowledge receipt of this message. I can be contacted at the above email address.

- 1 an order I placed online on 14/9/09 Order number: D61290X
- Marcus Linnemann
- 3 I can be contacted at the above email address.
- 4 the item in question is a watch priced £69.99
- 5 I paid £12.00 for special delivery in order to receive the watch the following day.
- 6 debited to the sum of £81.99
- look into the delay and make sure the watch is delivered to me within 48 hours.

Student's own answers.

### VOCABULARY Building up a business

1	floated, stock	6	break even
2	taken, rival	7	having, turnover
3	set up, company		making, profit
4	raise, capital		plough, business
5	run, loss		face, competition

#### READING

<b>3</b> 1 f 2 t	3 t 4 f	5 t 6 f	7 t 8 f
2 Levi's fa	randmother amily the Dragon's	4 Levi 5 Sainsbury 6 a fan	's or another outlet
5 1 pitch 2 brand 3 entrepr 4 inspirat	tion	5 budding 6 struck 7 passion 8 marketing	
	R Expressin	g necessity a	nd ability
2 It will be a When of 4 This new from vi 5 It's unfar notice. 6 Why word 7 What do time? 8 Sadly will be a wasn't 3 are not 4 not bein 5 will be a 6 has ma 7 Don't let	e great not to do you think you wo software wi ruses. air to force people of the peopl	ou'll be able to ll enable us to ople to take red rord let me acceptable you to red to make sor	ute to work every day. finish the report? protect the system luced hours at short
VOCABULA	ARY Busines	s collocation	S
1 up 2 up 3 to 4 out of 5 up	6 in 7 wit 8 up 9 up 10 ove	h :	11 out of 12 into 13 out into
<b>4</b> 1 e 2	f 3 c	4 b 5 d	6 a
2 exploit 3 launch 4 develop 6 fulfil on 7 improve 8 boost s 9 expand	ders e sales and ma ales the business controlling sta	narket narket the prod	
LISTERING	or mr un		

Speaker 4 d

Speaker 5 e

# PRONUNCIATION Sounds that aren't pronounced

Τ.	two	4	two	7	four
2	four	5	two	8	two
3	two	6	two	9	two

	up	3	up			5	across
2	on	4	ОП		Printing addressed		
1	instability			4	security		
3	ambiguity bureaucracy			5	opportun	ity	

3		
1 force	3 sight	5 net
2 due	4 turn	
4		
1 gap	3 network	5 generated
1 gap 2 plunged	4 merge	0

5			
1	remarkable	4	flooded
2	prospective	5	fulfill
3	overwhelmingly		

Speaker 1 b

Speaker 2 f

Speaker 3 a

CD1		
TRACK	ITEM	
1	titles	-
2	111100	1
3		2
4	1000000	3
5	1.1	4
6		5
7		6
8	1.2	
9	2.1	
10	2.2	
11	2.4	Speaker 1
12		Speaker 2
13	3.1	Speaker 3
14	2.1	Speaker 4
15		
16	2.2	Speaker 5
17	3.2 4.1	
18		
	4.2	
19	5.1	
20	5.2	
21	-	1
22	6.1	2
23		3
24	6.2	
25	6.3	
26	7.1	
27	7.2	
28	8.1	Part 1
29		Part 2
30	8.2	
31	8.3	
32	9.1	
33	9.2	
34	9.3	
35	10.1	
36	10.2	
37	10.3	
38		Speaker 1
39		Speaker 2
40	11.1	Speaker 3
41		Speaker 4
42		Speaker 5
43	11.2	
44	12.1	
45	12.2	
46	13.1	
47	13.2	
48		1
49		2
50	14.1	3
51	STREET, STREET	4
21		4

CD1		
TRACK	ITEM	
53	14.2	
54	15.1	
55	15.2	
56		Speaker 1
57		Speaker 2
58	16.1	Speaker 3
59		Speaker 4
60		Speaker 5
61	16.2	

